FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

Subject: HISS/CHAMBERS

File Number: 65 - 14920

Section: Bulky-Add. Release of Ny - WFO - Phila.

Part 1 of 5



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NOTICE

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Handwritten mote by A.G. Higher - Is this man now employed at the State Dept. If so, what do we have on him? TCC 11-29-45

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

Hovember 25, 1945 PERSONAL AND COMPIDENTIAL

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EXOMALDUM FOR THE ATTURNET CHILERAL

In connection with this Bureau's investigation of Soviet espionage activity, it has been reported that Alger Miss, 3210 P street, s. W., Washington, D. C., phone, Michigan OSII, has been street, s. W., Washington, D. C., phone, Michigan OSII, has been engaged in espionage for the Soviet Secret Intelligence (MKVD).

I recommend authorization of a technical surveillance on filse to determine the extent of his activities on behalf of the soviets and for the additional purpose of identifying espionage soviets and for the additional purpose of identifying espionage.

Respectably

Respe

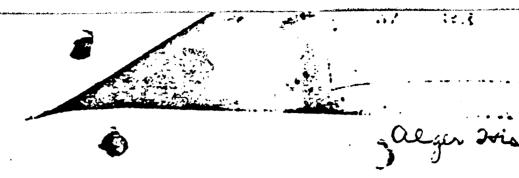
101-2668-15, A memo dated March 18, 1964, to the Attorney General with enclosure of 2 summary reports, one of which is Alger Hiss and a third party who is not a principal in the Hiss investigation. There is no reference to Alger Hiss in this summary and it is being denied under (b) (7) (C) and not pertinent.

The excision that appears on memo dated

11-30-45 was classified pursuant to Executive Order

11652 and exempt from automatic declassification.

The excision was denied under (b) (1) which was upheld by
the Departmental Review Committee as presented.



#3

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

March 16, 1946

John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

RECORDANTIZATION OF STATE DEPRETARET

Pursuant to the request of Miss O'Donnell of your office, there are attached additional copies of the memoranda concerning and Alger and Alger 1945.

Inclosure

101-266814 changed to 107-266815 65-56402-84

JAN 9 1955 LG

0 3 4 (4) Howard 4 (4)

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Movember 30, 1945

MEMORANIUM FOR THE ATTOENEY GENERAL.

Re: ,ALCER HISS

Reference is made to the note attached to my original recommendation for authorization of a technical surveillance on Alger Hiss in Eashington, D. C., for the purpose of determining the extent of his activities on behalf of the Soviets and for the additional purpose of identifying aspionage agents.

You asked, "Is this man now employed at the State Dept. If so, what do we have on him?"

Alger Hiss has been employed at the State Department but is now engaged in activity on behalf of the United Nations Organization.



Wr. Whittaker Chambers, now an editor of "Time Magazine," has advised this Bureau that when he was engaged in Communist underground work for the Soviet NKVD in Washington during the early thirties, Alger Hiss originally employed by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration and subsequently by the Department of State, was a member of the underground Communist espionage group which included Charles Eramer and John Abt.

Elizabeth Terrill Bentley has during this month, advised the Burean that she was the principal contact between the Soviets and the Communist underground espionage groups in Washington, D. C., one of which groups was identical with the one reported to the Bureau by Whittaker Chambers. In connection with the activities of the members of this group, she stated that Riss in the State Repartment had taken two or three of the members of the group with which John Abt and Charles Kramer were connected and turned them over for direct control by the Soviet representatives in this country.

The information furnished generally by Chambers and by the Bentley woman has proved accurate under investigation, consequently, I wish to renew my recommendation for a technical surveillance on Hiss.

Respectfully,

John Edgar Hooves Director

8 JAN 2 1955

HN EDGAR HOOVER



de con

Communitat Party U.S.A.

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

Washington, D. C.

March 25, 1946

308 93 HAR

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

I'r. Alger Hiss of the State Department called at the Federal Bureau of Investigation on March 25th, at which time he was interviewed by Bureau officials at his request. He was not questioned in detail with reference to the information available relative to his connection with the Communist Party but was asked to furnish any information which he felt pertinent and from which it was possible that his name had been associated with the Communist Party or any other similar subversive group. I am attaching hereto a copy of the memorandum prepared setting forth the results of this interview.

Respectfully,

John Edgar Hoover Director

101-2668-20

51-16-67 DITA' TMEDT OF JOSE M. MAR 23 1948 M.

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BUY ADNIS

Attachment

19.10 STUN

preserved the Albertisc was interviewed at his request at the Federal pureserof Investigation on Narch 25, 1965, at 2:30 for No, at which time to furnished the following injuriations

Hencroble Jones T. Byrnes, Lecretory of State, spake to Hist reparting the report of two separate constitues for the Mill's ich had listed persons below ing to subserving groups and both had listed Hist. It was like the recollection that the two constities wight possibly have been the House Constitues on Themserians Activities and a Subconstitue of the House Military Affairs Constitues. He stated that its lyraes indicated that one of these consistees had working for it a former Agent of the File.

At that time ir. Syrner acked like about possible wemberedly in the Sational Laryers Suild and about his association with Lee Grees and like stands that he told ir. Syrnes that he used to know Pressum very well but had had no contacts with him recently. It also mentioned to y ir. Syrnes that he had seen interviewed several years and by a representative of the FUI with repart to allo ed membership in subversive organizations. Ir. Syrses accuracy lies that he had socueved this material the Attorney General and with the Streeter of the Inia.

When stated that her inverse was a clausing of his et karword has bedood and had served on the larvard Law Levieu with him. After production, lies had seen little of Presence until they both were employed by the Department of Apriculture. Jerone rank had selected like for employment in the Department of Apriculture either because of a recommendation by Presence or by felt. Frankfurter, who was a former law professor of like. Luring the time that Presence and like were employed by the Repartment of Apriculture, they were very close, but after Freezence left to go with the CIO, Nice sawpractically mothing of him.

adviced that he was not much of a joiner but could have been on the mailing lists of organizations of various kinds, but he was unable to say whether this was a fact. He does recall that for a period of five or six months prior to his employment with the Tepartment of Agriculture, he was a member of the International Juridical Association, which he characterised as a small proup interested in labor law. Hiss denied that he was ever a member of the Tashington Countities for Ismo-cratic Action and did not believe that his wife was ever a member. He was of the impression that his wife oould have been a member of the League of Hamen Thoppers because he thought that some of her friends had been newbere of that organization. The also could passibly have belonged to some procery cooperative in Georgetown. Other than these two

51-16-67-

erganizations, he was unable to so; to that groups his wife, Priscilla Fancer Holson Hiss, could have belonged, although he did recall that his mother, Kro. Mary Hiss, who resided in Saltimore, wrote him several years ago stating she had joined some group, the mame not recalled by him at this time.

Tith reference to specific instances which have occurred to Bies as possibly proupting reports about him, he mentioned the following:

International Organization, he was advised of a report received by the IEI that two individuals connected with a Spanish Refusee Aid organization, name not recalled, who had called on Rics officially, had reported back to their organization that Rice had advised them on certain matters. His stated he checked his records and found that Freda Kirchway had sent two people, one of whom was a local lawyer, who had a resolution reparding Franco, to Rice' office to find out certain procedural matters. His stated that he advised these two individuals that he coulan't handle the natter and emplained to them the procedural limitations of the secretariat of the UNCIO. Their resolution reparaing franco was later introduced by the Festican dovernment representatives, to the best tof his recollection.

Another instance which came to his wind was told him by his former chief in the state securinent, stanley Fornneck, who is now the manuscader to the Setherlands. At the time Hist first came into Hernbeck's office, Hornbeck told him that someone, name unknown to Hiss, had stated that Hiss was "a red". Hise stated that Hornbeck paid no lattention to this report.

Luring the past year and a half or two years, since the lumbarton Daks Conference, many employees of the State Repartment have made epeches to various groups at the instructions of their superiors in the State Department. One of the individuals making such speeches has been Nice. To his knowledge there have been accusations that State Department representatives have been "whitewashing the Russians". Hiss thinks there may have been some such allegations regarding him.

In July, 1845, according to Fice, a friend connected with Reader's Digest adviced him that Isaac Ion Levine had written an article claiming that at the Jalta Conference, Fice had persuaded the late. President Rosevelt to agree to the admission of the Ukrains and Byelo-russia to the United Fations at a meeting where Rosevelt, Hiss and Stalin were present. Hiss said that this was a fabrication because he had never met with Rossevelt and Stalin alone, and besides he does not speak the Russian language.

Riss stated that Mr. Tyrnes had mentioned William F. Stone, mow in the Department of State, as another incividual whose name was mentioned by the two House Cormittees. His adviced he had known Stone for a long time but knew of no Commist Party connections on the part of Lione. Is did recall, however, that for a year or two he had been associated with hime, then a representative of the Foreign Policy Association, in a suppor club headed by a Mrs. Hoorehead, also with the foreign is livy Association, who lives on k Street in Washington, D. C., and which consisted of representatives from various government departments who met once or twice a nonth and heard various government departments who met once or twice a nonth and heard various government in this supper club and possibly Mordecal Erebiel represented the Department of Agriculture. He recalls that there was someone from the Individuals with whom he met during this two-year period. The meetings, Department of Agriculture Dutiding.

Fiss was questioned specifically whether he was at this time or had at any time in the past been a member of the Communist Party and he emphatically stated he had not. He was asked specifically whether he had any suspeciation with the Communist Party at any time in the past and he denied any such contact or association. He was asked specifically whether he had any friends whom he knew to be members of the Communist Party and advised that he knew of no friends who were members of this Farty. However, he had heard many people say that Lie Pressman was either a Party Hember or followed the Party Line, but he lies did not know this to be a fact.

Wr. Hiss was specifically asked whether he had any association with any person or persons who might be members of any subversive organizations which association might have caused the belief to exist that he likewise was a member of any such subversive organization, and he stated that he knew of no association on his part with any persons which would lead to this conclusion.



Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Iustice Mashington, D. C.

May 31, 1946

Part July

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

You will recall that on Monday evening,
May 27th, I advised you of a request received by
me from the Clerk of the Senate Appropriations
Committee to appear before that Committee in the
near future and to bring with me the Bureau files
relating to Alger Hiss, George Michanowsky and
Gustavo Duran. At that time you advised me that
you had talked to Senator McKellar previously about
this matter and that, in view of Senator McKellar's
illness, you would see Senator McCarran and straighten
the situation out.

I assume you have contacted Senator UcCarran, and I will not take any further action with reference to this situation unless you advise me to the contrary.

Respectfully,

Wohn Edgar Hoover
Director

161-2668-23

JAN 2 1955



The subject was born Aurust 6, 1907 at leads England
was a turalized at mashington, D. C. on Sevener 1,
The subject is reported to be residing in England

Elbversive Packground:

Thisabeth Sentler Mentilied the arbient to the Sente Internal Security Subcommittee as one who gave information to the Saviet Covernment. He was employed by the Treasury Dearth and was professor at Grand Priversity. He was been a member

inition from Auras re leed to testify regarding the sure; as a leed to testify regarding the sure; as a leed to testify regarding the sure; as a leed to the silvernister group. Whittaker therefore stated that the state the subject give a really securation.

The same Department aligner to the Commist Party of the security securation. emist Party - Hiseboth

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mable to identify

Assistant Attorney General T. Vincent Quinn

TO : Criminal Division

DATE: March 12, 1948

FROM

Director, FBI

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

SUBJECT:

GREGORY CASE (SOLOMON ADLER)

Reference is made to your conversation with Assistant Director D. M. Ladd of this Bureau on March 4, 1948, at which time you advised that Mr. Foley of the Treasury Department had referred to information furnished by Whittaker Chambers in the Gregory case concerning Solomon Adler. Mr. Foley wanted to know whether Chambers could be made available to the Treasury Department to testify at a loyalty hearing. You will recall that Mr. Ladd informed you that it would be necessary for the Bureau to contact Chambers to determine if he would be willing to testify.

Whittaker Chambers was interviewed in New York City and he stated that he had never seen Solomon Adler and knew the latter only as "Adler of the Treasury Department." While Chambers was in the Washington Communist Party Underground and while in a conversation with J. Peters, his Soviet contact, Peters told him that one Adler of the Treasury Department was supplying him (Peters) with weekly summaries of information that Adler obtained through his employment with the Treasury Department. Chambers at that time was unable to determine what use the Communist Party would have for information of this kind and was of the opinion that probably the Party was using this information for stock market activities.

On specific questioning Chambers stated that he had no factual knowledge indicating that Adler was in fact a member of the Communist Party, but stated that in view of the fact that Adler was furnishing an individual such as Peters with information, he must have been a Communist Party member.

Chambers volunteered that he did not know whether his information concerning Adler would be of any value. However, he did state that if it was deemed necessary, he would appear before a Loyalty Hearing Board and testify as set forth above.

The foregoing is being made available to you in the event you desire to make it available to Mr. Foley.

65.56402-3145

JUN 3 1949

BOARD OF STOCKES

G. W.T.

Ci

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Assistant attorney General T. Vincent Quinn

DATE: April 3, 1948

DIRECTOR, FBI

RECEIVED

SUBJECT: _ SOLOTION ADIER

Treasury Department

APR 7 1948

LOYALTY OF GOVERNITH EMPLOYEES

CRIMINAL DIVISION

Reference is made to the attached memorandum dated March 19, 1948, at New York City, reflecting the results of an interview with Mr. Whittaker Chambers, Senior Editor, Time Magazine, by Mr. Harney and Mr. Spingarn of the Treesury Department, which you made available to Mr. D. M. Ladd of this Bureau on March 23, 1948.

It is noted hr. Foley of the Treasury Department has indicated to you that that department is desirous of interviewing J. Peters, Helson Frank, and Louis Budenz, mentioned in the attachment as persons who may know of Adler's activities, to ascertain what they may know regarding such activities, as well as to determine whether they would be willing to appear as witnesses before a Loyalty Hearing Board of the Treasury Department.

As you are aware, Adler is one of the principal subjects in the Gregory Case. A Loyalty investigation of Adler has not been conducted by this Bureau, pending the outcome of the presentation of the facts in this case to a Grand Jury in the Eastern District of New York.

From the available information, it appears that the Treasury Department proposes to take action against Adler under the Loyalty Program. In view of this, it is suggested that you may wish to advise the Treasury Department that since the FBI has been given exclusive jurisdiction ever this Program, the Bureau is interviewing lessrs. Frank and Budenz to ascertain what they may know concerning Adler's activities and also to determine if they would appear as witnesses before the Treasury Loyalty Hearing Board.

This Bureau will not endeavor to interview J. Reters, because, as you know, he recently was taken into custody in connection with deportation charges.

The results of the interviews with Kessrs. Frank and Budenz will be made available to you immediately upon their receipt, for referral to Er. Foley of the Treasury Department.

121-4089-5-

See Reference 121-4089-9:

From the Dir, FBI 1/81 AHY FEN. Office.

This document was processed in view of the fact that a check of the index to our Central Records revealed a "see reference" concerning Whittaker Chambers. All reference pertinent to the request was released in this see reference.

Subsection (b) (7) (C) of the POLA was used to withhold the name or names of the third parties which were mentioned in the released data and were not intimately involved with the Hiss/Chambers perjury investigation. The release of these names might lead to the assumption that the PBI has an investigation on these parties. Therefore, the release of these names would be an unwarranted invasion of their privacy.

The data not released in this see reference concerns an investigation of a third party, and therefore is of a non-partinent nature to the request.

rr 121-1005



Summerlet instr Connections

Mann, New York City, envised he sever estually set the employee but that while he, Charles of who in the measuration, D. C. Commist Perty underground, J. Planto told him that SCHOLIN Ablah, of the Treasury Department, was supplying him, Parlied, with worldy summeries of information which ablied had obtained through his employment with the Treasury Department. Charles believed Farlied to have been the best of the Underground Section of the Commist Perty in the United states. Charles stated further that he could not advise as to was use the Commist Perty would have for information of this kind but expressed the epinion that probably the Commist Perty had used the sens for stock market estivities. Charles stated he had no factual knowledge as to Allie setually being a Commist Party penior, but advised that in view of the fact Allie was furnishing an individual like Fallico with information, he, Charles in inferred Allie must have been a Commist Party member.

It is to be noted that CHAULES was a former member of the Gomeniat Farty and former editor of the "inity Forker", an East Const Communicat Farty summapaper. . In. CHALLESS stated he would be willing to appear before a Loyalty board but he did not demire to furnish a signed statement.

It is to be noted that MATTHERS Was interviewed by efficials of the U. S. Treasury Department on March 19, 1948 in connection with instant investigation, at which time Charles formished substantially the same information as set forth above.

J. PITICE, mentioned by GENERIES as above reported, is also known as ALUMNET, STRUCT, and his true name is reported to be COLUMNET OF CHILDENIES. Le is a Communist Party functionary in New York City.

82

Inventory Workshoot FD-603 (2-18-77)

Pile No: Canto.

Ro: Nos Referrals

Date: _____ (month/year)

		Description	No. of	Pages	Exemptions used or, to whom referred
Serial	Date	(Type of communication, to, from)	Actual	Released	(Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
74- 1 <u>333-9</u>	9/21/48	Mamo to ALTY GEN	/		
74,733-89	12/9/48	Mimo to AHYGEN	/		
1333-968	14,3/48	Mamo to AHYGEN	5	5-	
14-1332266	14/4/48	Mama to AHY GEN	2	2	
14-133-76	2/15/49	Mamo to AHYGEN	2	2_	
74-1233-416	12/16/48	Mina to Peyton Ford	2	2	
74 1333-90	12/16/48	Mans to AHYGEN	1	1	
0133-314	12/24/48	Mamo to AHYGEN	2	2	
74- 13 <u>33-417</u>	12/27/48	LHM & AHYGEN	/		
74-1333-613	12/9/48	Memo to AHY GEN	/	/	
74- 1333-523	12/0/48	LHM to AHYGEN	11	/	
74- 1333574	12/30/48	LHM to AHY GEN	1	/	F91/00J

Attorney General

September 21, 1948:

Director, FBE:

ALGER HISS

I thought you might be interested in the following information which was recently furnished to an agent of this Bureau by Colonel H. B. Hayden, formerly Maine State Director of Selective Service and who is presently employed as a Loan Guaranty Officer for the State of Maine at Augusta, Maine.

Hayden advised that on September 3, 1948 he attended a dinner and cocktail party at the Deer Isle, Maine, summer home of Frederick Hitz, an attorney in the U. S. Department of Justice at Advisor home of Frederick Hitz, an attorney in the Section of September 21, 1948 he attended a dinner and cocktail party at the Deer Isle, Maine, summer home of Frederick Hitz, an attorney in the

Hayden advised that on September 3, 1948 he attended a dinner and cocktail party at the Deer Isle, Maine, summer home of Frederick Hitz, an attorney in the U.S. Department of Justice at Tashington, D.C. According to Hayden, Hitz was intoxicated at this party and during the evening made a statement that the Washington Las firm of Covington, Gordon and Acheson had offered his brother, William Hits, \$25,000 to leave the Justice Department and defend Alger Hiss. Hayden stated that the reason for this offer was to ald respectability in the defense of Hiss, because of Hitz influential connections. Colonel Hayden described Dean Acheson of the above las firm as a "pro Russian friend of Alger Hiss."

In furnishing the above information, Eayden stated that he believed this information should be made available to the Justice Department and to the House Committee on Un-American Activities. He requested that his name remain confidential insofar as possible but stated that he would be willing to testify to the above if necessary.

Colonel Hayden further advised that the following persons were present when the above statement was made by Frederick Hitz: Dr. and Mrs. Kauffman of Deer Isle, Maine; Dr. and Mrs. Harrison of Dover, Maryland; Mrs. Frederick Hitz; and an attorney named Quinlan of Washington, D. C.

FILED 87LD 0: 0CT 15 1953 20 OCT 13.1953

74-1333-9

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

To: The Attorney General December 193

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

DEC 3

SUBJECT:

. JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS

PERJURY ESPIONAGE - R

Director, FBI

Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated December 8, 1948, which advised that the House Un-American Activities Committee would make available the documents in their possession and that copies of them would be made for the Department.

On the afternoon of December 8, 1943, when Agents of this Bureau contacted Congressman Mundt, the Congressman advised that the only copy of the documents available was presently being examined by the State Department to determine what portion can be released with regard to possible prejudice to the public welfare. Congressman Nixon at this point stated that only two copies of the film were made; that one copy is presently being utilized in connection with the proceedings in New York City and the other is in the possession of the House Un-American Activities Committee. Mr. Nixon pointed out that the Justice Department and the FBI certainly have access to the copy being utilized at New York, and further stated that he felt no additional copies should be made. Congressman Renkin made the remark that he did not see why the FBI did not obtain the copy desired from the Attorney General. Congressman Mundt advised that there may have been some misunderstanding based upon his previous conversation with an official of this Bureau and suggested that he be recontacted later in the afternoon.

For your information all of the documents that the committee made available to the Grand Jury in New York have already been received by this Bureau. However, it is believed that the committee did not make everything available to the Grand Jury. A discreet effort will be made to determine whether the committee has any films or documents which were not made available to the Grand Jury. If the committee states that they have furnished everything to the Grand Jury, then this Bureau will have possession of complete copies.

I have been informed through a reliable source close to the committee that Congressman Nixon is attempting to embarrass this Bureau if possible in connection with this matter, and that he also intends to do everything he can to have me called before the committee to testify.

I will keep you advised of all pertinent developments in this connection.

No testimon - the

ATTORNE, CENERAL W. T

14-1333-89

#13 Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

The Attorney General

Director, FBI

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHANCERS SUBJECT:

PERJURY

ESPIONAGE - R

I thought you would be interested in knowing that the press is making inquiries concerning the FBI having cleared Alger Hiss while he was employed by the State Department. One of the stories the press has picked up is that "Then the former Secretary of State Byrnes heard ugly rumors going around regarding Hiss, he referred the matter to the FBI who cleared Hiss." The press

is also saying that John Foster Dulles, prior to the time he appointed Alger Hiss to the position of President of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, took the matter up with the FBI, who cleared Hiss.

For your information if such statements have been made, they are entirely false since the FBI, as you know, never clears or charges anyone. Furtheremore, a thorough review of the contents of the FBI files reflects that the FBI could not have cleared Hiss.

On September 2, 1939, Whittaker Chambers had a meeting with Adolph A. Berle, Jr., then Assistant Secretary of State, at which time Chambers revealed his activities in connection with an underground apparatus of the Conmunist Party in agencies of the United States Government from approximately 1935 to 1937.

The following information appears in Mr. Berle's notes taken at the time of his interview with Chambers regarding Alger Hissa.

> "Alger Hiss Asa't to Sayre - CP - 1937 Member of underground Com - active Baltimore Boys Hife - Priscilla Hiss - Socialist-Barly days of New Deals

Therefore, the State Department was on notice of Hiss' reported activities at that time.

the L.-S. Secretary of States Further cutails were not available. This information was First furnished totthe FRI on September 10, 1945, by the Canadian actions in

74-1333-968

December 13, 1948

DATE:

On October 11, 1945, I had a conference with Under Secretary of State Dean Acheson and during my conversation with Mr. Acheson, he inquired as to whether I had any information concerning the identity of the person referred to by Guzenko. I told Mr. Acheson that at that time we had not been able to definitely establish the identity of this man. He asked me if I had any suspects. I told him that we had one party in mind as a possible suspect, although there was no direct evidence to sustain this suspicion. I told him that the suspected man was Alger Hiss but that I did not feel it was the time to make any accusation as there was no direct proof of the same. Mr. Acheson stated that he would not mention Mr. Hiss' name to the Secretary of State as he assumed that I might do so in my talk with the Secretary of State: I told Mr. Acheson that I did not intend to mention Hiss' name to the Secretary of State because of the vagueness of the suspicion.

AND THE RESIDENCE AND THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

On November 15, 1945, I had a conference with Secretary of State Byrnes at the request of the President in order to discuss the Gregory Case and the Canadian espionage case. During this conference, I mentioned the names of a number of individuals who were named by Elizabeth Bentley as being engaged in Soviet espionage.— I did not mention Alger Hiss to the Secretary because he had not been definitely identified.

On December 4, 1945, the Secretary of State was furnished with a summary entitled, "Soviet Espionage in the United States," dated November 27, 1945, which reflected the allegations of Elizabeth Bentley concerning Soviet espionage in agencies of the United States Government. This summary contained the information Bentley had given regarding Alger Hiss. A copy of this summary was made available to Mr. Spruille Braden of the State Department on December 7, 1945.

On March 14, 1946, Mr. Reams, Special Assistant to the Secretary of State Byrnes, advised an Agent of this Bureau that Alger Hiss was on the Secretary of State's "pending" list, and that Hiss was to be given no further consideration for promotion or assignment of responsible duties in the State Department, and that a study should be made of his case to determine if he could be dismissed summarily under Civil Service regulations. Mr. Reams stated that Secretary Byrnes was of the definite opinion that Alger Hiss should be disposed of, but was concerned over the best manner in which to accomplish this.

While I was discussing other matters with you on March 19, 1946, you advised me that Secretary of State Byrnes wanted to dismiss Alger Hiss, but had been told that he cannot do this without giving him a hearing as he was a Civil Service employee. At that time I advised you that I did not think a hearing would be wise as the material against Hiss was confidential and if it were not used there would not be enough evidence against him; that I thought the best thing the Secretary could do would be to move Hiss to an innocuous position where he would understand the situation and resign. I also suggested that the Secretary of State might desire to take Senators Commally and Vandenberg into his confidence as they are friends of Hiss and that they would understand the situation. You indicated that you would call the Secretary of State and tell him this.

During a conversation I had with you on March 20, 1946, the matter of Alger Hiss again came up, at which time you advised me that Secretary of State Byrnes proposed, if the Justice Department agreed, to call Alger Hiss in and inform him that complaints against him had been received without disclosing the source to him. I suggested to you that it seemed to me that as soon as Hiss is questioned, the questions will alert him as to the nature of the information the Bureau had about him. I indicated to you the possibility that Secretary Byrnes might use the Department of Justice as an alibi saying that he had called upon the Department of Justice to investigate Hiss and that following these investigations the Department of Justice had found nothing to warrant the dismissal of Hiss. I further pointed out that this would put the Justice Department in an awkward position and would be subjected to possible future criticism.

On the same day, I returned a call of Secretary of State
Byrnes and I told him that I understood the position he was in, referring
to the Hiss matter, but because of the fact that any interview with Hiss
at that time would alert him and ruin an important espionage investigation,
I would suggest that he contact several key men in the House and Senate
and explain his predicament to them, pointing out that he wanted their
help in avoiding any criticism from "the Hill." Secretary of State Byrnes
stated he thought this might be a solution to the problem and said he
would call some of these men. Subsequently I advised you of my conversation
with Secretary Byrnes and you expressed agreement with this proposal.

On March 21, 1946, Secretary Byrnes again contacted me concerning the Hiss matter and the Secretary stated that he had called Hiss in and asked him if he was ever a member of any organization with

Explosive the street of the street of the silesting of the solution of the street of the summery was also furnished to it. Fred Iyon, Chief, Division of Foreign Activity Correlation, State Department, by letter dated Investigation conducted by this Eureau as of October 21, 1946, based on the allegations of Miss Bentley.

By letter dated March 25, 1946, the Secretary of State was advised that Alger Hiss had appeared at this Bureau on that date at which time he was interviewed by an official of the Eureau. Hiss was saked to furnish any information in his possession which have led to the report that he was a member of any subversive organizations. There was enclosed a copy of the information which Hiss had furnished to this Eureau.

After my conversation with Secretary Byrnes, I contacted ing out that when Hiss came to this Bureau he was going to do the talking and we would do the Listering.

good man, explaining that he was senior editor of "Time Lagazine." The kery of a man of a man can was and I told him that he was a very him was the statement of ... initisker Chambers. He inquired as to tary advised that the part of the report on Hiss that impressed The Secretary stated that he wished we would do this. The Secreplace him under suspicion we would be very glad to listen to him. late anything about his association that he might surmise would told the Secretary that if Hiss manted to rake any statement or recertain questions would disclose information on current cases. I sble, but there were some things that we could not ask him because His wanted to come over and talk to us it would be perfectly seree-I had left instructions with Assistant Director D. M. Ladd that if Bureau for an interview by a Eureau official. I told him that talk with Hiss, it was decided Hiss should be referred to this of any such organization. During the course of the Secretary's subversive tendencies. Hiss smore that he had never been a member

The records of this Bureau fail to reflect that any inquiry was made by John Foster Dulles concerning Alger Hiss.

The above is being made available to you for clarification of the existing rumors being made by the press.

Office Memorandum • United States Government

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

TO : The Attorney General

FROM : The Director, FBI

SUBJECT: JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS

PERJURY

ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: December 14, 1948

OFFICE OF THE

DEC 15 1943

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Reference is made to the microfilm in this matter which has been in the possession of the House Un-American Activities Committee. Congressman Richard Nixon, of the House Un-American Activities Committee, advised the Federal Court.in New York City on December 13, 1943 that he would turn this microfilm over to the FBI this morning. I desire to advise that at 9:40 AM today Assistant Director D. M. Ladd received a telephone call from Mr. Stripling, General Counsel of the Committee, at which time he referred to the agreement for the delivery of this film. Mr. Stripling stated that the Committee had a meeting at 10:30 AM this morning and that Congressman Nixon desired to tell the Committee of the commitment prior to delivering the film and that, therefore, it would be around eleven o'clock before the film was delivered to this Bureau.

At 11:38 AM Mr. Tadd received a telephone call from Mr. Louis Russell, an Investigator for the Committee, and he advised that two rolls of microfilm were being sent to this Bureau at that time by Mr. Wheeler who would deliver them to Mr. Iadd's office. Mr. Ladd inquired as to whether these films had been developed. Mr. Russell stated that they had been exposed but that the Committee could not do anything with them. He was asked if this was all of the microfilm and Mr. Russell advised that it was not; that there was a total of five rolls but that the Committee wanted to use the other three rolls to question other witnesses. He was asked when this would be sent to the Eureau and Mr. Russell stated it might come up later today or tomorrow.

At 11:55 AM Mr. Wheeler, who is also an Investigator for the Committee, called at the office of Assistant Director D. M. Ladd and in the presence of Inspector H. B. Fletcher exhibited three containers in which there was microfilm. He advised that one of the containers had been slightly opened when recovered and as a result had become light-fogged and the negatives therein were a complete blank. The other two contained photographs of Mavy documents. They were already developed, however, according to Mr. Wheeler, and they were not too clear due to the age of the film prior to the time the Committee recovered and developed it.

Mr. Wheeler stated that this material had been developed by a Mr. Schmidt of the Veterans Administration. Mr. Ladd inquired whether there were any other microfilms or documents and Mr. Wheeler advised that there were two other rolls which the Committee had retained. He was asked when this would be made available to this Bureau. He stated he did not know, but presumed when the first three were returned to the Committee.

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At 4:20 PM Mr. Wheeler returned to Mr. Ladd's office and advised that he was returning the film and that the Laboratory had finished with it. Mr. Ladd again inquired as to when this Bureau would be able to have the other two rolls and Mr. Wheeler stated he could bring them back this afternoon or tomorrow morning (December 15th). Mr. Ladd suggested, if possible, that he bring them this evening in order that they might be processed. Wheeler stated that four of the rolls were Eastman films and the records of the Eastman Kodak Company reflected that they were manufactured in 1936; that one of the rolls, which would be one of the two rolls he has not as yet brought over, was manufactured by Dupont and, according to Wheeler, could have been made in either 1936 or 1944. Apparently the Dupont Company stated that this could not be determined without examining the film itself.

With reference to the material in the first three rolls, Mr. Wheeler advised that the Committee had so far identified ten or twelve Navy documents in this first group and that he thought if this Pureau checked with the Office of Naval Intelligence, they would know which documents had been identified and could furnish us this information.

At 5:12 PM Mr. Wheeler returned and brought with him one roll of film. He stated he would have to get the other roll and bring that up later in the evening. Inspector Fletcher took him to the Laboratory where the film is being examined.

Lir. Wheeler returned to hir. Ladd's office at 6:12 PM and Inspector Fletcher escorted him to the Laboratory so that the roll he brought in at that time could be processed. This last roll was identified as the Dupont film, concerning which there is a question as to whether it was manufactured in 1936 or 1944.

The FBI Laboratory is making a check of this film for identifying marks for the purpose of determining the age of the particular film.

When the FBI Laboratory examination has been completed, the results will be immediately made available to you and to Mr. Campbell.

You will be kept currently informed of any pertinent developments during the course of this investigation.

co: Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell

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Director, FBI

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Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated December 11, 1948, concerning the microfilm which was turned over to this Bureau for examination on that date.

The films turned over to the FBI Laboratory were five 35 mm. negatives for copy. These negatives were stated to be those previously referred to as the "pumpkin" microfilms. The negatives submitted were identified as follows: FILE

- (A) Grand Jury Exhibit #49
- (B) Grand Jury Exhibit #51
- (C) Grand Jury Exhibit #48
- (D) Grand Jury Exhibit #47
- (E) Grand Jury Exhibit #50.

with reference to negatives A and B, these are alleged to have been exposed many years ago but developed only within the last few weeks. Fach contained approximately 30 exposures. Both of these negatives were fogged in many places and the emulsion on the film was badly deteriorated. This condition was apparently caused by the length of time between the exposure of the negative and its development. It is considered unusual that the latent image was even visible after the alleged lapse of time of approximately ten years. The fogging condition was typical of film which is developed a great length of time after its intended expiration date. One set of enlarged prints was made from each of these negatives. Many of the prints were illegible, however, 35 photographs were at least partially legible, and in addition to the print made directly from the negative, three additional prints were made of each photograph.

Film E was submitted with films A and B but was entirely black. Efforts were made to restore it and make it at least partially visible but these efforts were unsuccessful.

Film C was a film allegedly both exposed and developed some years ago. This negative contained 22 exposures. This was a negative of a Kodak film. It was in good condition and one set of enlarged prints was made from the negatives. Three additional copies of each photograph were later made from the first set of prints.

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Memo for The Attorney General

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Film D was also alleged to have been both exposed and developed some years ago. This negative contained 36 exposures. It was observed to bear the notation "Dupont 428 nitrate" along the edge of the negative at twelve inch intervals. It also bore framemarkers 19 mm. apart. This negative was also in good condition and four enlarged prints were made directly from the negative.

Friese tab in made to by any any contact to you debut

A comparison was made between the material turned over to the Grand Jury and the documents developed from the film made available to the PBI Laboratory and no additional documents were developed from the film, however, the Committee made available to the Grand Jury a number of documents which were illegible. Some of these documents were developed so that they are now readable.

A study is being made of these particular documents in an effort to more definitely identify the nature of them so they can be possibly identified with the originals in one of the Government agencies.

You will, of course, be kept advised in this matter.

Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell Criminal Division

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

. MR. PEYTON FORD

THE ASSISTANT TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

FROM : THE DIRECTOR, FBI

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS - PERJURY ALGER HISS - PERJURY; ESPIONACE - R

You will recall that you desired to be advised of the names of any present State Department employees which might come up during the course of the investigation in this matter. The following is submitted for your information.

Whittaker Chambers stated in a pretrial deposition at Baltimore, Maryland on November 5, 1948, that one of the activities of Alger Hiss was to attempt to draw new people of culture into the Chambers apparatus. Chambers said that as a result Hiss approached Moel Field, Lawrence Duggan, one Yost, first name believed to be John, and one Trueblood, all State Department employees. He said that Hiss' efforts concerning Field ceased when it was ascertained that Field was a member of another apparatus. His efforts concerning Duggan were likewise discontinued when Duggan was found to be a close friend of Moel Field. Chambers stated that no results were realized by Hiss in his efforts concerning Yost and Trueblood. However, Hiss entertained them and was entertained at their homes. Hiss allegedly discussed various questions, such as the Spanish Civil War, with Yost and Trueblood, and found them to be unsympathetic to the Communist cause, thereafter ceasing his efforts toward them. These efforts on the part of Hiss apparently were made during the last part of 1936 or the early part of 1937.

Noel Field is presently out of the country and is unavailable for interview. Lawrence Duggan was interviewed on December 10, 1948 and could not recall the recruitment effort by Hiss.

Edward G. Trueblood is presently employed as counsellor, U. S. Embassy, at Santiago, Chile. He was located in Mashington, D. C. with the State Decartment from 1934 to 1937. The files of this Bureau reflect that Miss Elizabeth Bentley alleged that Maurice Halperin furnished her copies of CSS roorts pertaining to South American affairs. Investigation in the Gregory case has disclosed that shortly after Halperin entered on duty with the Office of Strategic Services in the early 1940's, he was sent on a trip to Mexico and apparently while there became acquainted with Trueblood, who at that time was connected with the American Embassy in Mexico City. Trueblood had been in contact with Halperin in Washington, D. C. and offered his services if at any time he could be of assistance to Halperin. It has been reliably reported that on September 10, 1946 Priscilla Hiss, wife of Alger Hiss, was in contact with the wife of Donald Hiss concerning a nursery in the Georgetown Section of Mashington, D. C. Priscilla Hiss advised that an Eddy Trueblood, who lived in Bethesda, had a child of the age to be placed in a nursery school and had previously asked Alger Hiss about the school.

Charles W. Yost is presently employed as Counsellor, U. S. Legation, Vienna, Austria. He was located with the State Department at Washington, D. C. from 1935 to 1945. During the summer of 1940 it was reliably reported that Yost had been in contact with the German Embassy in Washington, D. C., apparently on official business, except for one occasion, namely, August 14, 1940, when he thanked Ulrich Von Gienanth, Second Secretary, for assistance ingetting two relatives out of Poland. The State Department files reflect that Yost has a Polish wife, which possibly may explain his contact with the German Embassy.

State Department files contain no evidence of suspicion directed toward either Trueblood or Yost, except a minor criticism of Trueblood by his superiors when he was assigned to a South American diplomatic post to the effect that he had "somewhat extreme political views." Trueblood was criticized in 1939 at Santiago for tending to consort exclusively with radicals. No other Trueblood was employed by the State Department during the pertinent period.

Chambers stated in a pretrial deposition on November 17, 1948, that he attended a meeting of a Communist Party cell headed by Henry Collins at the home of Richard Post in Alexandria, Virginia. Shortly thereafter he separated Post from the apperatus headed by Collins and took Post into his own apparatus. Thereafter Post obtained a position in the State Department and became a Foreign Service Officer. Chambers stated he maintained intermittent contact with Post, but Post never furnished any information while he was a member of this underground apparatus. Chambers said that shortly after Post joined this group, he, Chambers, disassociated himself with it and has no knowledge of Post's subsequent activities.

The Post mentioned by Chambers is believed to be identical with Richard Howell Post, Foreign Service Officer, Department of State. Post is being interviewed in connection with the above allegations.

Office Memorandum •

STATES COM

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : The Attorney General

DATE: December 16, 1948

FROM : Director, FBI

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL SEFICE (IF)

SUBJECT: JAY DAVID WEITTAKER CHAMBERS

PERJURY; ESPIONAGE - R DEC 17 1948

TURNEY GENER

You will recall that Whittaker Chambers produced 65 pages of typewritten documents at the pretrial deposition at Baltimore, Maryland, on November 17, 1948. These documents were obtained by the Baltimore Office of this Bureau and have been made available to the Criminal Division of the Department.

Mr. Donald L. Nicholson, Chief, Division of Security, State Department, made available to the Washington Field Office of this Bureau a list of original State Department documents from which the paraphrasings or copies of these documents were made.

There is enclosed herewith a copy of this list containing identifications of these State Department documents.

Mr. Nicholson advised that he is having photostatic copies of these documents prepared for you in accordance with your request and that these documents will be made available to you in the near future. In view of the nature of these documents and the information already at hand, it is thought that you may deem it advisable to request Mr. Nicholson to expedite the submission of this material.

There is also enclosed herewith a photostatic set of typewritten charts showing the interdepartmental distribution of these documents.

Enclosures

cc - Mr. Alexander M. Campbell Assistant Attorney General

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE JAN 10 1949

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It was ascertained that either of the following individuals, both of whom are long-time Eastman employees, may be used for purposes of subpoens:

Henry T. Iroland. Superintendent of Cine and Heat Sheet Film Department, Kedak Park Norks, Eastman Kodak, Rochester, New York.

Joseph G. Golan, Assistant Superintendent of same department with the same address as above.

The above is for your additional information in this matter.

60 - Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell Criminal Division

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Whitchen Chombers #19

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

To : The Attorney General

OM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, WAS;

ALGER HISS; PERJURY ESPIONAGE - R DEC 20 1943

TORNEY GENER

DATE: December 27, 1948

You will recall that Whittaker Chambers has informed that one "Felix" was a photographer for his underground Communist Party apparatus who photographed documents in his apartment in Ealtimore, Maryland.

On December 19, 1948, Whittaker Chambers accompanied agents of the Baltimore Office to the vicinity of Konig Street, Baltimore, Maryland where he had previously stated that "Felix" lived in 1937 or 1938. After touring the neighborhood, Chambers named as first choice the 2100 block of Callow Avenue, second, the 2100 block of Brookfield, and third, the 2100 block of Linden Avenue, Baltimore, as the likely residence of "Felix". Investigation developed that from April, 1937 through April, 1938, Felix August Inslemman lived at 2113 Callow Avenue. Selective Service records for this individual reflected that his employment included airplane designer, draftsman, electrician, professional engineer, inspector, and photographer. The records further reflected that Inslemman was employed in the Glenn L. Martin Aircraft Company, Baltimore, as group engineer in 1942 and thereafter was employed at Republic Aviation Company, at Farmingdale, Long Island, New York, as an engineer.

A photograph of Inslerman was obtained and was exhibited to Whittaker Chambers on December 21, 1948 and Chambers positively identified Inslerman as the photographer known to him as "Felix".

Inslerman is presently employed at the General Electric Company, Schenectady, New York, on a project known as the "Hernes Project", which is under U. S. Army control. He is working on the hydraulic tail assembly of missiles and rockets. This work is regarded as extremely confidential and important.

Inslerman was interviewed by agents of this Bureau on December 23, 1948, and furnished a signed statement denying any affiliations with or knowledge of the allegations made concerning him by Chambers. He consented to a waiver of search to search his residence at RFD %2, Cambridge, New York. This search resulted in the agents finding a box of miscellaneous material including plans and technical data, some marked confidential, the property of the Republic Aircraft Company and/or the U. S. Army Air Force, and 36 rolls of 35 mm film, some of which were developed and some undeveloped. These films will be processed by the FBI Laboratory upon receipt in Washington and you will be advised of the results.

co - Assistant Attorney General Alexander I. Campbell Criminal Division

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Tipes for ! THE ATTLED TO SELECT AND THE THE ATTORNEY GENERAL DIRECTOR, FBI JAY DAVID THITTAKER ALGER HISS, et al PERJURY ESPIONAGE - R In the course of the investigation of the above-captioned case it was believed desirable to contact Timothy Hosson, stepson of Alger Hiss, and Horace W. Schmahl, a private investigator for Mr. Edward C. McLean, attorney for Alger Hiss, for information pertaining to the location of the Woodstock typewriter and additional specimens. On December 27, 1943, the New York Office advised that Yr. T. J. Donegan preferred that the proposed interviews with Schmahl and Timothy Hobson be held in abeyance at this time; that such interviews would have to be arranged through Attorney McLean and that the statements of Alger Hiss to the Special Agents of the Baltimore Office in Baltimore that the typewriter was disposed of subsequent to 1938 may be recalled. Mr. Donegan feels that this is a very strong point and disputes the testimony of Alger Hiss before the Grand Jury. Kr. Donegan further stated that since all of . these people were previously interviewed, little results of value would be obtained and that the Government's position may be damaged by such interviews at this time. In view of the request of Mr. Donegan, Timothy Hobson and Horace W. Schmahl will not be contacted. Assistant Attorney General Alexander N. Campbell' Criminal Division Orig to Campbell 12-31-48 OCT 13 1953,

ice Memorandum • united states government

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

DATE: December 30, 1948

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THE DIRECTOR, FBI

SUBJECT:

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, WAS., ETAL

PERJURY

ESPIONAGE - R

Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated December 27, 1948, advising of the identity of the photographer "Felix" as Felix August Inslerman, who is presently employed at the General Electric Company, Schenectady, New York.

During the course of a search of Inslerman's residence at RFD #2, Cambridge, New York, a quantity of 35mm films were recovered. These films are now being examined in the FBI Laboratory.

In connection with this examination, the FBI Laboratory is desirous of having access to the 35mm film presently in the possession of the House Un-American Activities Committee in order that it can be compared with the film found in Inslerman's possession and particularly to determine if both films were used in the same camera.

It will be appreciated if you will again arrange to secure the film from the House Un-American Activities Committee in order that this examination can be made.

co Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell OFFICE OF 7 Criminal Division Jeliphone Complessmen Mixem

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Office-Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: December 30, 1948

TO : THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

PROM : THE DIRECTOR, FBI

SUBJECT: JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAUBERS, WAS., ETAL

PERJURY

ESPIONAGE - R

with to

Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated December 16, 1948, which enclosed a list of original State Department documents from which the paraphrasings of copies of the documents turned over by Whittaker Chambers at Baltimore, Maryland, were made. This list was obtained from Mr. Donald L. Nicholson, Chief, Division of Security, State Department. Mr. Nicholson has advised that he is having photostatic copies of these documents prepared for you pursuant to your request and that they would be made available to you in the near future.

It will be appreciated if you will advise me immediately when these documents will be made available to you in order that the investigation of this matter can be carried forward in the most expeditious manner.

co Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell Criminal Division DEC 20 1948

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Serial Da		Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages Actual Released		Exemptions used or, to whom referred
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4-1333-	1/4/49	LHM toAlkIGEN			
14- 33-723	1/4/49	LHM bAHLGEN	12	7	
4- 333-630	15/49	Mams to Att V GEN	2	2	
4- 333-788	1/1/49	LH M to Atty GEN	/		
4- 33-848	1/10/49	Mumo to Atty GEN	/		
!- 3-1921	1/1/19	Memo to Ally GEN	6	6	
74- 1333/369	1/26/49	Mumo to Atty GEN	2	2	
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

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THE ATTORNEY GENERALECEIVED THE

Director, FBI JAN 2-1949

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RECEIVORER:

December 31, 1948

SUBJECT:

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ATTORNEY GENERAL PRINTERS COME!

I have noted from the press that the House Committee on Un-American Activities recalled Whittaker Chambers, who testified before them at some length during this week. I would suggest that the Department might desire to secure from the Committee a copy of the transcript of Whittaker Chambers' testimony on this occasion in order that it might be checked to determine whether he has given them any new information not previously furnished by him to either the Federal Grand Jury in New York or to this Bureau on the occasion of interviews with him.

In the event you secure a copy of this transcript, I would appreciate receiving a copy of it for appropriate review.

cc - Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell, Criminal Division JAN 5 1949 IN GEN. CRIME SEC. WED

74- 1333 - 425



10 : The Attorney General

CONFIDENTIAL.

DATE: January 4, 1

KROM : John Edgar Hoover D

John Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

SUBJECT:

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, with aliases, et al

PERJURY; ESPIONAGE - R

Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated December 20, 1948, concerning Franklin Victor Reno. In referenced memorandum you were advised of the pertinent information concerning Reno with the exception of interviews then pending with Edward J. McShane and John L. Kelley, with whom Reno was collaborating in writing a book.

John Leroy Kelley, an Associate Professor of Mathematics at the University of California, when interviewed on December 21 and 22, 1948, stated that he met Reno in August, 1942, and associated with him closely until the Fall of 1945. He denied any knowledge of Reno having furnished classified information to Whittaker Chambers or to any other unauthorized persons. He stated that he presently has in his possession several pamphlets which he identified as Ballistics Research Laboratory Reports published by the Aberdeen Proving Grounds, which are classified in nature. He claims that he has authority by virtue of his position as a Consultant for the Aberdeen Proving Grounds to retain possession of classified information.

Professor Edward J. McShane of the University of Virginia on December 17, 1948, advised that he has never received any restricted or classified documents from Reno but has received numerous restricted documents direct from the Commanding Officer at the laboratory of the Aberdeen Proving Grounds. He stated that he is entitled to such documents as a Consultant for the Aberdeen Proving Grounds. He advised that the book on which he is collaborating with Reno is on mathematical computations and theory as related to ballistics, and that the book has been submitted to the Aberdeen Proving Grounds for censoring.

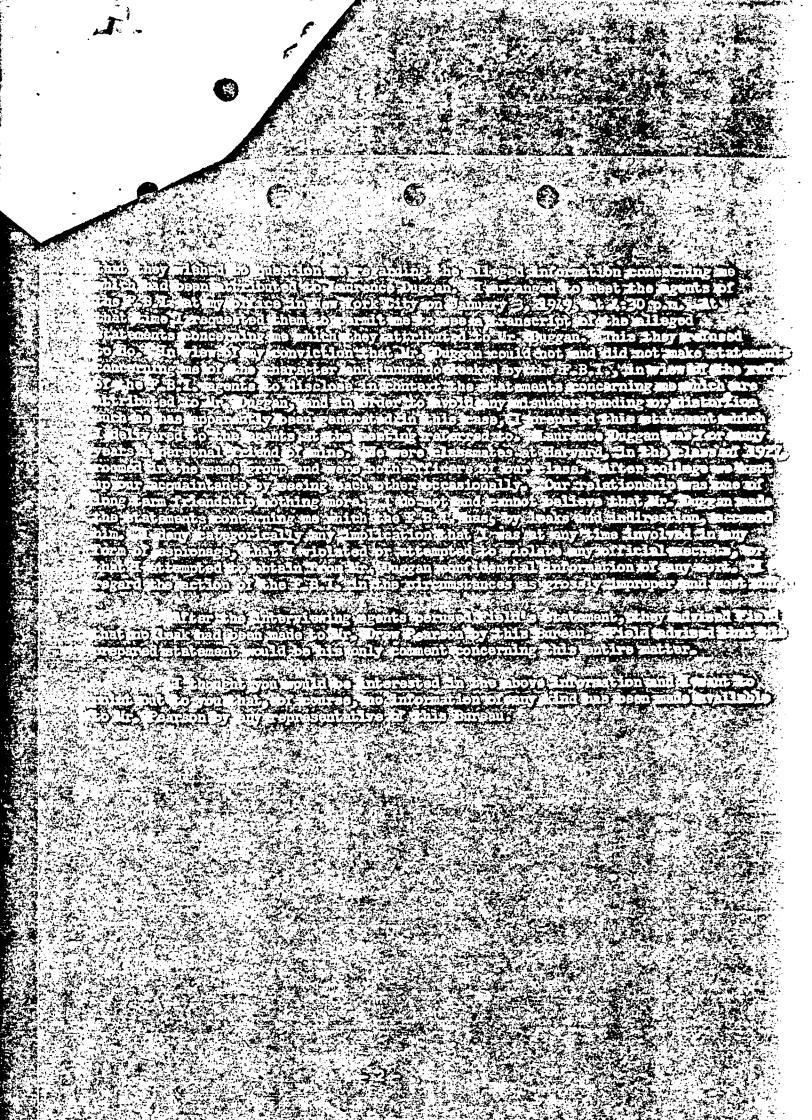
Copies of the investigative reports of Special Agent David E. Todd, San Francisco, California, dated December 24, 1948, and Special Agent Leonard M. Walters, Richmond, Virginia, dated December 22, 1948, which copies cover the interviews with McShane and Kelley, were furnished to Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell by letter dated December 30, 1948.

cc - Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell

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Office Memoria

Original returned to FBI with AG's note appearing on this photostatic copy.



The Attorney Ceneral January 5, 1949 Director, FBI JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAIRERS, with aliases ALGER HISS PERJURY rspiciace - R In connection with instant case, Lax Bedacht was interviewed on January 4, 1949 at his farm, the Old Chantz Farm, R.F.D. 1, Frenchtown, New Max Bedacht is the former General Secretary of the International Workers Order, who was recently expelled from the New Jersey Communist Party Convention for expressing a lack of confidence in the present Farty leadership. Redacht stated that he recalled Whittaker Chambers as a former employee of New Lasses. He recalled meeting Chambers in the early 1930's at some sort of Communist Party function or meeting, the nature of which he was unable to recall. At that time Bedacht was a member of the National Committee of the Communist Party and in 1933 he was elected National Secretary of the International Workers Order. During the spring of 1933 Bedacht stated that he went to Russia to attend a Comintern conference to discuss the problems of the movement. In 1937 he went to Spain as a delegate to the International Prigade, taking with him materials and gifts for the Brigade. Bedacht stated that he read the testimony of Chambers in the nawspapers but that he had no dealings or contacts as Chambers described. He

denied meeting Chambers regularly at any time and denied contacts with anyone who was connected with the underground acting as a Soviet agent, although he stated that he realized that all countries have intelligence agents.

Bedacht stated that the Communist Party never had anything to do with the underground movement as described by Chambers or he would have known of such activities through his position in the Communist Party. He stated that he had been a Marxist since he was twenty years old and he wants to be a member of the Communist Party but has been expelled. Esdacht denied knowledge of Algor Hiss and other members of the apparatus as described by Chambers, except J. Peters and Harold ware. He stated that he knew Peters in the early 1930's as the Organizational Secretary in Communist Party Headquarters. He further stated that he had met Peters at conferences and other functions, but has never been close to him.

Bedacht stated he met Harold ware through Kare's mother on a farm near Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. During the 1920's he discussed farming with hare as hare had worked at a collective farm in Russia. Bedacht stated that Ware was a Communist Party member but did not occupy an official position except for a short time in the 1920's when he was on a commission to study agriculture. He stated that he has not seen Harold Ware since the early 1930's.

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During the interview, Bedacht responded to questions and insisted that he was trying to cooperate. However, his attitude appeared to be such that his responses to questions would not damage the Communist Party, the International Workers Order, or any of the members.

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A subposens was served on Max Hedacht on January 1, 1919 for appearance before the Federal Grand Jury at 10:00 h. E., January 5, 1949.

The above is for your additional information in connection with this case.

cc: Assistant Attorney General Alexander L. Campbell Criminal Division

Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

DATE: January 7, 1949

#30

Director, FBI

CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT:

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHALBERS, with aliases, et al

PERJURY;

ESPIONAGE - R

Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated January 4, 1949, in connection with the investigation of Franklin Victor Reno. This memorandum contained the results of the interviews with John Leroy Kelley, an Associate Professor of Mathematics at the University of California, and Professor Edward J. McShane of the University of Virginia. Both of these individuals had in their possession classified documents which they had obtained from the Aberdeen Proving Grounds. Both individuals claimed that they were entitled to have possession of such documents by virtue of their positions as Consultants for the Aberdeen Proving Grounds. You made the notation on referenced memorandum to "Check and see if they are so entitled."

On January 6, 1949, Mr. H. R. Alpaugh, Security Officer, Ballistic Research Laboratories at Aberdeen Proving Grounds, advised that John Kelley and Edward McShane are both Consultants at the Ballistic Research Laboratories. list of restricted and classified material in the possession of Kelley was checked with Alpaugh who advised that Kelley, as a Consultant of the Ballistic Research Laboratories, was authorized to have all of the material in his possession.

Alpaugh advised that all other Consultants such as Edward McShane were authorized to possess material of restricted, confidential and secret classifications regardless of whether it pertains to the subject on which they were doing research work. He stated that they automatically receive reports of which they are the author and in addition, classified material is mailed to Consultants when it concerns their field of experimentation or a related field. Alpaugh stated that Consultants occasionally, when at the Ballistic Research Laboratories on consultations, obtain classified material which they take with them to their homes or laboratories. Classified material, when in the custody of the Consultant, should be placed in a locked drawer or brief case and Alpaugh advised that Consultants have signed a pledge to safeguard the material in this manner.

Alpaugh further advised that restricted material is mailed to some Consultants abroad, arrangements being made through the State Department for them to receive this material through the Embassy. He expressed the opinion that no great harm would occur if restricted material were to leave the custody of the Consultant.

The referenced memorandum is attached. Makattached 1/1/49

Enclosure

Assistant Attorney General Alexander H. Campbell

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FOR THE WARRANT OF YOUR SHOP STANDING

Restrict Line

The Attorney General

DATE: Jamuary 10, 1949

Director, FBI

SUBJECT:

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, WAS.

ALGER HISS, ETAL

PERJURY

ESPIONAGE - R

Hotel fluid

In the course of the investigation of the above captioned case it has been reported to this Bureau that United States Supreme Court Justice, Mr. Felix Frankfurter, is a personal contact of Alger Hiss and might have corres-

Inasmuch as Justice Frankfurter is not an individual who would be included in prior Departmental instructions and it appears that he may have typewritten correspondence of interest, your opinion in regard to interviewing Justice Frankfurter for any typewritten correspondence from Alger Hiss is

CC - Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell

OFFICE OF RECEIVED JAN 12 1949 CLICITOR GENER OFFICE OF THE RECEIVED JAN 10 1949 ATTORNEY GENER

HILL OF FECORDS

"To:

THE ATTOMIST GIVEDAL

Date: Jamuary 17, 1949

From:

DIRECTOR, FBI

#33

Subject:

"I read with interest and considerable concern the editorial which appeared in the January 3, 1949, issue of the Daily Argus Leader, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, entitled "Why Didn't FBI Know About Spics?"

As you know, there have been numerous other editorials along a similar vein in recent weeks, as well as over a period of months, following the earlier public statements of Whittaker Chambers and Elizabeth Bentley before Congressional committees. I think that the Department and the FBI have suffered a serious blow as a result of the revelations that have been made.

that we are unable to tell our story. It is indeed unfortunate in that we are unable to tell our story. It is indeed unfortunate that the Department cannot state its case to the public. Countless persons, as in the case of the aditorial writer of the Daily Argus Leader, are gaining impressions that the Department of Justice and the FBI are not abreast of the activities on the part of subversives. The Hiss-Chambers case particularly has provided a springboard for many comments to be made in a most derogatory nature concerning both the Department and the FBI.

I do not recall having seen any questions raised by editorial writers as to why Mr. Adolf Berle, formerly assistant Secretary of State, did not promptly asvise either the Department or the FBI of the information

he received from Whittaker Chambers on September 2, 1939. Nor have I seen any statements on the part of the heads of other governmental agencies explaining their reason for not taking action when both the Department and the FBI informed them of existing conditions in their own departments.

"In connection with the Alger Hiss case, if you will recall, as early as March, 1942, the FBI forwarded reports made in connection with a Hatch Act investigation pertaining to Hiss to the State Department. These reports did set forth at tements of witnesses who raised questions pertaining to Hiss' loyalty. This, of course, occurred nearly $2\frac{1}{2}$ years after Mr. Adolf Berle had been specifically advised by Whittaker Chambers of Hiss' involvements.

developing the FBI received a definite report that a statement had been made in Moscow that an assistant to the Secretary of State, presumably Alger Miss, was a Soviet agent. This information was communicated to the State Department. Following the revelations of Elizabeth Bentley, who outlined in detail her associations with a Washington underground group, wherein Alger Miss was mentioned, the State Department again was advised regarding the involvement of Mr. Hiss. I recall very distinctly your advising me of the convers tion you had with former Secretary of

-4-

*On other occasions the State Department has been advised of others concerning whom serious questions have been raised pertaining to their loyalty and who were permitted to remain in their positions.

. The same situation, you will recall, occurred in the Treasury Department. On March 5, 1946, the Eureau furnished to the Secretary of the Treasury a copy of a memorandum entitled 'Soviet Espionage in the United States, dated December 12, 1945, which, in addition to outlining Soviet espionage activities, detailed information furnished by both Whittaker Chambers and Elizabeth Pentley pertaining to several employees in the Treasury Department. In one specific instance involving Herold Glasser, the FBI furnished copies of its investigative reports growing out of a Hatch Act investigation to the Secretary of the Tressury by letter dated January 26, 1942, wherein it was pointed out that the investigation was initiated as a result of the receipt of information that Glasser's name appeared on the active indices of the Washington Committee for Democratic Action. Our investigation feiled to substantiate that he was a member of, or associated with, this organization. However, it reflected that Glasser was reported to have been a 'suspected Communist organizer in the Inter-Professional Association for School Insurence, Chicago, Illinois, an organization which became defunct in 1941. As a result of the Elizabeth Bentley allegation, the Secretary of the Treesury was informed pertaining to Glasser and others as I have already indicated by being supplied a copy of the memorandum 'Soviet Espionage in the United States' by letter dated March 5, 1946.

"It appeared that in the meantime the Treasury Department requested information on Victor Perlo, who was prominently mentioned by Elizabeth Bentley, and, accordingly, a summary of Perlo's activities was furnished the Treasury Department on September 12, 1946. Since Perlo worked under Glasser, when the information came to Glasser's attention, the latter advised Perlo to leave the Treasury Department since he had not been cleared on the grounds of loyalty. It is understood that Mr. Glasser advised Mr. Perlo that if he desired to fight the charges he could do so, and when pressed, Mr. Glasser informed Perlo that he was charged with being a member of the Soviet espionage ring. Subsequently, Mr. Foley of the Treasury Department told Glasser that they had made a mistake in telling Perlo to leave the Department. It is my understanding that Mr. Foley then attempted to 'pass the buck' to the Department of Justice by stating that they should have received edditional information before Perlo was told to leave the Treasury Department. In fact, it is my understanding that Mr. Glasser left the country shortly efter Christmes, 1946, and when he returned in March, 1947, he expressed considerable surprise upon learning that Mr. Perlo was still in the Treasury Department, during which time Mr. Perlo had access to data of a confidential and restricted nature. It is my further understanding that Mr. Perlo was recommended for the position of Treasurer of the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees in the State Department by Mr. Glasser, after the letter had discussed the matter

with Mr. Spingarm, who was aware of the allegations against Perlo. However, the State Department, in checking on Perlo, learned of the existing information and declined to accept him.

MAS you know, at no time has the Treasury Department been requested, either by the FBI or the Department of Justice, to retain in its employ an individual against whom a suspicion of disloyalty has been raised. Although I understand that rumors have been circulating in Wachington to the effect that certain of the individuals mentioned by Elizabeth Bentley were maintained in their positions for the convenience of the FBI in maintaining surveillances, you, of course, know how ridiculous this is and how untrue it is. I mention it only because of the injustices which I feel are being done to you as Attorney General, the Department of Justice, and the FBI, by the situation which makes it impossible to tell our story because any public announcement would involve the criticism of other agencies in the government who failed to act when they should.

"In view of the efforts you have made to have legislation enacted to strengthen laws pertaining to internal accurity, it is most regrettable that the special grand jury in New York which was recently discharged did not see fit to make a report of its findings and point out the deficiencies of the law which so far has prevented prosecutive action."

Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

DATE: January 26, 1949

icom :

Director, FBI

SUBJECT:

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, was, et al

PERJURY

ESPICNAGE - R

#34

There are attached hereto, for the attention of Mr. Alexander M. Campoell, Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, two photographic documents, one dated July 15, 1946, and the other dated June 30, 1941, which are affidavits signed by Franklin Victor Reno, in which he stated that he was not a member of any organization which would strike against the Government; and, further, that he was not a member of any organization or political party which advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence.

You will recall that Franklin Victor Reno was employed at the Aberdeen Proving Ground, Aberdeen, Maryland, and has admitted furnishing Government information to Whittaker Chambers.

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74-1333-1369

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FILE-P. W.



THE ATTORNEY GENERAL January 26, 1949 Director, FRI JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, was, et al PERJURY ESPICNAGE - R There are attached hereto, for the attention of Mr. Alexander M. Campbell, Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, two photographic documents, one dated July 15, 1946, and the other dated June 30, 1941, which are affidavits signed by Franklin Victor Reno, in which he stated that he was not a member of any organization which would strike against the Government; and, further, that he was not a member of any organization or political party which advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence. You will recall that Franklin Victor Reno was employed at the Aberdeen Proving Ground, Aberdeen, Maryland, and has admitted furnishing Government information to Whittaker Chambers. or with with "order of some of the server of 74-1333-1369 F JUSTICE FEB 9 1951

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

FROM

Director, FBI

SUBJECT:

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, was, et al

PERJURY

ESPIONAGE - R

Hored prosecuted to

136 DATE: January 31, 1949

In connection with instant case, you will recall that Felix August Inslerman has been identified as the photographer for Chambers' apparatus, who operated in Baltimore, Maryland.

On January 18, 1949, Inslerman testified before the Grand Jury,

An examination was made by the New York Division of this Bureau of the Election Board records at New York City, and it was found that Felix Inslerman had registered as a Communist for the years 1933 and 1934, giving his address as 314 East 122nd Street, New York City.

Photostatic copies of the Election Board records and known handwriting specimens of Inslerman were furnished to the FBI laboratory for a handwriting examination. The FBI laboratory has concluded that the signatures of Felix A. Inslerman, appearing on the Election Board records, are identical with Inslerman's signatures which appear on several applications for employment.

The above is for your further information concerning instant case.

es: Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell Criminal Division

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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

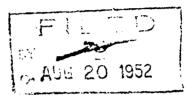


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Rederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Washington 25. A.C.

January 31, 1950

Honorable J. Howard McGrath The Attorney General United States Department of Justice Washington, D. C.



Dear Howard:

Your letter dated January 26, 1950, with enclosures, has been received, and it was kind of you to inform me concerning your correspondence with Mr. Thomas J. Donegan with respect to the prosecution of/Alger Hiss.

Your thoughtfulness in this matter is deeply appreciated and I am taking the liberty of directing a letter to Mr. Donegan, thanking him for his commendatory references to the FBI in that case.

You may be sure that my associates and I regard most highly your own gracious remarks concerning the manner in which the FBI discharged its responsibilities in the case in question, and I hope that our efforts will always be deserving of your confidence and approval.

Sincerely yours,

FILED FG JEC 19 1952

CRIM-GEN. CRIME SEC

fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL .

PROM

DIRECTOR, FRI

SUBJECT:

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, WAS; ET AL

PERJURY

ESPIONACE - R

DATE: February 1, 1949

#37

OFFICE OF THE

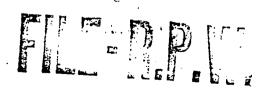
JAN 31 1949

ATTORNEY GENTRAL

Reference is made to a telephone call from Miss Arlene Willey, of your Office, on January 27, 1949, with reference to the enclosures to my memorandum to you dated January 26, 1949. Pursuant to Miss Willey's request there are being transmitted herewith two additional photostatic documents, one dated July 15, 1946, and the other dated June 30, 1941, which are affidavits signed by Franklin Victor Reno.

cc - The Assistant Attorney General, Mr. Alexander M. Campbell Criminal Division

Enclosures



Inventory Workshoot FD-503 (2-18-77) fz 4

File Not		Ros DQT - Referre	Detet(month/year)		
Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)		Pages Released	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
121-	2/11/49	Summary	2	2	
14-	3/1/49	Mimoto Atty ben / fine!	14	6	6-7-C
_74- 3 <u>33-2708</u>	3/14/49		5	5	·
14- 2 <u>33-3048</u>	3/14/49		30	30	•
14- 3 <u>3-2175</u>	4/5/49	Memo to A.A. G- Comprell	_		
'4_ 3 <u>3-2917</u>	1/11/49	Mamo to AAG-Campbell	/	/	
14- 3 <u>3-3068</u>	5/1/49	Mano to AAG-Campbell	/	/	
0 30 73	5/14/49	LHM to ALLYGEN	2	2	
7-1333- <u>3079</u>	5/18/49	Mamo to AHY GEN	1	/	
21- 4089-67	719/49	Memo to Peyton Ford/ENC	-2	/	N.P.
4-1333-	5/20/49	Mamo to AHY GEN	1	/	
14-1333 3139	123/49	Mamo to Atty GEN	5	/	b-7-C

__a Gureau of Investigation

40°

CONFIDENTIAL

SOLOMON ADLER, also known as Schlomer Adler, Sol Adler, Shlomoh Adler United States Treasury Attache Office of International Finance United States Treasury Department Washington, D. C. LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

United States Department of Iustice

Report of: Special Agent
LEO J. FITZSIMFONS

Dated: February 11, 1949 New York, New York

121-4089-50

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SCIOUCN ADLIR, also known as Schlomer Adler, Sol Adler, Shlomoh Adler United States Treasury Attache Office of International Finance United States Treasury Department Washington, D. C. LOYALTY OF GOVERN ENT EMPLOYEES

February 11, 1949 New York, New York

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RESULTS OF INVISTIGATION

WHITTAKER CHANCERS was reinterviewed and was advised that the Loyalty Review Eoard had requested that he appear before the Loyalty Board of the Treasury Department at a hearing at some future date to testify to information he has already furnished to the Federal Eureau of Investigation concerning employee, as well as information he has previously furnished to representatives of the Treasury Department Loyalty Board.

Mr. CHAMBERS declined to appear, stating that he had already made known all the information which it was possible for him to furnish and that therefore he could add nothing for the benefit of the Loyalty Hearing Board at a hearing.

J. PETERS, also known as ALEXANDER STEVENS, 8346 118th Street, Kew Cardens, Long Island, New York, stated that he would not furnish information concerning employee, on the ground that he did not want to sacrifice his rights under the Constitution, in that any admission on his part might tend to incriminate him. He stated that this decision must necessarily follow since he had already testified before a Federal Grand Jury in New York City, and to be consistent with his attitude on that occasion he must, without admitting that he knew employee, decline to furnish any information.

Section 46 Serial 2152 dated 3-1-49 consisting of 13 pages

Memo from Director, FBI to Attorney General advising of information furnished in a statement by Chambers. Total denial of 7 pages and excision on pages 3, 4, 11 and 13 exempted under (b) (7) (C).

The deletions of names and material in this document were made to protect the identitites of individuals with whom Chambers admitted having homosexual and hetrosexual relationships, as well as to protect the names of third parties incidently mentioned in Chambers remarks.

The release of this information would be an unwarranted invasion of the personal privacy of these individuals.

Farch 1, 1949 The Attorney General STRUCTLY CONFIDENTIAL Director, F3I 🕶 ماندان مدان JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHALBERS, Carlos de Carrer de with aliases, et al YEILES REPTOMAC'S - 1 INTERVAL SET IN - R I thought you would be interested to know that on February 15, 1947, whittaker Chambers left an envelope with Agents of the New York Office of this Bureau with the request that the contents therein be read by them after his departure. The contents of the envelope contained a statement by Chambers ... in which he admitted that he had been a homosexual. Shittaker Chambers was interviewed on February 17, 1949, in detail with regard to his homosexual life and furnished the information which is contained in the attach-this part of his life to anyone. In making his disclosure Es thou at that it was necessary since it will undoubtedly be brought up by me defense during the course of the coming trial. cc - Mr. Alexander M. Campbell Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

-I might state that the relationship between and myself during this verted can best be described as a latter and son relationship. The secret, or he esexual aspect of this re-lationship, was secret to both of us for jours, but apparently mas not a secret to others. It was first brought to my attention during the course of a drunken party width took : Take probable in 1921 at

the apartment of remark to another person that there that time I overneard was a homosexual relationship between and mand myself. This statewant horrified co. w

over the place of the state here that I understand that I sale was:-Helmas been in contact with invertigators representing alless 1939.



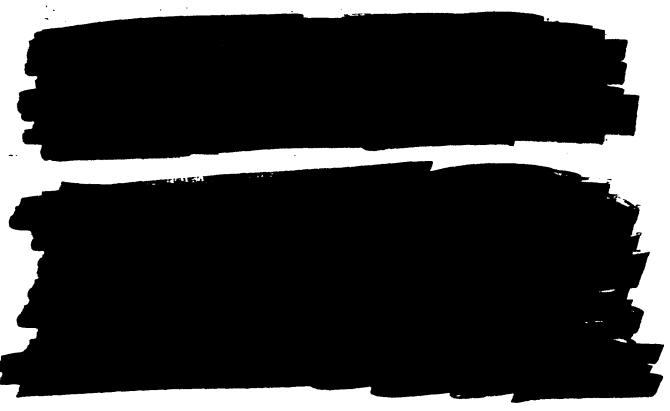
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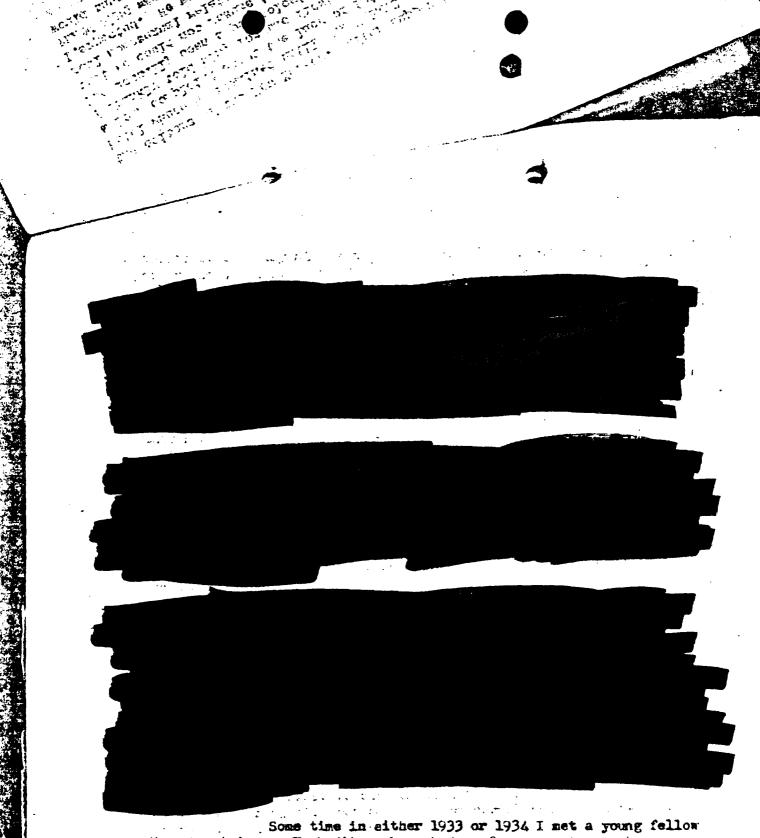
chysical relationship, and at this ties I recognized it as such.

and myself was never physical nor psychologically homosexing. To was purely a friendship between two men

.

Approximately one wonth age WINAL INTENTIA, who is now residing in new York City, telephonically advised me that he had been contacted by representatives of ALC 1983. The callers advised INTENTER that they would like to question him concerning the home-sexual tendencies of myself. Signael Intrator stated that he declined to enswer any questions whatsoover.





Some time in either 1933 or 1934 I met a young fellow on the street in New York City. He asked me for money to purchase a meal. I took him to dimmer during which he told me concerning himself. He stated he was a miner's son and told a very interesting story of his life. After dinner this young fellow told me he had no place to sleep and since I was more or less "footloose and fancy free" I took him to a hotel, the name of which I cannot now recall. Furing the

course of our stay at the hotel that night I had my first homosexual experience. It was a revelation to me. As a matter of fact it set off a chain reaction in me maich was almost impossible to control. no not know the identity, of the young can I spoke of, nor does he know my true identity. I have never seen him since the first night I met him. Since that time, and continuing up to the year 1930, I engaged in numerous homosexual activities both in hew York and Yashington, D. C. At first I would engage in these activities whenever by accident the opportunity presented itself. However, after a while the desire became greater and I actively sought out the opportunities for homosexual relationships. I recall that incide ts of this nature took place in the lotel amapolis and the wotel senselvania in Mashington, D. C. I registered in these hotels under assured names which I carnot now recall. I know that other incidents took place in hotels in hew York City which I cannot now remember, but com--cerning which I might state that they were the typical "flea bag" type of hotel one finds in certain parts of Panhattan. I never had any prolonged affair with any one can and never visited any known places - where these type of people were known to congregate. I generally work to parks or other parts of town where these people were likely to be found.

I am positive that no man with whom I had these relations during this period ever knew my true identity, nor do I at this time recall the names of any of them. The possibility exists, however, that since my photograph has appeared in the public press, magazines and other parodicals, someone vith whom I have previously had homorexual relations might remember me. It is doubtful, but remotely possible that if I saw one of these persons, or a photograph motely possible that if I saw one of these persons, or a photograph of them, I too might remember them.

I would describe my homosexual activity as being in the most "elementary" form. I have never received any psychiatric treatment in an effort to cure me of this affliction, and I wish to state that during this period of my homosexual activity I never constate that during this period of my homosexual activity I never constated any diseases that required hospitalization or treatment.

TO NOT RECORD THE TOURSE TOUR TOUR TOUR I UND SENTIMENTS. TO SEE TO SENT TO SENT TO THE SENT TO SENT CONTER OF ONE EXPERT FOR THE PROPERTY OF THE P The control of the state of In 1938, I managed to break myself of my homosexual tendencies and since that time I have been a model husband and father. I kept this part of my life as my darkest personal secret and have never divulged these tendencies or experiences to any of my associates or friends, and particularly those in the Communist Party. I Assumenphatically state that at no time did I even so much as hint about this to ALGIA HISS or any of the people who I have been associated with either in the Communist Party, the Communist Party underground harden the Gommunist Party espionage apparatus from which I broke in Agels April of 1938. I have never spoken of this to my wife or to my attorneys. As a matter of fact, my revelation of this activity has been told for the first time to anyone today. Director of Prisons In view of my appearance before the pre-trial deposition examination in Baltimore and my appearance as a probable witness ... in the Biss perjury trial, in all propubility this subject matter will when the brought to light. I contemplate therefore, telling my attorneys of this situation and although it will be an unpleasant task, it will be necessary to inform my wife of this. The corresponding above the It will be noted that three things of some great It will be noted that three things of some great importance happened during the year 1958. First, my dessation of my 2. Thomosexual activities; my final break with the Communist Party, and 3. Commy embracing for the first time, religion. I do not believe that the cessation of my homosexual 3. 27 activities and my break with the Communist Party were in any way 1. 25 commected with each other. However, both of these activities on my part were more or less simultaneous with the advent of religion and God into my life.... Forms, Ar.

other immoral relations with women, mentioned heretofore, I might point out that up to the year 1938 I had absolutely no religious training, nor had there ever been any in my family. Further, immorality as such insofar as women were concerned, was openly accepted and engaged in by almost all members of the Communist Party at that time.

- 13 -

Office Membrandum TES GOVERNMEN

DATE:

Lr. Peyton Ford

The Assistant to the Attorney General

Director, FBI

SUBJECT:

JAY DAVID TRITTAKER CHALBERS,

FERJURY

espichage - R

INTERNAL SECURITY - R

ATLEGATIOUS OF CHALBERS REGARDING WILLIAM EDVARD CRAF FOR EXCY NOW M AS UNKNOWN SUBJECT "KETTH"

Whittaker Chambers has advised that one of the photographers in his underground apparatus was known to him as "Keith", which name was a Farty pseudonym. He stated that "Keith" was connected with Colonel Bykov in New York Cit, and came to Mashington in 1937 for a short time to do some photographic work for Chambers in an apartment located in the Northwest Section of the city. He recalled that "Keith" came East from California. Chambers stated that he was introduced to "Keith" by Colonel Bykov. Chambers also advised that in 1935 his then superior, "Bill", sent him to San Francisco with a money belt for the use of unknown individuals on the West Coast. He said he registered at the Golden Gate MICA under the name Lloyd Cantwell, and by prearrangement was contacted by "Keith", whom he then met under the name "Pete". Subsequently, "Keith" introduced him to an elderly man named Volkoff, who has since been identified as Isaac Folkoff, well-known Communist on the West Coast. He stated that Volkoff was connected with the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat. Chambers said he was not certain whether he delivered the money belt to "Keith" or Volkoff. He said it was his understanding that the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat was then operating a courier system to Japan and he assumed that the money was for underground purposes. Chambers was not certain as to how much money he carried to the West Coast.

Chambers subsequently adviced that he had a vague recollection that "Keith's" real name may have been Crane, that "Keith" was connected with John Loomis Sherman, and that Sherman may have brought "Keith" into the apparatus when Sherman was on the West Coast. The San Francisco Office advised that in lay, 1945, it was learned through a highly confidential and reliable source that an injury was made of Isaac Folkoff as to "whether he knew this fellow Ed Crane or Bill Morgan." Folkoff stated that he had not seen him for two years but that he was "okay". It was further determined that the Ed Crane mentioned by Tolkoff was ilentical with Milliam Edward Grane, a Communist on the Lest Coast. A photograph of this individual was displayed to Thittaker Chambers on February 1, 1949, and he identified Grane as the individual known to him as "Keith".

74.1333-2708

DEPTHEMENT OF 1949

CRUME SEO CRIM.



HITERVIE'S TITH HILLIAM EDMARD CRAYE

William Edward Grene has been interviewed by the Los Angeles Office of this Euroau intermittently since February 7, 1349, and these interviews have continued to date. He has furnished the following information in substantiation of Chambers' allegations:

Crane stated he joined the Communist Party in San Francisco about 1932, and shortly thereafter he was singled but by "Pop" Folkoff (Isaac Folkoff), who took an interest in him and then arranged for him to neet John Loomis Sherman. Upon meeting Sherman, he wanted Frane to drop out of the Party and to do special work for an organization called International Press Correspondence. Crane and Sherman went to Los Angeles where Sherman introduced Crane to an Italian couple who were later connected with Grane and Chambers in New York City. After publishing a newspaper in Los Angeles for three or four months, Sherman said that someone was after him and that he would have to leave. Sherman and Grane went to New York where Sherman introduced Crane to one "Bob", whom Crane has identified from a chotograph as "hittaker Chambers. Crane remained in New York a month or so and then returned to San Francisco whome. Sherman followed him a few months later and sailed for the Orient.

After Sherman sailed for the Orient, Crane returned to New York City where he worked for Chambers doing photographic work. Crane recalled making several trips back and forth across the country, but could not recall the dates or reasons for this travel. He recalled meeting Chambers in San Francisco at the YNCA by prearrangement, at which time Chambers was registered under the name of Cantwell. Crane said that Chambers delivered to him a rubber money belt for safekeeping, and Crane kept it at home and later delivered it to Chambers in New York City. He recalled that Folkoff was with him and Chambers on one occasion while Chambers was in San Francisco at the time he delivered the money telt, but he was not certain that Folkoff was present when the money belt changed hands. He recalled the amount of money in the belt was at least two thousand dollars.

Crane stated that while in New York City after Sherman had left for the Orient, he again met the Italian couple whom he had not in Los Angeles. The Italians had no work to do and to keep them occupied Chambers instructed Crane to teach the Italian's wife photography, which he did. The Italian man was known as "Pete", and had fought in the Spanish Revolution. This Italian has subsequently been identified as Pater Hichaelangelo Nagrini. Crane said that the Italian was not working for the apparatus although he and Chambers had a fixed meeting with the Italian once a month. Crane recalled that he worked with Chambers in New York, Washington, and Paltimore, but only recalls doing photographic work in New York and Paltimore. He recalled on one occasion in Taltimore that he photographed Treasury Department and State Department documents every night for a week straight. He did not know the original source of these documents and stated he has no recollection of ever having met Alger Miss.

Crane recalled having met a red-haired Russian man named "Fetc" (Colonel Bykov), and has recently read that Chambers has identified this Russian as a colonel. He said that Chambers introduced him to this man at a pre-arranged meeting in New York City.

Crane advised that in the fall of 1937 Chambers told him that their work had fallen into the hands of the Mazis and that everyone seemed to be traitors. It was decided that Crane should return to the Mest Coast and jet out of the work. Charbers told Crane that Sherman was living in Southern California, and warned him to stay away from Sherman and that everything would be all right. Crane advised that since his return to the West Coast he has had no connection whatever with Soviet espionage.

Crane advised that in about 1932 he met one Margaret Gutelius at a Communist Farty meeting in California. In September, 1934, he and this woman lived together in Berkeley, California, as man and wife, and they continued living in this manner during 1934 and 1935. He said that he could have had the money belt in his possession while residing with this woman in Berkeley. Then Crane returned to New York to work for Chambers, and up to the time that he left the work, he lived with Margaret Gutelius, who was then attending Columbia University Medical School. He stated that Gutelius knew that he was connected with some underground work and added that on one occasion she and Grane went with Colonel Bykov and Bykov's wife to a night club. (The Gutelius woman is presently residing in New Orleans, Louisiana, and her married name is Frs. James Watt.)

Crane advised he received a Leica camera from John Loomis Sherman in San Francisco and later gave it to Chambers in New York City. He believes that Chambers later gave the camera to the wife of the Italian to whom Crane gave lessons in photography. He believes this woman may still have this camera.

Crane stated that Chambers furnished him with money with which to purchase another Leicz camera in New York City. Crane had this camera until recently when it was obtained from him for examination by the FBI Laboratory. Crane recalls that he did some photographing of documents during one week in the summer of 1937 in an apartment in Mashington, D. C., occupied by a girl known to Chambers, and that this girl would be away from the apartment while the photographing was being done.

Crane recalled that Chambers had mentioned some persons in the younger set at the State Department, including the names of Alger Hiss, Laurence Duggan, Dean Acheson, Adolph Berle, and also the late Harry Dexter White. He stated that these conversations may have been with Colonel Bykov, and it was his impression that material was to be expected from some of these people or that

some of them were considered as possible sources of material. Crane said that he was subsequently surprised to read some of the anti-Soviet statements made by Adolph Berle.

With further reference to Colonel Bykov, Crane advised that he was probably introduced to Colonel Bykov by Chambers and that he, Crane, kept prearranged meetings with Colonel Bykov on the average of once or twice a month. Crane said he never really knew the reason for his contacts with Bykov but on occasions he delivered money from Bykov to Chambers and cometimes, when Chambers could not keep meetings with Bykov, Chambers would send Crane.

During the course of the interviews with Crane, a search of his home was made with his consent. However, this search revealed no film or documents pertinent to this case. Crane had a Leica camera in his possession which he uses in connection with his livelihood as a photographer. This camera has been examined by the FBI Laboratory, and no identification has been made with the "pumpkin" film in this case.

There are minor discrepancies in Grane's story which are being checked with Whittaker Chambers during the course of the current interviews with Grane in an effort to obtain complete and accurate facts.

Upon completion of Crane's interviews you will be furnished with the results thereof immediately upon their receipt by this Dureau.

For your information, the report of Special Agent Jose, h N. Kelly, New York, New York, dated February 8, 1949, in the case entitled, "Jay David Whittaker Chambers, with aliases, et al; Ferjury; Espionage - R; Internal Security R", was furnished to Assistant Attorney General Alexander H. Campbell, Criminal Division, by memorandum dated February 13, 1949. Information is set out on page 42 of this report to the effect that Chambers identified a photograph of William Edward Crane as "Keith".

The report of Special Agent Robert F. M. O'Keefe, New York, New York, dated February 21, 1949, in the same case, was furnished to Mr. Campbell by memorandum dated March 7, 1949. Information concerning the identification of Crane as "Keith" is contained on page 22 of this report, including information that Special Assistant to the Attorney Ceneral T. J. Ponegan has been advised for his consideration toward issuing a subpoena for Crane's appearance before the Federal Grand Jury in New York City.

I earnestly urge that the information in this memorandum not be disclosed to any outside source, at least until such time as the FEI has completed its interviews and investigation of Crane.

There have been a number of instances where information developed by this Pureau has reached newspapers and columnists, and it is becoming more and more difficult to conduct these investigations with premature stories reaching the press and columnists.

cc - Assistant Attorney General Alexander 1. Campbell Criminal Division

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FEDERA BUREAU OF INVESTIBATION

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HISS maintained safe deposit box at Riggs National Bank from October 14, 1935 to sometime subsequent to October 14, 1946, at which time last rent payment made. Loan made by ALGET and PRISCILLA HISS through Riggs National Bank on October 6, 1943 for \$6,000. Remaining balance of \$3,641.26 on November 14, 1947 paid off in full on that date. A signed power of attorney in the name of ALGER HISS dated July 28, 1938 submitted to Bureau Laboratory for handwriting examination. During February, 1949 \$500 paid to MAROLD ROSENWALD and \$2,500 to PAUL STRYCIER from the checking account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS.

- P -

SEFURENCE:

Bureau file 74-1333.

Teletype to Bureau January 24, 1949.

Teletype from New York January 26, 1949.

New York letter to Bureau January 27, 1949.

Letter to Buceau February 10, 1949.

Tale type to New York Fabruary 14, 1949.

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Details: At Washington, D. C.:

Pursuant to the service of a subpoena duces tecum taken on Mr. JOHN McCORVICK, Vice-President and Cashier, Riggs National Bank, 15th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., the records of the Riggs National Bank pertaining to the accounts of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS were examined by Agents of this of fice. These records were maintained at the Farmers and Mechanics Branch of the Riggs National Bank located at Wisconsin Avenue and M Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.

The said records of the Riggs National Bank reflect that on November 1, 1936 ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS opened a savings account, account number 10931 at the Farmers and Machanics Branch, Riggs National Bank, Washington, D. C. with a deposit of \$300. The signature card for this savings account reflected that AIGER and PRISCILLA HISS resided at 3415 Volta Place, N. W., Washington, D. C. According to this card, AIGER HISS was born on November 11, 1904 at Baltimore, Waryland; his mother's maldon name was MARY L. HUGHES; his place of employment was at the Department of State. PRISCILLA HISS on her signature card for this savings account indicated that she was a housewife; born Cotober 13, 1903 at Evanston, Illinois. Her mother's maiden name was SFRUILL.

A checking account was opened by PRISCILLA and ALGER HISS at the Farmers and Mechanics Branch of the Riggs National Bank July 24, 1933. On this signature card ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS gave as their residence 3411 O Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. and their bank reference as the Corn Exchange Bank and Irust Company, Manhattanville Branch, 125th Street and Broadway, New York City.

On October 6, 19h3 AIGER and PRISCILIA HISS negotiated a loan through the Riggs National Bank, Washington, D. C. for \$6,000, which loan was to be repaid in monthly installments. On November 1h, 19h7 there was outstanding a balance of \$3,641.26 on this loan. On this date AIGER and FRISCIMIA HISS baid off in full the balance remaining on this loan. On July 29, 1933 AIGER HISS signed a "power of attorney to collect money due on disbusing officers' checks", making the Higgs National Bank, Formers and Mechanics Branch, Wisconsin and M Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C. a true and lawful attorney to endorse ALGER HISS' name to collect money due on checks drawn in his favor by any disbursing officer of the United States. This power of attorney was signed on July 29, 1933 by AIGER HISS in the presence of two witnesses, namely, CECELIA and THERESA COMMOLLY, and swown to before a signature which appears to be S. S. SINCETCH, a notary public in Washington, D. C. On July 28, 1938 a second power of attorney was executed by AIGER HISS in the present time Mr. de LASHMUTT, a notary public in Washington, D. C. At the present time Mr. de LASHMUTT is the Manager of the Friendship Branch of the Riggs National Bank located at Wisconsin Avenue and Warren Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C. At the time that this power of attorney was executed, Mr. de LASHMUTT was Assistant Manager of the Farmers and Machanics Branch of the Riggs National Bank.

Photographic copies of these power of attorneys have been forwarded to the New York Office. The original of the power of attorney dated July 28, 1938 has been submitted to the Bureau Laboratory for handwriting comparison.

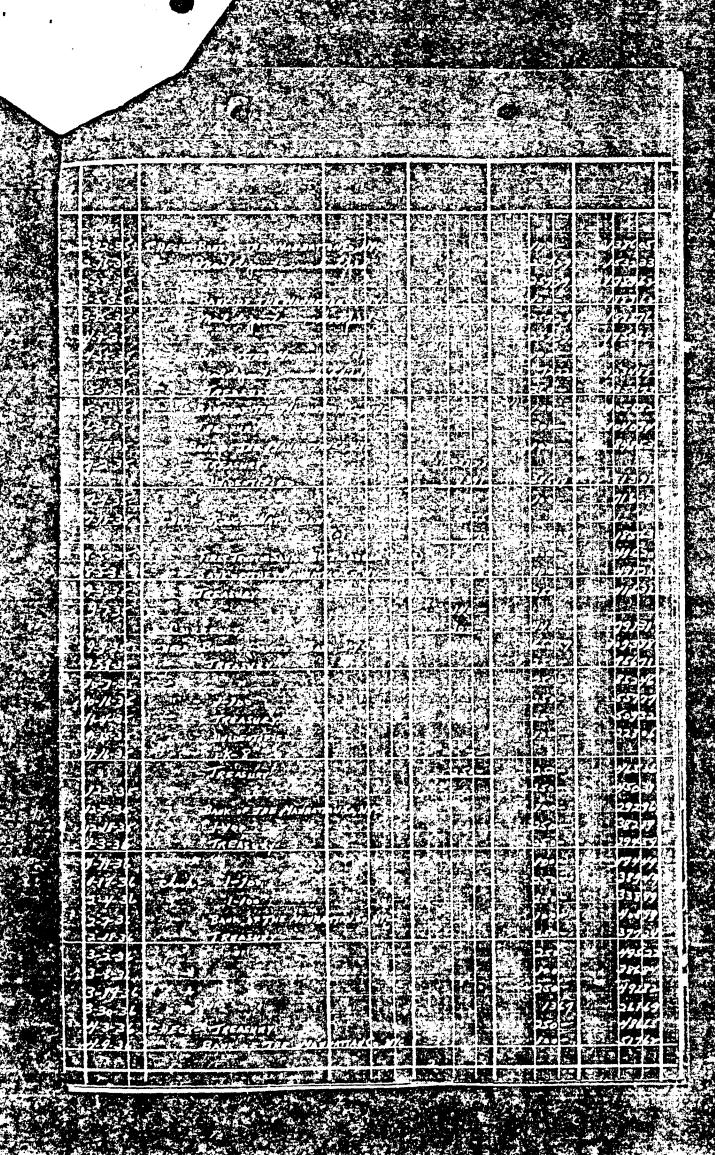
The records of the Riggs National Bank reflect that on October 14, 1935 PRISCILLA HISS gave her address as 3415 Volta Place, N. W., Washington, D. C. and rented a safety deposit box, number 423, at the Farmers and Mechanics Branch of the Riggs National Bank, Washington, D. C. On July 25, 1939 PRISCILLA HISS appointed AIGER HISS as a deputy authorized to enter the safety deposit box. From 1935 to October 14, 1946 regular payments for rent of \$5 per annum were made to the Riggs National Bank. The last payment was made on October 14, 1946. There is in the files of the Riggs National Bank a surrender of the safety deposit box signed by PRISCILLA HISS on which no date appears. Photographic copies of the safety deposit record are being submitted to the New York Office.

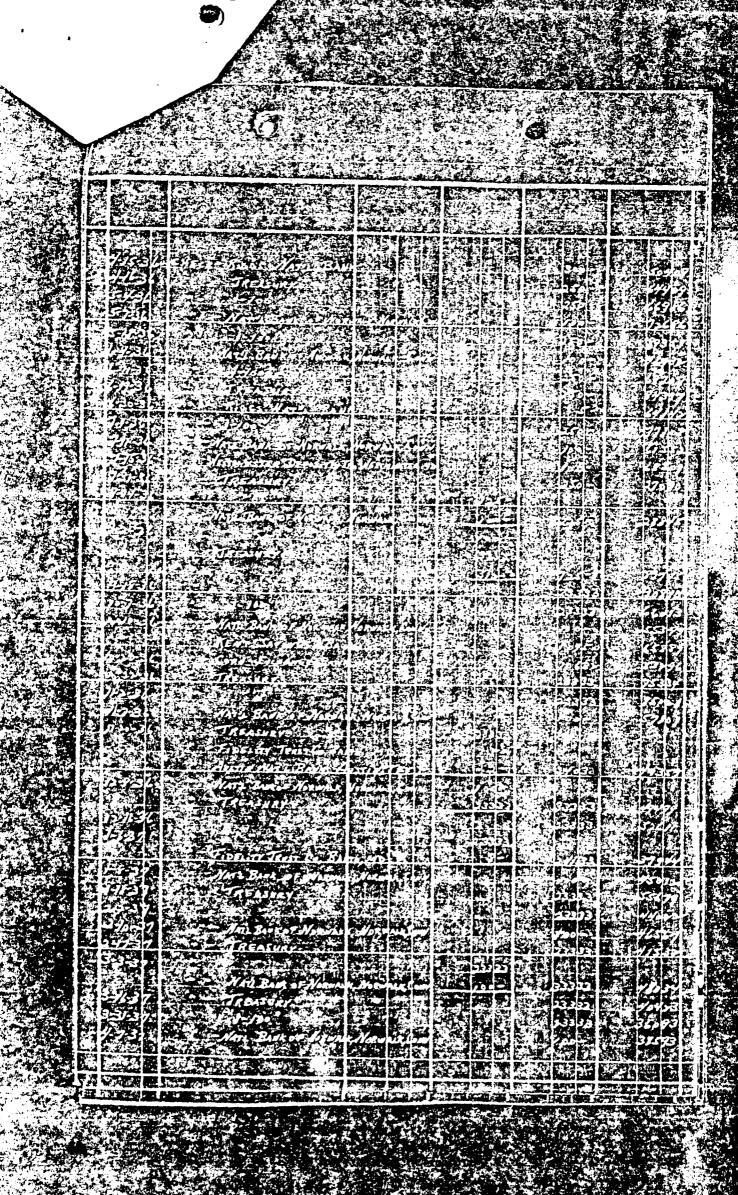
There is being transmitted berewith to the New York Office a photographic copy of a letter dated January 3, 1948 from ALGER HISS, 22 East Eighth Street, New York 3, New York to the Riggs National Bank requesting information as to the interest credited to his savings account during 1947. This letter is handwritten on stationery printed with the address of ALGER HISS. Attached to this is a photographic copy of the answer from the Riggs National Bank dated January 6, 1948 to ALGER HISS.

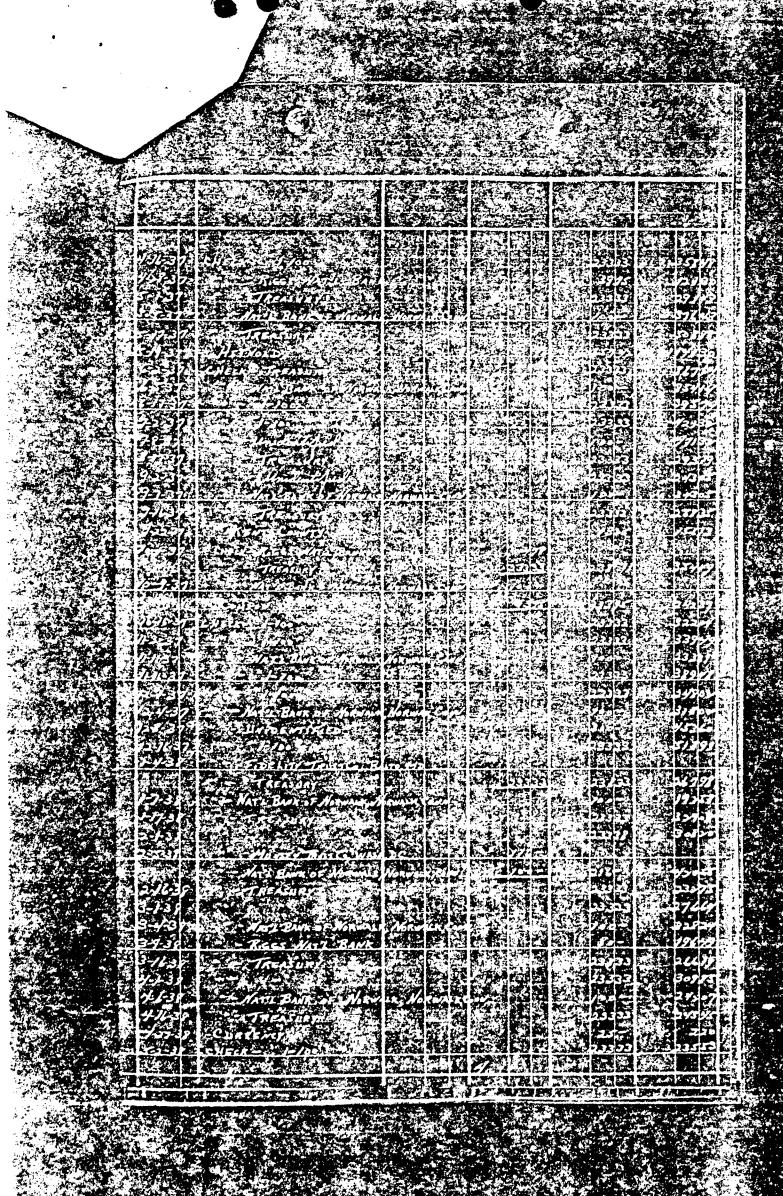
There is also a letter dated January 13, 1949 typed on the stationery of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, 700 Jackson Place, Washington, D. C. to the Riggs National Bank, forwarding check number 38375 in the amount of \$716.93 to be deposited to the credit of ALGER HISS.

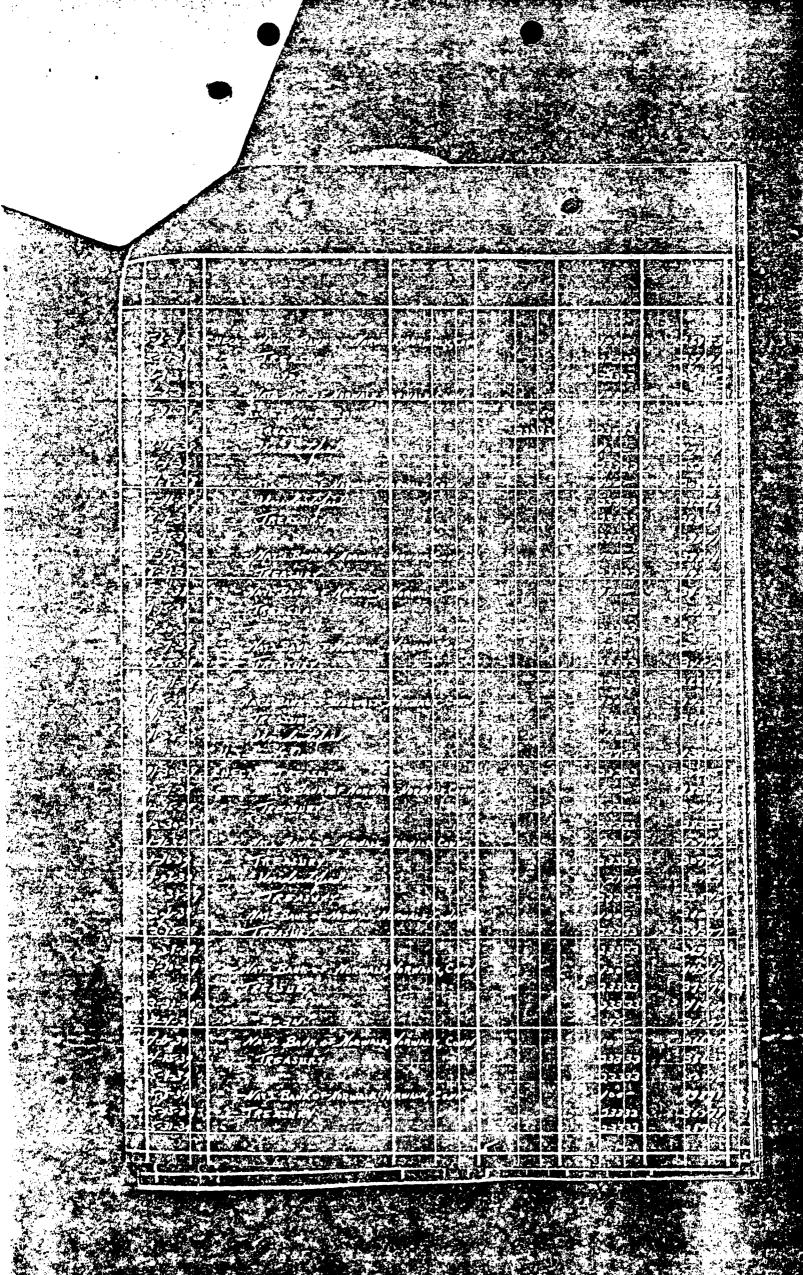
The analysis of the savings account of AIGER and PRISCILLA HISS at the Farmers and Mechanics Branch, Riggs National Bank, Washington, D. C. reflect that this account was opened on November 4, 1936 with a deposit of \$300. The following is a list of the deposits to this account from November 4, 1936 to date, together with such information as to the source of these deposits as was contained on the deposit slips:

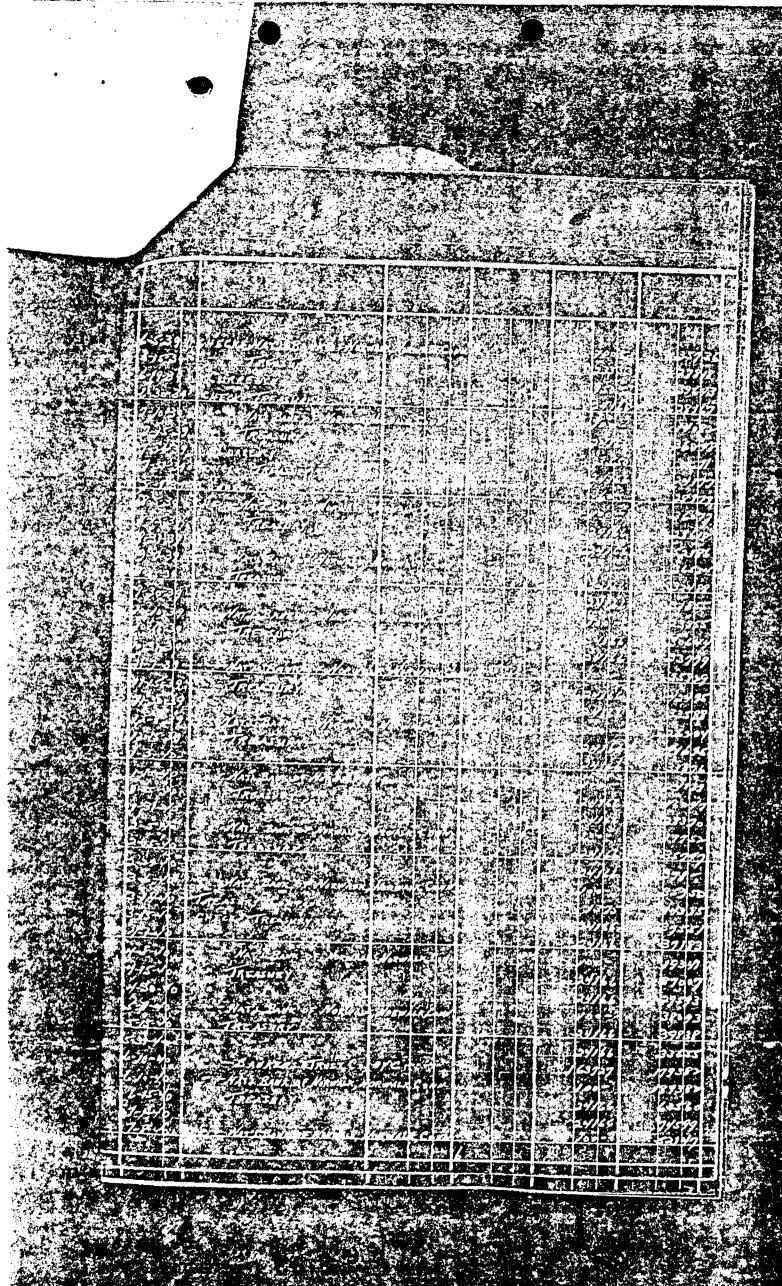
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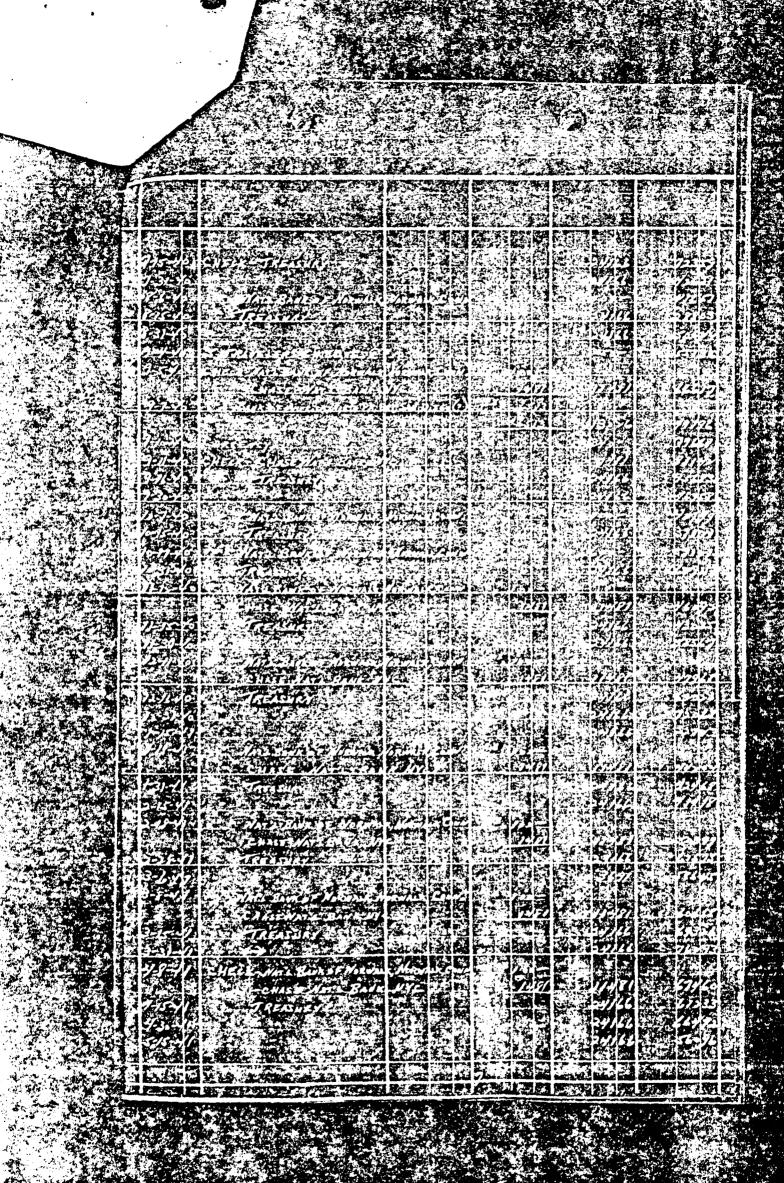


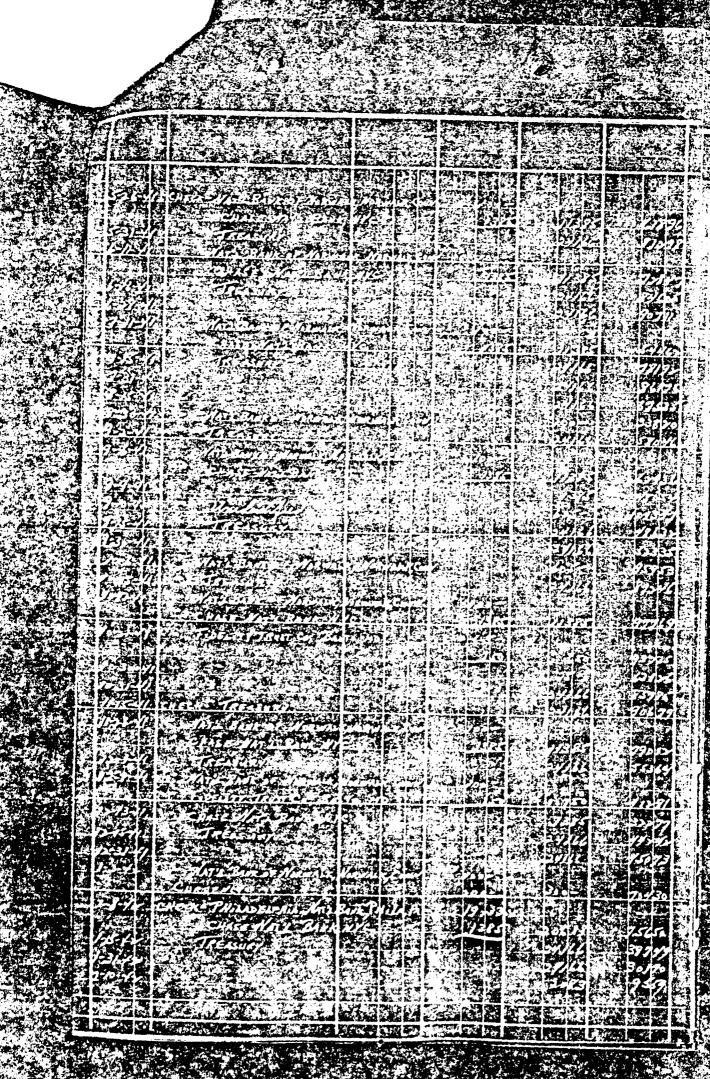


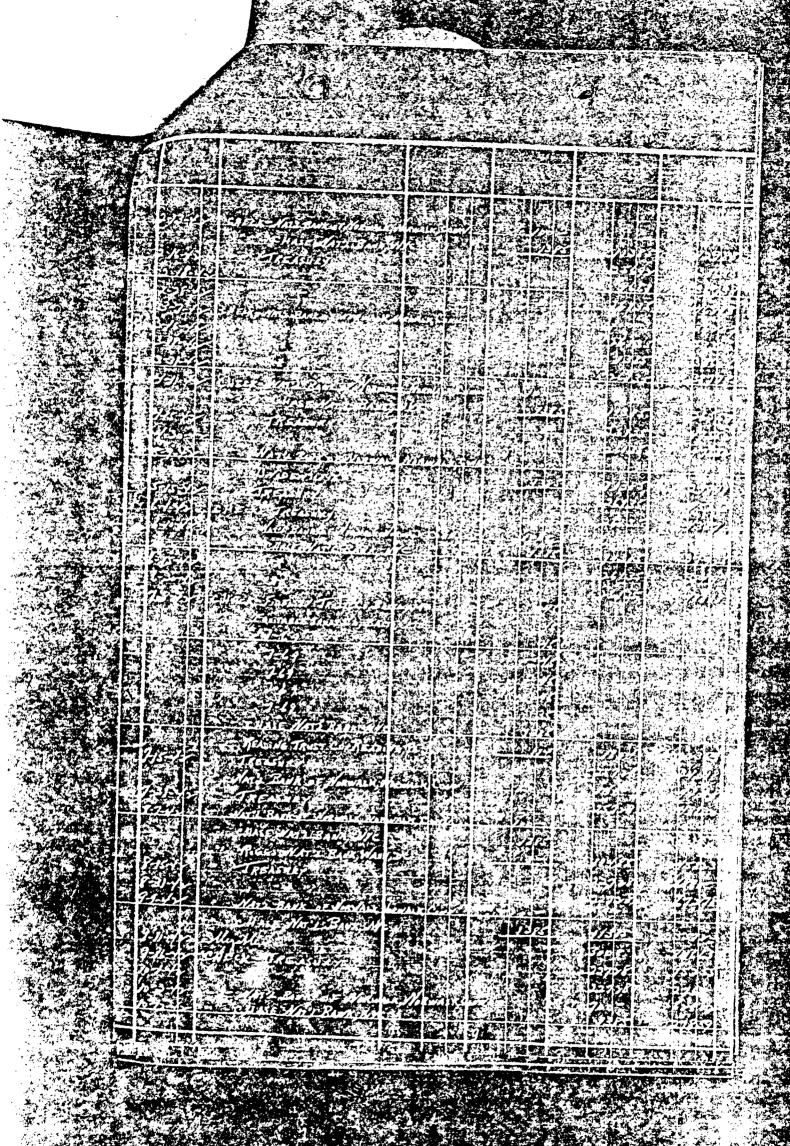


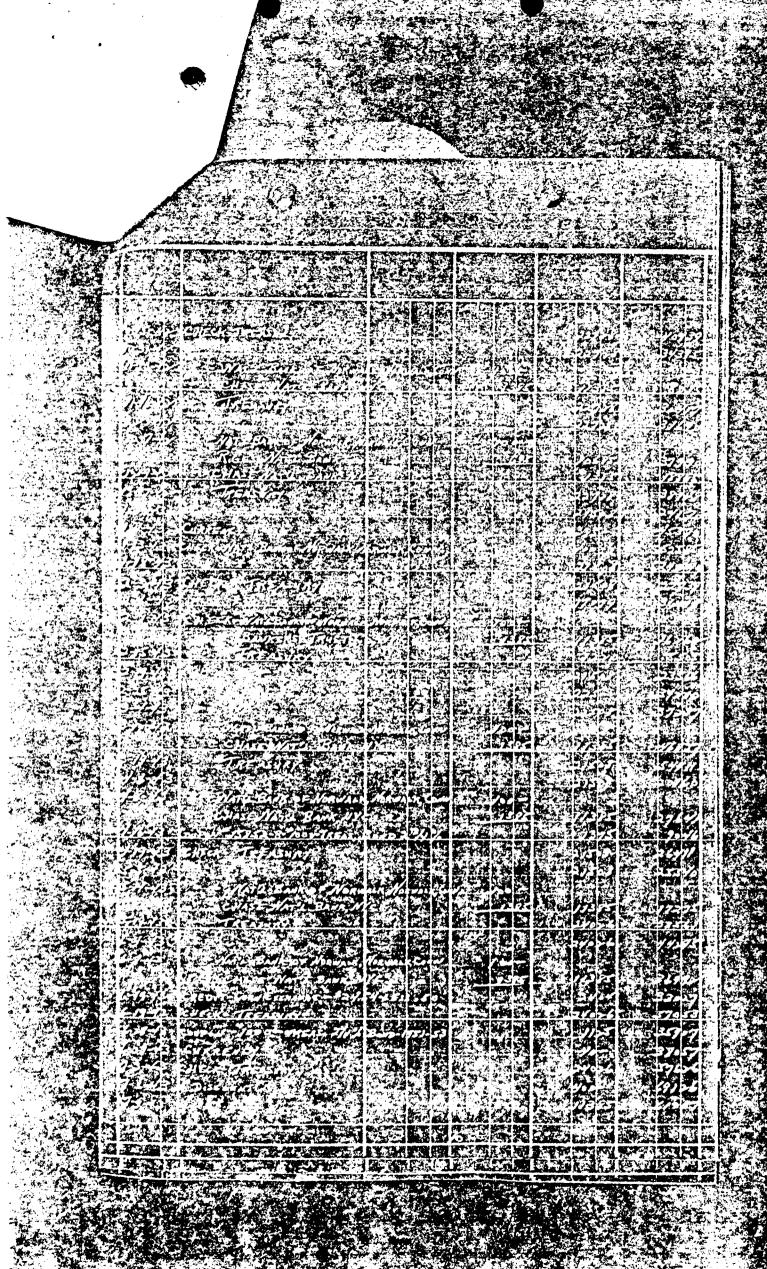


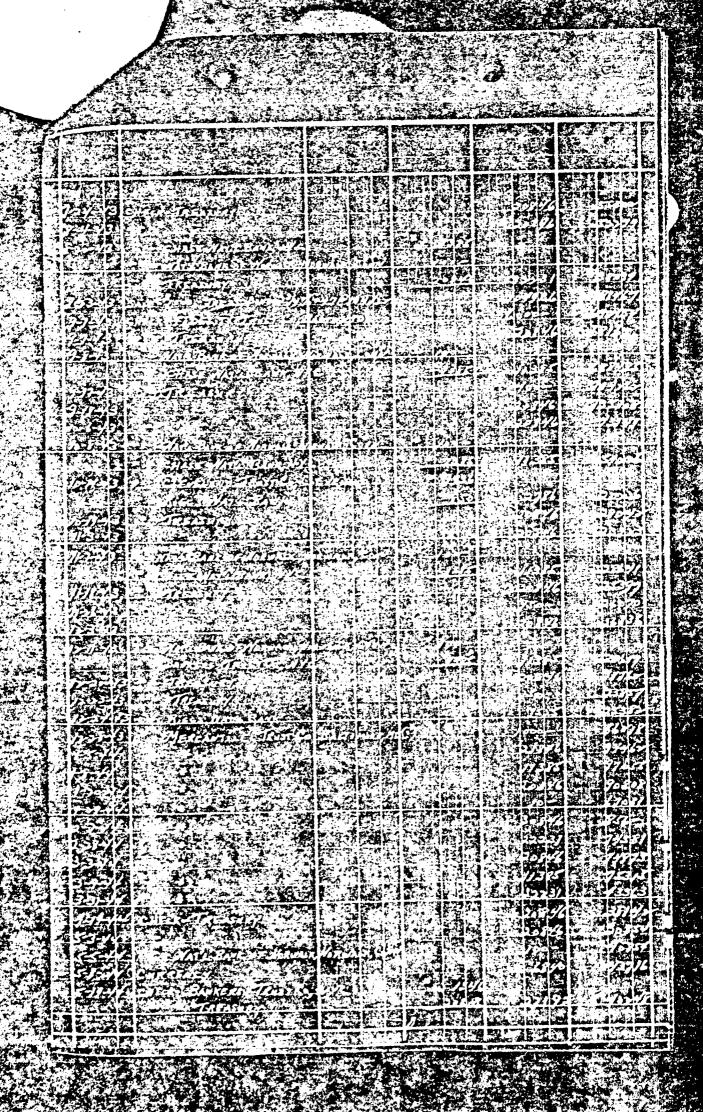


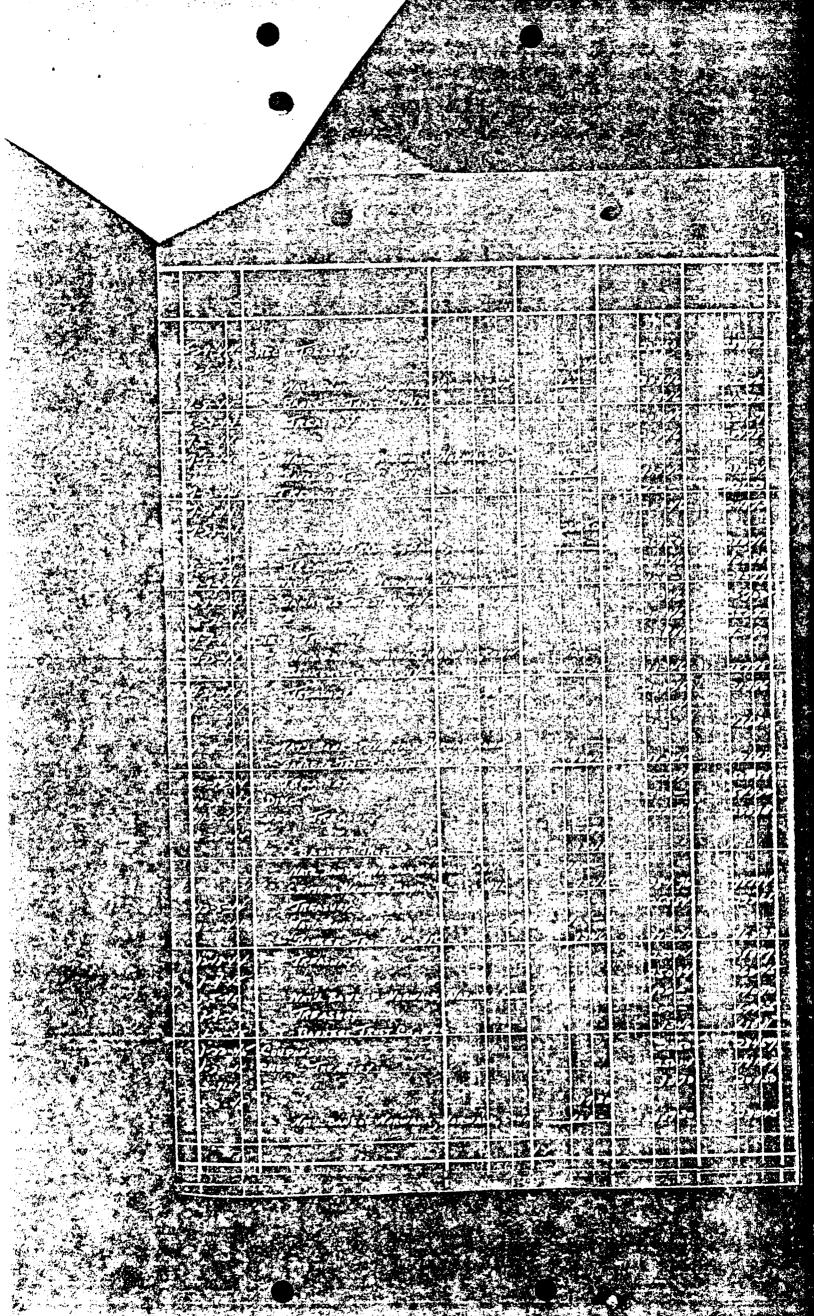


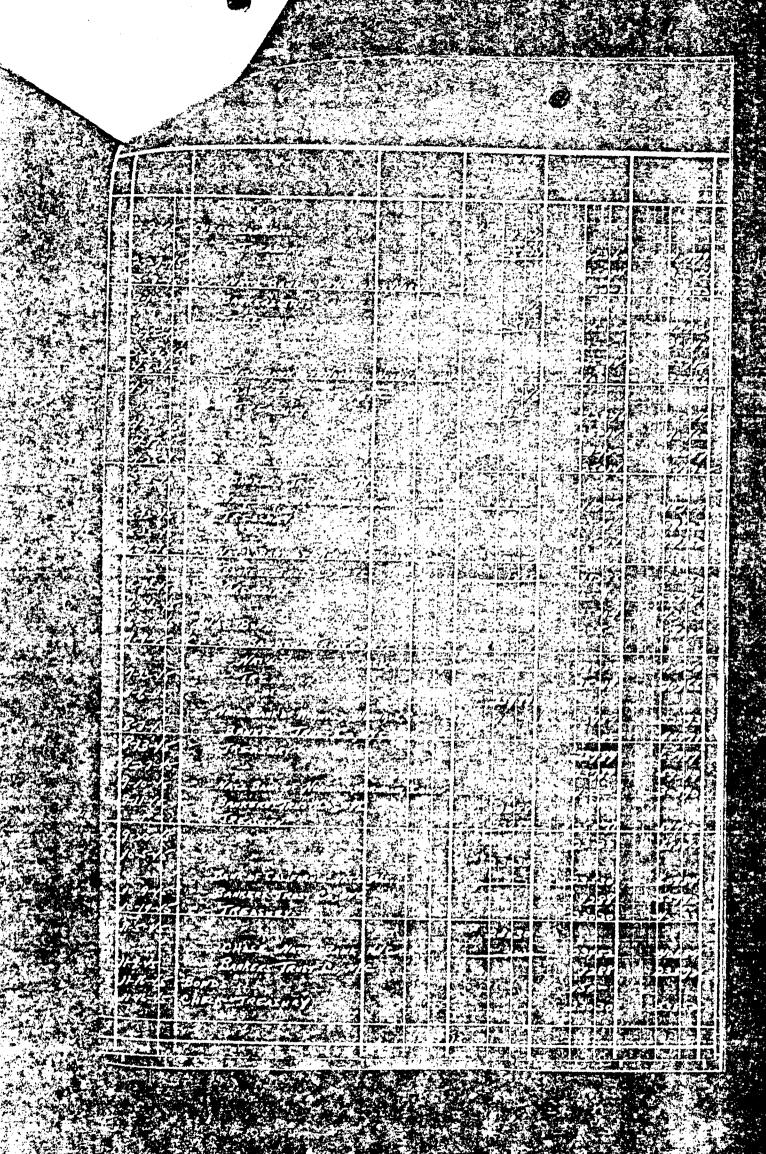


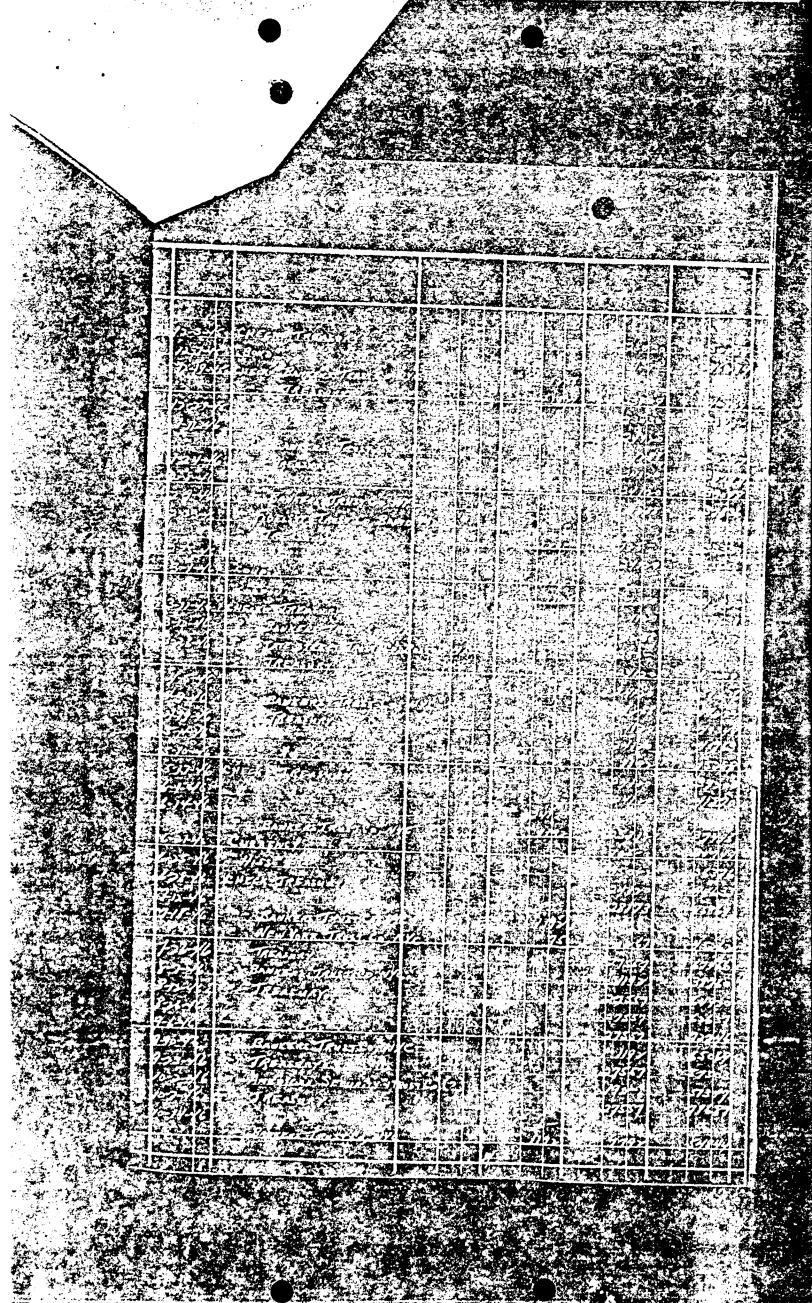


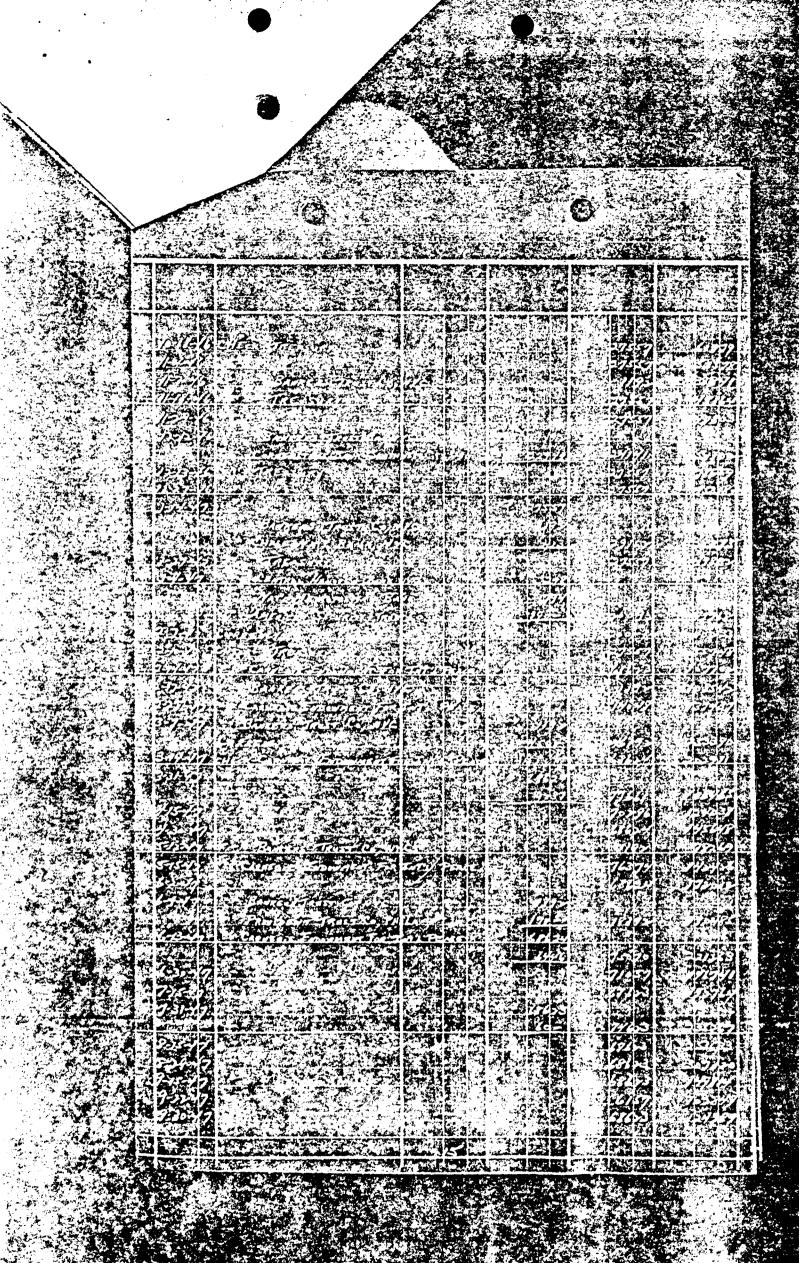


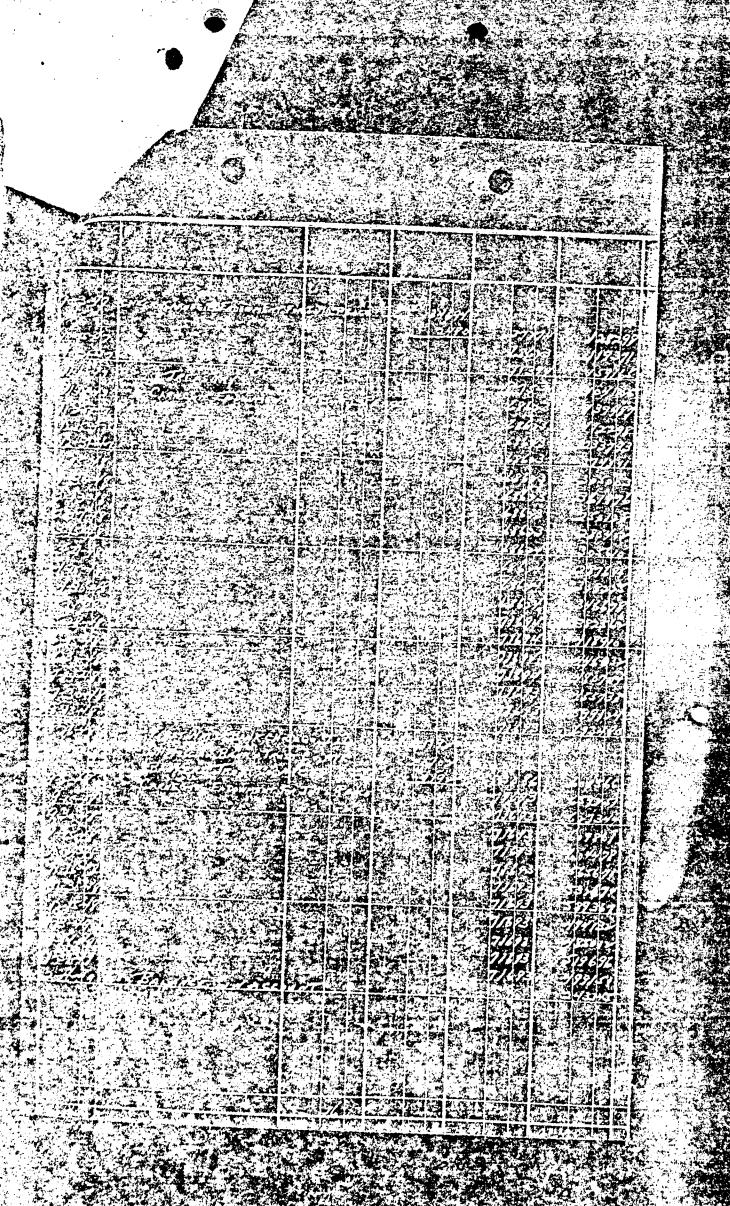








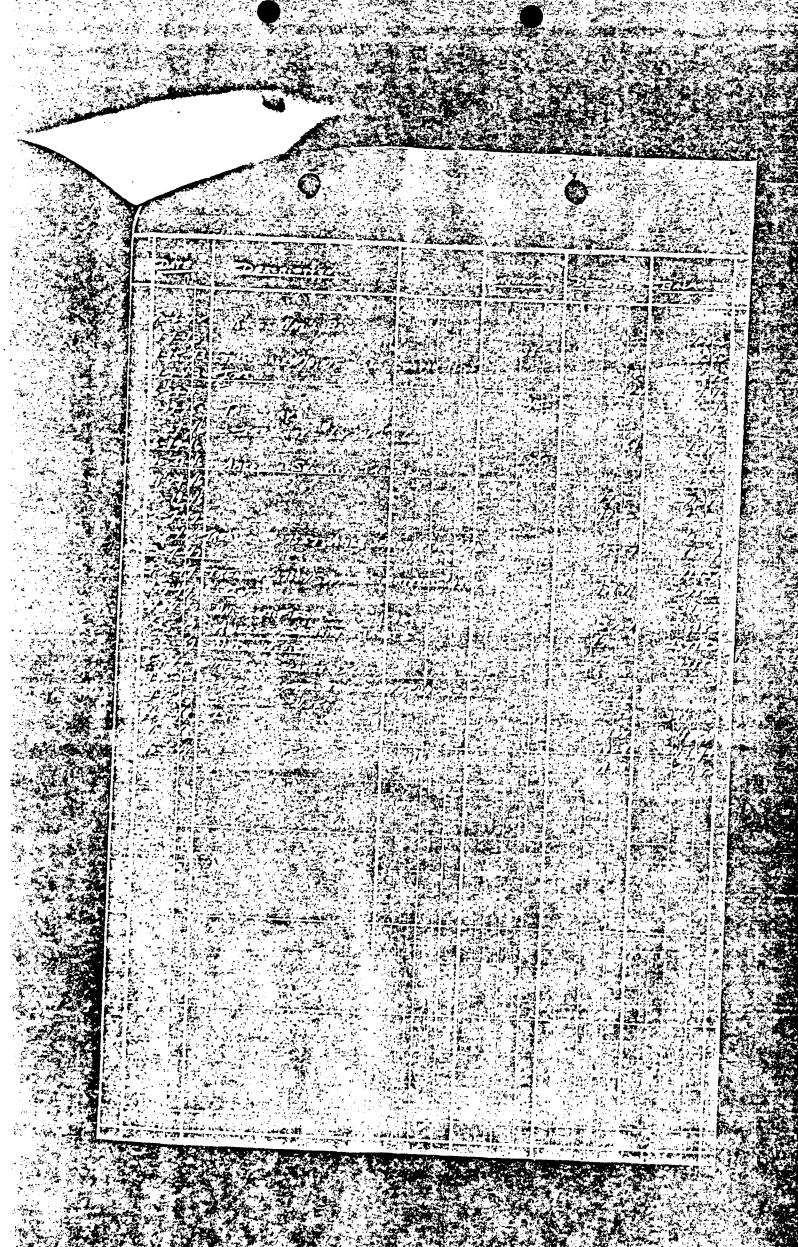




The withdrawal of \$400 on November 19, 1937 is probably part of the \$500 which WHITTAKER CHAMBERS alleged he received from PRISCILIA HISS early in 1938 which was to be used to purchase a car. It is to be noted that after this withdrawal the balance in this account amounted to \$40.46. This withdrawal of \$400 is supported by a withdrawal slip in that amount on the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS, Farmers and Mechanics Branch, Riggs National Bank, which withdrawal slip is signed by PRISCILLA HISS. The original of this withdrawal slip is being maintained at the Riggs National Bank. Photographic copy of this slip is being forwarded to the New York Office.

The checking account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS at the Farmers and Mechanics Branch, Riggs National Bank was analyzed from June 6, 1934 to February 1, 1949 in so far as deposits to this account were concerned. It is to be noted that this checking account was opened on July 24, 1933. There are no records at the Riggs National Bank on the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS prior to June, 1934. The description appearing on this analysis as subsequently set forth is that appearing on the deposit slip. There is no further details available inasmuch as it is the policy of the Riggs National Bank to destroy the recordak film of foreign items within a period of 3 to 6 months after said items have been deposited, inasmuch as they feel that these film serve no further service. Local items are not recordaked at any time by the Riggs National Bank. It is to be pointed out further that on some occasions deposit slips could not be located in the files of the Farmers and Mechanics Branch, Riggs National Bank and where this situation arose, a blank space marked by an asterisk is left in the following analysis indicating that such deposit slips could not be located:

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It is to be noted in the foregoing analysis of deposits to the account of AIGER and PRISCILLA HISS, that the deposit slips supcorting the deposits to this account carried as identification a symbol number used by the American Bankers Association to identify banks. These numbers used on the deposit slip by the depositor to this account were tied into the bank indicated on the above schedule by use of the "key to the numerical system of the American Bankers Association". In some cases the number placed on the deposit slip could not be identified in this key of the American Bankers' Association. In such cases the number used on the deposit slip was placed in the column headed "Description" in lieu of any further identifying data.

In some instances the depositor to this account did not use the key but sufficient information was written thereon in some manner to identify the bank which was the souce of this deposit.

Deposit slips without any descriptive data whatsoever were marked for the purpose of this schedule as "unidentified".

The first check from the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace was deposited on February 14, 1947 in the amount of \$686.23. The last Treasury check deposited to the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS was on November 6, 1947 in the amount of \$75.

The following pertinent deposits were made to this account other than the Treasury checks and the checks from the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. These checks are being subdivided as to offices:

Baltimore Office:

On Cotober 28, 1943 a check for \$1,000 was deposited to the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS from the Mercantile Trust Company, Baltimore, Mary-land.

On December 28, 1934 a check for \$5 was drawn on the Baltimore Commercial Bank deposited to the account of AIGER and PRISCILLA HISS.

On July 28, 1912 a check for \$.45 drawn on the Equitable Trust Co., Baltimore, Maryland was deposited to this account.

Between the dates of December 28, 1934 and February 23, 1946, deposits totalling \$90.70 drawn on the account of the Fidelity Trust Company, Baltimore, were deposited to this account. In addition, on September 1, 1943 there was one deposit of \$1,000 consisting of a check drawn on the Fidelity Trust Company, Baltimore, Maryland deposited to this account.

A check drawn on the Westminster Deposit and Trust Company, Westminster, Maryland in the amount of \$100 was deposited to the account of ALGER HISS on July 15, 1936.

Boston Office:

A check drawn on the State Street Trust Company, Boston, Massachusetts in the amount of \$250 was deposited to the account of ALGER HISS on March 26,

On August 14, 1934 a check in the amount of \$6.40 drawn on the Third National Bank and Trust Company, Springfield, Mass. deposited to the account

Chicago Office:

A check for \$11.92 drawn on the First National Bank, Chicago, Illinois was deposited in the account of ALGIER and PRISCILLA HISS on August 26, 1948.

Cleveland Office:

A check drawn on the Cleveland Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio in the amount of \$19.36 was deposited to the account of ALGER HISS on October 14, 1943.

Kansas City:

On December 12, 1946 a check in the amount of \$229.49 drawn on the Cornerstone Bank, South West City, Missouri was deposited to the account of ALGER

Los Angeles:

On August 5, 1935 a deposit was made to this account of \$300 consisting of a check drawn on the First Trust and Savings Bank, Pasadena, California.

New Haven:

From May 7, 1936 to September 10, 1945, 105 deposits of \$100 each were made to this account which consisted of checks drawn on the National Bank of Norwalk, Norwalk, Connecticut. In addition, on October 17, 1940 a check for \$600; on October 6, 1941 a check for \$605; October 3, 1942 check for \$700, all drawn on the National Bank of Norwalk, Norwalk, Connecticut, were deposited to the ac-

New York:

On August 26, 1948 a check for \$7.02 drawn on the Chemical Bank and Trust Company, New York City deposited to this account.

Checks drawn on the National City Bank, New York, New York for \$100 each were deposited to the account of AIGER HISS on June 6, 1934; July 10, 1934

On July 18, 1946 a check for \$.75 drawn on the New York Trust Company, New York City, New York was deposited to the account of ALGER HISS.

Four checks of \$70 each were drawn on the Irving Trust Company, New York City, deposited to the account of AIGER HISS on June 28, 1934; July 30, 1934; September 4, 1934 and September 10, 1934.

Seven checks drawn on the Bank of Manhattan, New York City of \$100 each were deposited to the account of AIGER HISS from September, 1934 to Earch, 1935.

On January 3, 1935 a check for \$16.50 was deposited to the account of AICER HISS drawn on the Corn Exchange Bank, New York City. On October 20, 1936 a check for \$100 was drawn on this same bank and was deposited to this account.

Checks drawn on the Central Hanover Bank and Trust Company, New York City and deposited to the account of ALGER HISS consisted of one check of \$15.46 deposited on November 20, 1944 and one check of \$2.98 deposited on January 14, 1947.

From September 5, 1940 to April 8, 1941 eight monthly deposits of \$14.81 were made to the account of AIGER HISS drawn on the Chase National Bank, New York City. From May 26, 1941 to November 7, 1943 25 deposits of \$13.65 each were made to this account drawn on the Chase National Bank. On November 5, 1945 a deposit of \$4.22 and on November 14, 1947 a deposit of \$4.13 was made to the account of AIGER and PRISCIPLA HISS drawn on the Chase National Bank.

On September 9, 1935 a check of \$652.57 drawn on the Bowery Savings Bank was deposited to the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS.

Checks drawn on the Bankers Trust Company, New York City, were deposited to the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS and consisted of the following:

Deposit made June 10, 1940 - \$1,637.27.

Deposit on February 9, 1943 and December 11, 1943 of \$13.85 each.

- 12 deposits of \$13.46 each in period May 19, 1944 to April 10, 1945.
- 11 deposits of \$12.88 each from May 8, 1945 to April 9, 1946.
- 13 deposits of \$11.92 each in period June 14, 1946 to August 27, 1948.

Philadelphia Office;

On June 9, 1947 a deposit of \$170 was made to the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS, which deposit consisted of a check drawn on the Provident Trust Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

On October 23, 1934 a deposit of \$15.86 and on January 8, 1942 a deposit of \$192.93 was made to the account of ALGER HISS, both of which were drawn on the Philadelphia National Bank, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

On July 8, 1912 a check for \$1.14 was deposited to the account of ALGER and PRISCILIA HISS drawn on the Reading Trust Company, Reading, Pa.

San Antonio Office:

Two deposits of \$2.00 each were made to the account of AIGER and PRISCILLA MISS consisting of checks drawn on the Austin National Bank, Austin, Texas. These deposits were made on November 27, 193h and November 20, 1936, respectively.

San Diego Office:

On September 7, 1940 two deposits of \$65.13 each were made to the account of ALMER and PRISCILLA HISS, which deposits consisted of checks drawn on the Bank of America, North Park Branch, San Diego, California.

Washington Field Office:

On February 5, 1938 a deposit was made to the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS consisting of a check drawn on the Munsey Trust Company, Washington, D. C. of \$116.

On October 2, 1946 and January 1, 1947 two deposits of \$190 each were made to the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS, which deposits consisted of checks drawn on the American Security and Trust Company, Washington, D. C.

In addition to the above, there is a check in the amount of \$5 drawn on the Bank of California, location not given, which was deposited to the account of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS.

It is to be noted that there are numerous checks drawn on the Riggs National Bank deposited to this account which have not been identified due to the fact that the Riggs National Bank maintains no recordak film of checks

l envelope containing photographic copies of the ledger sheets

and deposit slips of the chacking account of ALGER and PRISCILIA

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posit slips were dated July 25, 1946 for \$275.57 and July 11, 1946 for \$281.72. postt slips was not identical with that on the known specimens. typewriter. The Bureau Laboratory reported that the typewriting on these de-Laboratory for comparison with the known specimens of the Woodstock and Royal on a mail deposit form. These deposit slics were submitted to the Bureau PRISCILLA HISS, it was noted that two of these deposit slips were typewritten

In reviewing the deposit slips to the checking account of ALGER and

was a check made payable to one PAUL STRYCKER:

On February 3, 1949 a check for \$2,500 was charged to the account of ALAST and PRISCILLA HISS. According to officials of the bank, this check

Washington, D. C. was listed as July 23, 1907 and his former address 1718 que Street, N. W.,

pointed on September L, 1961. This report reflected that HAROLD ROSEMMALD to Washington, D. C. in 1939 from Boston, Massachusetts. His date of birth emap GIATMEROH HAROLD ROSEMAID came former employment listed as Foreign Economic Administration where she was apconstruction Finance Corporation, U. S. Commercial Office as an Attorney from Catober 21, 1945 to October 29, 1945, at a salary of \$4,300 per annum had her BETTY BOOTH ROSENWALD, who was listed as being employed at the Re-

thereafter. of this report he was on terminal leave and expected his discharge shortly Lieutanant, U. S. Mavy and had been in the service several years. At the time 35, white, male, with no dependants. He was said to have held the rank of a es beteil esw GIAWWR209 GIOSAN nottsmrolni tibero eint to emit ent ta

A check of the credit records, Washington, D. C. dated December 10, 1945 reflect that HAROLD and BRITY BOOTH ROSEWAALD reside at 2633 - loth Street,

employment is given as an Attorney for the Bureau of Economic Warfare. and BETTY BOOTH ROSEMMALD maintain an account at the Riggs Mational Bank. His Bank. The records of the Riggs National Bank reflect that HAROLD ROSENMALD payable to HAROLD ROSEWALD and was deposited or cashed at the Riggs National to the depositor, the bank officials informed this office that it was a check ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS. Inamuch as this check had not yet been returned On Jamary 28, 1949 a check for \$500 was drawn on the account of

record which would enable this office to identify the source of these deposits. drawn on accounts of their customers nor do they maintain any type of permanent

176-71# OAM

l envelope containing ledger cards and deposit slips and withdrawal slips of the savings account, 10931 of AIGER and PRISCILLA HISS at the Farmers and Mechanics Branch, Riggs National Bank.

l photographic copy of signature cards of ALGER and PRISCILLA HISS for both savings and checking account.

1 photographic copy of the loan ledger of AIGER and PRISCILLA HISS.

I photographic copy of power of attorney of AIGER HISS dated July 29, 1933.

1 photostatic copy of power of attorney of AIGER HISS July 28, 1938.

l photostatic copy of safe deposit record maintained in the name of PRISCILLA HISS consisting of three pages.

1 photographic copy of letter from ALGER HISS to the Riggs National Bank dated January 3, 1948.

1 photographic copy of letter dated January 6, 1948 to ALGER HISS from T. P. COWHILL, Assistant Manager, Riggs National Bank.

1 photographic copy of letter from Carnegie Endowment for International Peace dated January 13, 1949 to Riggs National Bank.

-PENDING-

Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell Criminal Division DATE: April 5, 1949 Director, FBI PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL UBJECT: JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, WITH ALIASES, ET AL

PER JURY

ESPIONAGE - R

INTERNAL SECURITY - R

There is enclosed herewith one copy of the report of Special Agent Joseph M. Kelly, New York City, dated March 30, 1949, which bears the caption "Alger Hiss, Perjury, Espionage - R, Internal Security - R." This report summarizes the available evidence to date in connection with this matter and contains considerable information concerning numerous individuals whose names have been mentioned during the investigation and who may possibly be called upon as witnesses by the Government or their names may come up during the course of the coming trial.

A copy of this report has been made available to Special Assistant to the Attorney General T. J. Donegan in New York City and to the Office of the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York.

Enclosure

John Halon Wy

74-1333-2775

51-12-6 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE APR 7 1949 : ... THYONON OF RESCHIES

GEN. CRIMIS SEO.

CRIM. -INTERNAL SECURITY SEC

COPY Office Memorandum • United States Government

Mr. Alexander M. Campbell

DATE: April 14, 1949

Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division

FROM Director, FBI

#45

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, WAS, ETAL

PERJURY; ESPIONAGE - R; INTERNAL SECURITY - R

The New York office of this Bureau has advised that Harold Rosen. wald who has conducted extensive investigation on behalf of Alger Hiss in connection with this case was formerly attached to the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice and was associated during this employment with Mr O. John Rogge, former Special Assistant to the Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division.

This is being furnished to you for your information in view of the fact that Rosenwald still may have some contacts in the Department from thom he may possibly attempt to obtain some information concerning the Government's case against Alger Hiss.

> 74-1333-2937 River Rose nurse FILED BY Ca AUG 24 1956 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AUG 22 1956 RECORDS BRANCH

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell

Criminal Division

DATE: May 12, 1949

Attention: Mr. Raymond P. Whearty Director, FBI

CONFIDENTIAL #47

JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, was. et al. PERJURY; ESPIONAGE - R INTERNAL SECURITY - R

During a recent conversation between agents of the New York Office of this Bureau and T. J. Donegan, Special Assistant to the Attorney General, and Assistant United States Attorney Thomas F. Murphy, Southern District of New York, who are handling the prosecution in this case, Messrs. Donegan and Murphy requested that a transcript of the testimony taken by the House Committee on Un-American Activities pertaining to the Hiss-Chambers matter be made available to them in the immediate future.

The New York Office has in its possession a copy of the House Committee on Un-American Activities testimony taken through September 9, 1948 which has been made available to Mr. Donegan. However, they requested that a transcript of the testimony subsequent to September 9, 1948 be obtained and made available to them if possible.

No action is being taken by this Bureau to obtain the desired transcript in accordance with the procedure which has been followed in this matter. The request is being brought to your attention in the event you may wish to take appropriate steps to secure the transcript desired by Messrs. Donegan and Murphy.

Pertiume 1 Norman Deut to 1) nevans 5/18, efter Conversation with 2) never 1 hundre so to material desired.

MAY 24 1943

CRIM - GEN. CRIME SEC. CRIM. -INTERNAL SECURITY SEC.

Office Memorianisms Unit Personal and Confidential

To: The Attorney General

Director - FBI

SUBJECT: JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, was, et al

PERJURY; ESPIONAGE - R; INTERNAL SECURITY R

Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated December 13,

1948, which set forth the results of the FBI Laboratory report concerning an
examination of the documents produced by Whittaker Chambers in Baltimare,
Maryland, on November 17, 1948. These documents were designated as Q-1
through Q-69.

The FBI Laboratory report reflected that the typewriting, which appeared on specimens Q-6 through Q-69, compared most closely to standards for Woodstock pica type spaced ten letters to the inch. The FBI Laboratory's files reflect that this style of type was made by the Woodstock Company in 1929.

During the course of a reinterview with Claudie Catlett, a former maid of Alger and Priscilla Hiss who worked intermittently from 1935 to 1939, she stated she recalls that Alger Hiss gave her family a typewriter which Hiss' attorneys now have in their possession and which may be the typewriter upon which the Chambers' documents were typed. Claudie Catlett stated she was unable to recall the information concerning this typewriter until she was interviewed by Hiss' attorneys recently, at which time an old typewriter was exhibited to her and she agreed that it looked like the typewriter which was given to her family by the Hisses.

Investigation which is currently being conducted has disclosed that this typewriter has been in numerous hands among the dolorate leneration in Washington, D. C., and thus far the exact dates that it was in the possession of some of these persons has not been established.

The typewriter was recovered on April 16, 1949, from Ira W. Lockey. Sr., colored, by Edward McLean, representing Alger Hiss and a Washington colored attorney, Charles H. Houston. Lockey has in his possession a receipt dated April 16, 1949, which acknowledges a fifteen dollar payment for a Woodstock typewriter, Serial No. 5N230099. It is noted that this serial number falls within the serial numbers of Woodstock typewriters manufactured in 1929. Current efforts are being made to trace the manufacture and sale of the typewriter bearing the afore-mentioned serial number.

While the above typewriter was in the possession of Ira W. Lockey, his sister-in-law, Bertha Hall, typed a prayer on this machine. This specimen is presently being examined by the FBI Laboratory in order-to-determine if

Tom humphy, h. S. cetty affect Au 24 19:

the typewriting thereon is identical with specimens Q-6 through Q-69. You will be advised of the results of this examination.

The above information is being brought to your attention in order that you may take any action which you deem advisable to obtain this typewriter for examination by the FBI Laboratory or to obtain specimens of the typewriting from this machine.

You will be advised of the complete circumstances surrounding this phase of the investigation immediately upon its receipt.

This information has been brought to the attention of Messrs. Donegan and Murphy by our New York Office.

cc - Mr. Alexander M. Campbell
Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division

Attention: Mr. Raymond P. Whearty

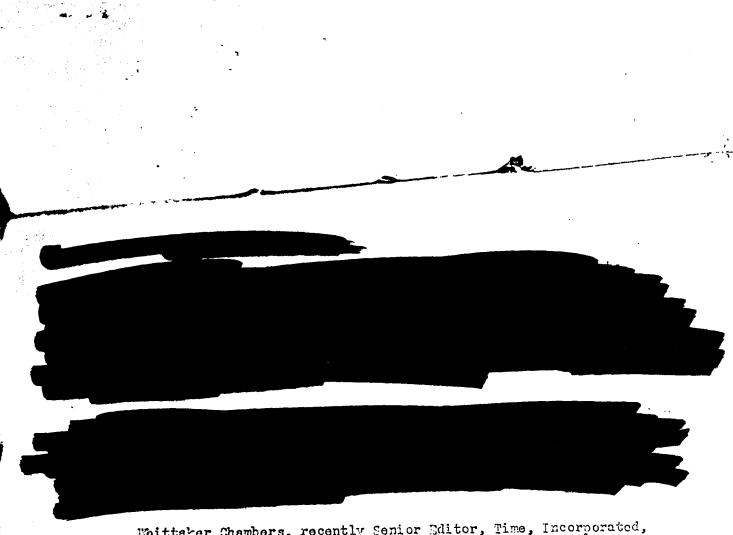
Than for Jay David White THE ATTORNEY GENERAL May 18, 1949 Director, FBI PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL JAY DAVID WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, WAS. ET AL, PERJURY, ESPIONAGE - R, INTERNAL SECURITY - R Reference is made to my memoranda to you dated May 16 and 18, 1949, concerning a Roodstock typewriter allegedly in the possession of the attorneys for Alger Hiss. There is attached hereto for the attention of Wr. Alexander W. Campbell Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division, one copy of the report of Special Agent John E. Howard dated May 18, 1949, at Washington, D. C., in the above captioned matter. This report covers the investigation developed with respect to the typewriter reportedly in the possession of the Hiss attorneys. One copy of this report has been made available to Mr. T. J. Donegan, Special Assistant to the Attorney General, by our New York Office... cc - Assistant Attorney General Alexander M. Campbell - Enclosure Criminal Division Attention: 4r. Raymond P. Whearty 14-1333 3079 DEPAIR FEB. .9 1951 DIVISION OF RECORDS

See Reference 121-4089-67

This document is a 5 page Memo dated 5-19-49 from the Director FBT.

This document was processed in view of the fact that a check of the index to our Central Records revealed a "see reference" concerning Whittaker Chambers. All reference pertinent to the request was released in this see reference.

The data not released in this see reference concerns an investigation of a third party, and therefore is of a non-pertinent nature to the request.



Whittaker Chambers, recently Senior Editor, Time, Incorporated, and former Editor of the "Daily Worker", advised that he never actually met Sol Adler but while he, Chambers, was a member of the Mashington, D. C. Communist Party underground, one J. Peters informed him that Schlomer Adler of the Treasury Department was supplying him, Peters, with weekly summaries of information which Adler had obtained through his employment with the Treasury Department. Chambers believed Peters at that time to be the head of the Underground Section of the Communist Party in the United States. Chambers further related that he could not advise as to what use the Communist Farty would have for information of this nature but he expressed the opinion that probably the Communist Party had use for it for stock market activities. Chambers stated that he had no factual knowledge that Adler was actually a Communist Party member but he related that in view of the fact that Adler was furnishing information to Feters, then Adler must have been a Communist Farty member.

Chambers declined to furnish a signed statement and declined to appear before a Loyalty Board but did furnish affidavits to this effect to official representatives of the United States Treasury Department.

J. Peters, mentioned above by Whittaker Chambers, was a former Communist Party functionary in New York City who has recently been deported from the United States.

Fig. 1

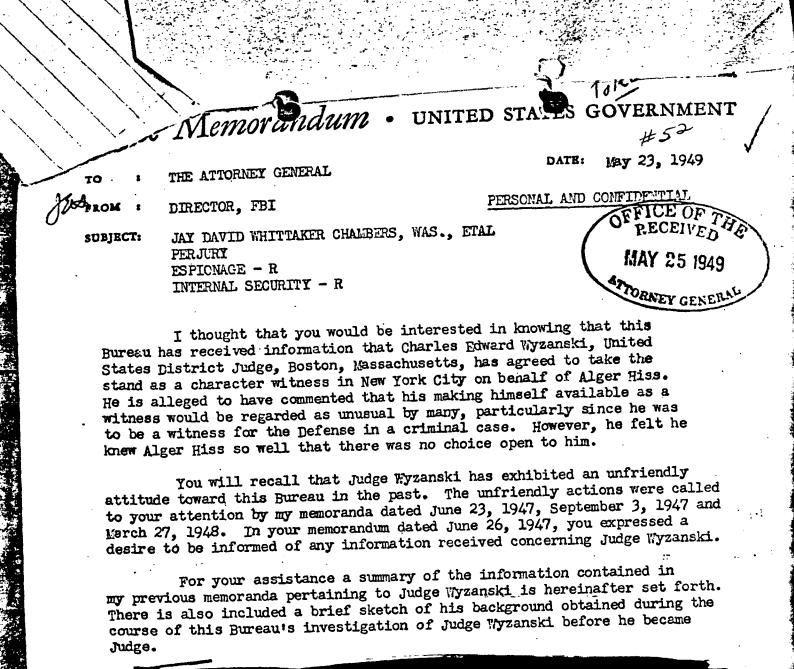
Section 92 Serial 3139 dated 5-23-49 consisting of 5 pages

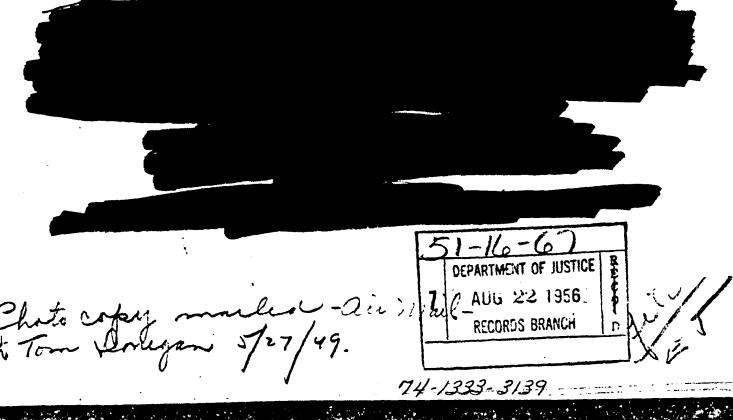
Memo from FBI, Director to Attorney General concerning Charles Edward Wyzanaski, United States District Judge, Boston, Massachusetts.

Excision on page 1 and total denial of pages 2, 3, 4 and 5 exempted under (b) (7) (C).

Pages 1 - 5 Information regarding third party including birth data, education, employment, residence address, which if disclosed would be invasion of privacy.

The released data is attached.







inventory Workshoot FD-503 (2-18-77)

Ro: SOJ- Referrals (month/year) File No:

File No:			No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
O. del	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	Actual	Released	(Idoline)
8erial 200 - 76016-17	1/28/5-4	New York Report	/	/	,
6016-20	3/4/54	NEW York REport	2	2	•
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NEW YORK

NEW YORK 1/28/54 1/21/54 WILLIAM A. JUNSON TILE CHARACTER OF CASE PRISCILLA PANSLER HOBSON HISS, ESPIONAGE - R INTERNAL SECURITY ACT.

1950

PRISCILIA HISS still resides at 22 E. 8th Street, MYC, and is still employed at the Doubleday Book Store, 475 Madison Avenue, HYC.

DETAILS: T-1, of unknown reliability, advised that PRISCILIA HISS still resides at 22 East Eighth Street, New York, Jew York, T-1 advised that this building is now managed by the New York University Properties, 10 East Eighth Street becded by a Mr. LANG.

T-2, of unknown reliability, advised that PHISCILIA HISS is still employed at 475 Madison Avenue, New York, New York, by the Doubleday Book Store.

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE - Bureau (100-376016) (部) 3 - New York (65-15867) The state of the s

OPERTY OF FEI-THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE 10 MED TO YOU BY THE FIN AND ARE BOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE OF

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NEW YORK 3/4/54 WILLIAM A 2/22,23/54 HEW YORK **ESPIONAS Z** PRISCILLA PANSIER HOBSON HISS, was INTERNAL GEOURITY ACT, 1950 the Contract of the Contract

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS

PRISCILLA HISS unreliably reported to have opened a book store in Queens, NY, however, subject still employed in a clerical capacity for Doubleday Book Shop, NYC. She has changed her place of employment from the Madison Avenue store of Doubleday to the Fifth Avenue store. Subject presently reported to be in the NY Hospital for a minor neck gland operation.

DETAILS:

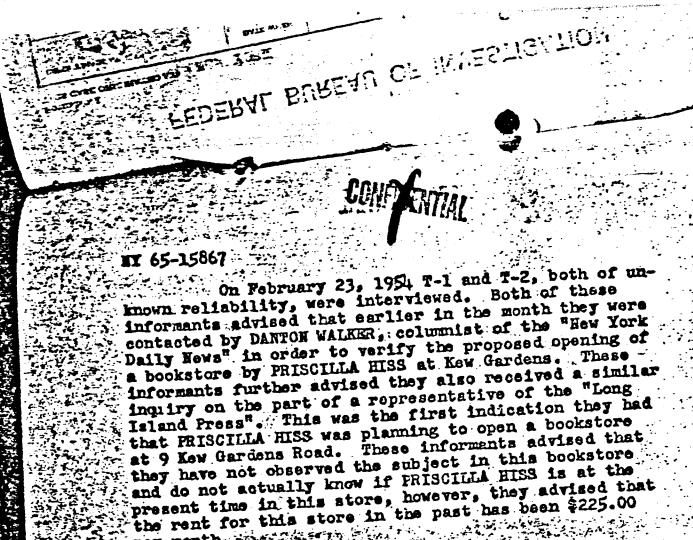
In DANTON WALKER's column entitled "Broadway" in the "New York Daily News" for February 8, 1954. appeared the following statement:

*Mrs. ALGER HISS opening a book store in Forest

On February 8, 1954 T-1, of unknown reliability, telephonically advised the New York Office that Mrs. ALGER HISS is planning to open a book store at 9 Kew Gardens Road, HISS is planning to open a book store at 9 Kew Gardens Road, Eaw Gardens, New York. T-1 advised that this property is managed by Farber and Whitman, and that the rental agent for Farber and Whitman is an individual named SLATER. for Farber and Whitman is an individual named SLATER. T-1 advised that the rent for the store to be used by Mrs. HISS is \$225.00 per month.

Mrs. HISS 15 422	116-20	51-16-	
APPROVED AMD SPECIAL AGENT	2/2/4	NOT WRITE IN FIRE STAFES	
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PROPERTY OF FRI-THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU BY THE FRI AND ARE NOT TO SE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE CONTENTS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE FRI AND ARE NOT TO SE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE CONTENTS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT



on February 24, 1954 T-3, of unknown reliability, on February 24, 1954 T-3, of unknown reliability, advised that PRISCILLA HISS is still employed by the advised that PRISCILLA HISS is still employed by the Doubleday Book Shop, Incorporated, in New York City; Doubleday Book Shop at 475 Hadison ferred from the 575 Hadison ferred f

PRISCILLA HISS contacted her and advised her that she was having difficulty with a gland in her nock and planned to enter the New York Hospital (Cornell Medical Planned to enter the planned to remain for about two days Center); where she planned to remain for about two days for surgery. As of February 23, 1954, according to T-3, PRISCILLA HISS was still in the hospital.

T-3 further advised that she was aware of the publicity concerning the possible opening of a bookstore in Queens by PRISCILLA HISS, however, she advised that PRISCILLA HISS has made no mention of this advised that PRISCILLA HISS has made no mention of this fact, and she has heard nothing further about it.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

#105 THE PARTY IS

FORM NO. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT DATE WHEN 4/24: 5/24: Billia L. Johnson REPORT MADE AT nul 16 194 ACT ANY PORCE CHARACTER OF CASE colonia - 13 letter 1 PRINCILL FAMILL BUNGUA HILE, was emplests and 1500 Harrist Car Car Car Car and the second of the second

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SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Subject still regioes 22 L. 5th ftrest, 5TL, and is still played by the bouble bey sublishing formany at the first License store. Contects of the subject set out.

The suit Arms with a

Secretary many and secretary supply the first the first of the secretary secretary supply the first of the secretary secretary secretary supply the secretary secretar - Et sin T-1, or unimous reliebility, surface on toh 1974 that the subject is still employed as a citize at Loutie Ley Futlishing Concent and is employed as the of Lee at 435 firth Lvenus, her fork title.

Too, of unknown reliebility, saviese but the si jook still regides at 22 to ben ftrauto

was contacted by nor husband, and the started the started to mry of levisburg, Pennsylvania on the following dates: 2,4,0,21,17,22 and 23, 1954-

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ject was contected by hime the list a mine 5, 1956 the make ject was contected by hime the list a mine 5505 Greenless cod; faltimore, haryland, the mother of alice will.

on June 6, 19th and June 19, 19th, according to the subject was contacted by her brother, Thomas can

T-3, the subject was contacts			DE ESTE
APPROVED AND SPECIAL AGENT IN CHANGE	016-33 BO NOT	WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
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PROPERTY OF FEI-THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU BY THE FEI AND ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE & AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED.

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er 65-15867 Illinois. 1340 Horthern State Parkway, Chicago, was a witness at the trials of aid a Hitto.

T-3 also advised that on June), 1954 the subject remitteeted by one be 10012 is the wife of Pilling 10012 ecretary of the University of Permaylvania, and Lirector of the University of Fennsylvania press. Dills Souls is a close friend of mid-

T-3 also advised that on June 11. 1954 the subject AND PHIECILIA HISE. was contacted by Ars. Walfer A Cottage rauch, Athens Hill, burtons

To3 advised that P ICILIA HISS was contacted by the ville, Vermont. following and on the following dates: 6/24/54

a time to the state of the stat	6/24/54	
# 811#1#Bround	6/16/54	
inition tehools 105-11h I. 29th Etreet		- -
Les ideas (Lang legible)	6/24/54	
Hancock, was a second of the s	6/11/54	
Pox 15034 Eox 15034 Lew Haven, Connecticut Bryn Have College Fernaylvania	6/2/54	
	0) (I)~	
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American Friends Estrate 20 South 12th Street	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ر و و الرابط المرابط ا المحمد المرابط
Philadelphia 7. Females Co. California LPO 704. Ean Francisco, California	an wee	-DAŞAR — Y

ra C.=15067 💝

On May 12, 19 % of known reliability, advised time kine and Are. KENTATE EINCH moved to their present resicome of 212 North Fairt Avenue, Hanaronack, Line York, on Juni E, 1973, having previously resided at 177 Hagel Avenue, Hronk, Ext 2003, 124 advised that KENHETH SIRCE in an attention with olidoso at 150 Eroschap. H w York City.

Previous investigation in this case reflects that tim williast on December (, 1993 contacted Euric, New Jersey, telepirer Summit 6-1291-H listed to Howard J. Prantour, 52 Franklin Place, Sucalt, Box Jersey. The state of the state of

Row Jorney, lists Krs. H. L. SWANTOUT and one Miller L. Brantout (nor Frankfout) at 52 Franklin Place, Simile, New Jorney, Stations (nor Frankfout) at 52 Franklin Place, Simile, New Jorney,

on April 6, 1978 T-5, of known reliability, advised that one Morman LMB Subject resided at 19 Meaner Brook Villa 6, Presentable, New Jersey, in 1941. On April 9, 1976, 7-6, of known reliability, advised that one Kornan LAB Subjection, Exunk Lane, Village, Connecticut, and formerly of meadow Brook Village, Village, Village, Connecticut, and formerly of meadow Brook Village, Village, Village, Connecticut, and formerly of meadow Brook Village, Village, Village, Connecticut, and formerly of meadow Brook Village, Village, Village, Rev Jersey, was born on April 29, 1913 at Summit. New Jersey. He craduated from Earliton 1918 at Summit. New Jersey. He craduated from Earliton 13, 15%) at Summit, New Jersey. Be producted from Hamilton College and in 1941 ho ame occupied as a selection for Swince Erroward, Inc., 200 Fifth Avenue, as an Assistant Branch Kendrer of a kestern Union Office. T-6 savised that SMARTOUT er Blosen no military service.

LYING SMARTOUT resides at 52 Franklin Flace, Sugmit, her Jersoy, and the birth date was shown as Pebruary 20, 126 at Cambridge, Burningston, It is believed that she is the nother of Monthly Burningston. It is believed that she is the nother of Monthly Burningston. Elita Vila

T-8, or known reliability, advisor on June 22, 1956 that indicer of Post Office Box 936 is the Estimal City bank, Her Tork City. The Mexicoal City Bank is known to have been in touch with Palsonia Hiss on March 11, 1904 and June 2, 1814.

that he had had occapional contacts with Alma like at the This Sutions and subject that these contacts ture in connection with official duties. The advised that he law not visited with buildies socially but mentioned that he had also become EY 65-15867

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sequeinted with PRICCILLA HIES on the same besis in connection with United Rations activity and that she had been a spectator at the United Estions as recently as two months ago, prior to June, 1952, at which time T-9 was engaged in a conversation with here

was contacted by ALE WHITE ELUSEDI HAL, 433 West 21st Etreut. Ken York City.

T-10, of unknown reliability, advised that the bid-iyears and are quiet, well respected tenants. He knew nothing para and are quies, well respective. According to T-10 JON PA BENIGETHAL operates his own printing business.

The New York Telephone Directory reflects JONIPH LUNG-INTHALIS business address is 350 West Blat Street, Lew York

T-10 savised that AMS BLIKATHAL has no enlighen and is not employed but is very active in relief and welfare work and leaves her apartment regularly every day in connection with the relief and welfare work.

The New York Board of Elections reflect that as of 1952 ATE WHITE and JOSEPH BIUMFRIELL were registered with the Liberal Party. All was described as ege 51, married, thirty years residence in the state and city and born in the United States. JOSEPH BLUALTELL was described as age 55, married, fifty-five years in the state and city and born in the united States. This information was obtained by Et THOMAL J. McGvi.L. on June 27, 1952. 300

T-3 advised that on March 16, 1954 one blilles TH D. WHITE, 315 W. 107th Street, Kew York City, was in contact with PHISCILLA HISS.

7-11, of unknown reliability, advised on June 21,194 cording to I-II, WHITE, about two years ago, was known as Areband as she has stated that she will use her maiden name. End The state of the s

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in a recited at this salress for at least two years, according to T-11. T-11 sovies that retrie will's is either a testier or suspent at Columnia University and sovies that her how it is to promain as she aced there on varation. Helica whereit, according to T-11, is infinite roomate and some for some factorities in lies for they.

note of mitte withe and him. ELIZAPETH ERRETC. WHILE HUSBARD and according to an afficavit furnished by Martin White on an afficavit furnished by Martin White on an afficavit furnished by Martin White of the January 30, 1954 she indicated that one was divorced as and other charges have take to him ELIZAPETH B. WHITE. As of him charging her resided at 313 hast 40th Euroct, partient 51, 10, 1993 she resided at 313 hast 40th Euroct, partient 51, key York, and on January 30, 1994 resided at 315 key York, and on January 30, 1994 resided at 315 key York, and on January 30, 1994 resided at 315 key York, and on January 30, 1994 resided at 315 key York.

She furnished as her perceient accrets in care of white, her perceits, 300 laurel lane, Mariaco, Suspinsia. The According to 7-12, Kerrill whith cave the notable that in the event of an energency one are. CARDER L. Million, an sunt, event of an energency one are. CARDER L. Million, and sunt, event of white would be possible.

The records of T-12 indicated that Marie Marie is attended Entering Bernary College, 1940-1943; Polo Commenty Migh School, Pile, Illinois, 1934-1935; Prancis Shiper Junior College, Mi. Carrell, Illinois, 1930-1940; University of alborain, Mariana, Carrell, Illinois, 1945-1940; University of alborain, Mariana, Mariana, June 1945 to August 1945. Her previous employment Misconsin, June 1945 to August 1945. Her previous employment Misconsin, June 1945 to August 1945. Her previous, Illinois, Nt. Carrell, Maria Maria Maria Maria Maria Maria Maria Maria Carrell, Francis Shiper College, Nt. Carrell, Derentary Director, 1944-1946; Central Branch, Young Maria Christian Association, New York, New York, Interviewer 1943-1933.

According to the Records of T-12, MINITE WHITE is presently attenuing the Seachers College of Columbia University and is a candidate for her Master's Degree, as oring in "Chronicalists for her Master's Degree, as oring in "Chronicalists for her Master's Degree, as oring in "Chronicalists of Teaching Childhood Education—"Council University in (Pre-Service)." Her reculty savisor at Columbia University in Album Evilen.

According to T-12, BETTIE WHITE OIL practice teaching the past year at the Agree Russell Center, New York un RICS CRACE W. HILLEBRAND; at Ht. Korris Day Care Center, New York, unler Mics JAKE PARKETS and Mrs. MARIAN POOLE; Marian Procing terias I have School, Hew York, unler Mics FRISCILLA MARKS; Procingterias Day School, Hew York, unler Mics FRISCILLA MARKS;

ET 65-15867

13.

and at Public Echool 13h under ENTIL K. FAIRI

The transcription of air Barnard College record reflects that the attended this school from September, 1940 until June, 1943 when the rectived her A.B. begres. Nor birth date was shown as September 19, 1970 at Springfield, Ohio and her guardian was shown as Milker D. Milker D Pelo, Illinois.

*I was married from 1946 to 1952 and therefore have no record of gainful employment as I did not work those years".

100-376016-35. Albany report dated September 29, 1954, is not being released as not pertinent to the request as it reflects investigation findings concerning third parties totally unrelated to the Hiss case. The only reference to the name Hiss is in the Title of the case.





100-376016-38, is a New York report dated September 29, 1954 and we deleted data at the bottom of page 4 and all of page 5 under (b) (7) (D). This information is not to be made public with the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

SEAR X THAL

RECEIVED OCT 1 4 1954

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIONAL SECURITY DIVISION

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

HEY YORK #107 HILLIAM A. JOHNSON bar 0/2,16; 9/20,21/54 9/29/54 CHARACTER OF CASE MEN TORK R - Buanciece PRINCILLA FAMSLER HOSSON HISS, WAS INTERNAL SECURITY ACT, 1950

SYNOPSISOFFACTS: Contacts of PRISCILLA HISS set forth, PRISCILIA HISS imply to have a bank account at the Union Square Branch of the Haticael City Bank, HYC. No apparent unusual activity in this account.

T-1, of known reliability, advised that the following individuals or organizations contacted following individuals or organizations or organizations

monder -

FILED

r. HOBSON c/o Corset, La Capley FLM Geneva, Switzerlandon NOV 3 1954 (son of subject)

SOURCE Poscham, Vermont (believed to be DORIS SOULK)

CLARA B. STORER 60 S. 2nd Street Levisourg, Fennsylvania Date

July 2, 1954

August 18, 1954

August 15, 1954

F310: 3.33

	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
APPROVED AND SPECIAL ARBIT SECONDARIES	CIL-15-
6 - Bureen (100-376016)(RM) 2 - Philadelphia (RM) 2 - Jaltimore (65-2260)(RM) 2 - New York (65-15867)	RECORDS ENDICH D RECORDS ENDICH D AND WITHER IT HOR ITS CONTERTS ARE TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE THE AGENCY
TO YOUR TO YOU BY THE FELL	AND WITHER IT HOR ITS CONTENTS ARE TO BE STOTELLED

PROPERTY OF FBI-THIS REPORT IS LOANED TO YOU BY THE FEL, AND

HY 65-15867

Bender

AIGER HISS Pennsylvenia

Cemp Reviound Herrison, Meine

T. HOBSON L Rus Adhenien Febri Goneva, Switzerland

Techus Parsier 1340 Korthern State Parkway Chicago, Illincis

Dr. PSTHER L. RICHARDS 1.1 West Preston Street Beltimore 1, Haryland

Key York Friends Center The East 20th Street New York 3, New York

ALCER TIES CONT. Lewisburg, Pennsylvania

ALGER HISS Lewisburg, Fennsylvania

R. K. ALFORD East Chatham, New York (probably ROBERTA FARSLER . former wife of subject's brother, THOMAS PANSLER, and now wife of JOHN ALFORD, a Canadian, formarly head of the Pine Arts Department, University of Toronto, Canada

R. H. ALFORD 224 Leire Avenue Ketuchen, Kew Jersey Date

August 18, 1954

August 14, 1954

August 20, 1954

August 20, 1954

وأنتاه لحالها ووالعالمي والأوا

August 23, 1954

August 28, 1954

August 29, 1954

September 1, 1954

August 31, 1954

September 1, 1954

AT 65-15867

Sender

Chese Retionel Bank 84 Fifth Avenue New York 11, hew York

Dr. ESTEIR L. FICHARDS 11 West Preston Street Baltimore, Maryland

Killoolett Hancock, Vernont

AIGER HISS Lewisburg, Pennsylvenia

Box 939 (National City Bank) Church Street Station

S. D. CRAIG Sendy Beach 4 Greenport, New York

Northwestern Kutual Life Insurance Company 720 East Wisconsin Avenue Room 662 Milwaukee 2, Wisconsin

Hew York 36, How York

Teylor Kaid Service, Inc.

796 Lexington Avenue

New York City

JOHN ALFORD

R.F.D. 2

Pest Chetham. New York

R.F.D. 2

RIGER EISS 200 195 tree loss Lewisburg, Pennsylvania

Deto sainty by a

September 1, 1954

September 1, 1954 Long the season with the first

September 1, 1954

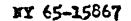
enter to the line September 1, 1954

September 2, 1954

September 4, 1954

September 4, 1954

September 8, 1954



C.E.S. (CLARA E. STONER) September 9, 1954 Tirdies coo sount someylvania

The Hest Freston . account a Baltimore 1, Maryland

Guaranty Trust Company
Box 495, Church Street Box 495, Church Street

JAMES GALLERY 70 East 12th Street ... W. St. Bur York 3, New York

TIMOTHY HOBSON Fabri Geneva, Switzerland

> ALGER HIES Lewisburg, Pennsylvania

design design of the state of t Lewisburg, Fennsylvenia

contact with the

Netional Orchestral Association September 13, 1954 Rew York 19, New York

September 7, 1954

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September 10, 1954

September 9, 1954

September 11, 1954

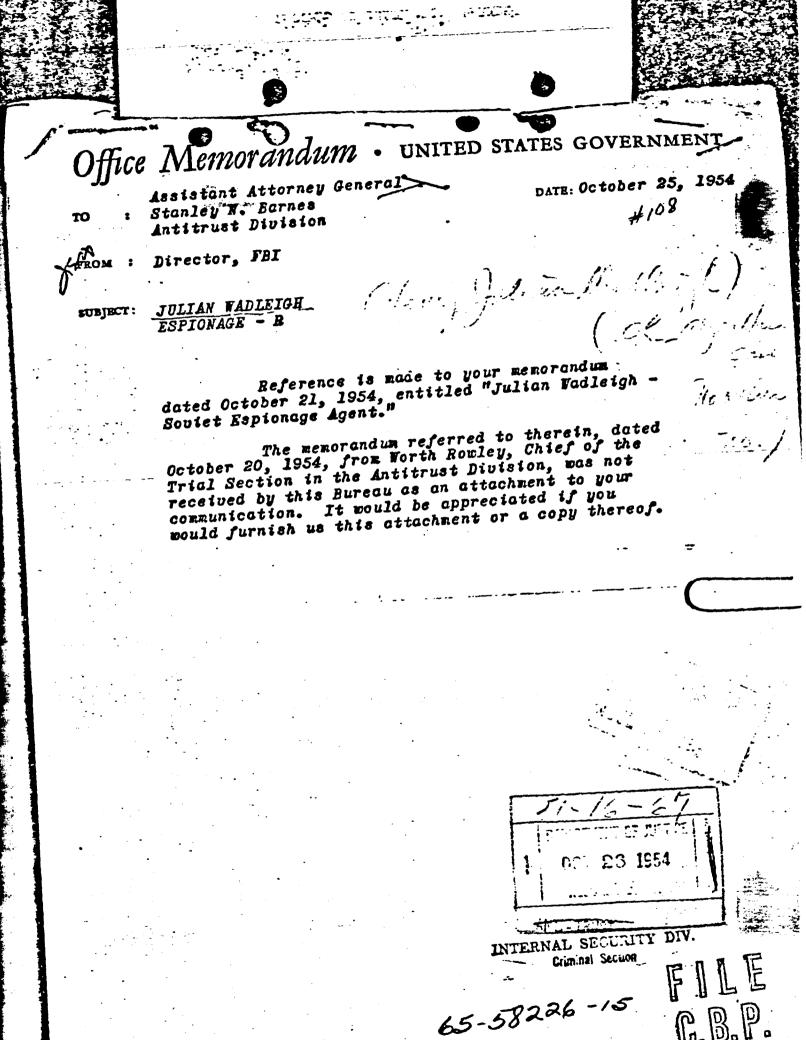
September 9, 1954

September 14, 1954

40 27 30 300

T-1 further advised that PRISCILLA HISS has been in





TATAL M. CHIE

100-376016-42, is a Baltimore report dated November 29, 1954. The document is not being released at it is not pertinent to the request. The document reflects investigative findings of a third party and the only reference to the Hiss name is in the title.

1







100-376016-43, is a Philadelphia report dated December 6, 1954. The document is not being released as it is not pertinent to the request. The document reflects investigative findings of a third party and the only reference to the Hiss name is in the title.



100-376016-44, is a New York report dated December 17, 1954. We are not releasing data from bottom of page 3 and total denial of pages 4, 5 and 6 as the data is not pertinent to the request. The data not being released reflects information uncovered thru investigations concerning individuals that contacted Priscilla Hiss.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVEST CONFIDENTIAL of 1. ON JAN 26 195 MEM KORK #16 PERIOD FOR WHICH MAD 10ниеой REPORT MADE AT ^{15;11/18;12/} WILLIAM A. 3/54 2/17/54 MEN YORK CHARACTER OF CAME ESPIONAGE - R INTERNAL SECURITY ACT TITLE

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

T-1 advised that ALGER HISS was scheduled to be re-leased from Lewisburg Penitentiary on 11/27/54 and will reside with the subject at her apartment, 22 E. Eth St., where he plans to write a book. According to T-1 PRISCILLA HISS has expressed fear of hodily harm from WHITTAKER CHAMEERS. Background of some of subject's contacts set out.

PRISCILLA FANSLER HOESON HISS, was

DETAILS

T-1, of known reliability, advised on November 16, 195h that ALGER MISS, husband of the subject, was scheduled

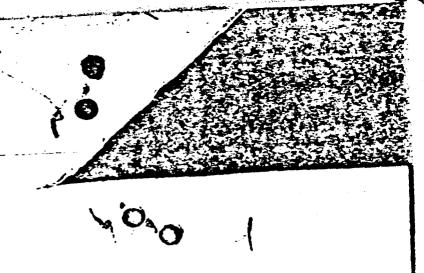
OF 1950

to be released from Lewisburg Penitentiary on November 27, 1954. T-1 advised that the subject was recently interviewed in her apartment at 22 East 7th Street, New York City, and advised that ALGER TISE, her husband, plans to reside with her and her son, TONY, at this address and that they have no present plans for moving to any other location. The subject plans for advised that ALGER LIGS has no present plans for also advised that ALGER LIGS has no present plans for employment.

File: JEB

10-376016-44 DO NOT WRITE IN THE APPROVED AND CEPACILIENT OF 12 1955 S COPIES OF THUS REPORT - Bureau (100-37:016 (R4) RECORDS BRETICH - Philadelphia (RM) - Newark (65-h622) (RM) MIX - New York (65-15867)

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NY 65-15867

The subject further advised T-1 that ALGER HISS plans on writing a book but she could furnish no details as to what this book would be about. She advised that as far as she knows her husband had not written anything while in prison. The subject advised written anything while in prison. The subject advised that HISS had received approximately 300 letters from her and her son, TONY, and that these letter had been carefully censored by the penitentiary. According to the subject, these letters had been turned over to the subject, these letters had been turned over to ment with the penitentiary. PRISCILLA HISS advised ment with the penitentiary. PRISCILLA HISS advised that these letters were censored again at the time they were turned over to the attorneys.

T-1 advised that the subject had been living rather frugally at 22 East 8th Street and that her son was under the care of a psychiatrist in New York and that he presently was attending the Dalton Schools. T-1 learned from the subject that the subject had been under the care of an elderly, female psychiatrist in Baltimore.

T-l advised that Mrs. HISS when interviewed had been very pleasant, cordial and cooperative. T-l advised that he had originally contacted the subject by letter asking her to contact him and that he subsequently received a telephone call from Mrs. BUTTENWEISER, who described herself as Mrs. HISS attorney. Mrs. BUTTENWEISER explained that she was only trying to verify the validity of the letter received by PRISCILLA HISS. T-l advised that during the conversation with Mrs. BUTTENWEISER she remarked that she knew that both her phone and that of Mrs. HISS was tapped and stated that she believed this because she heard monitoring apparatus being turned off and on when she used her telephone.

The subject also advised T-1 that for a considerable period of time after her husband was incarcerated, and wrongfully so, she had a very distinct fear that WHITTAKER CHAMBERS would some day do her bodily harm even to the extent of coming to

NY 65-15867

her apartment to carry out this act. T-1 advised that ALGER HISS, while at the federal penitentiary, was determined to have an IQ of 126. T-1 also advised that HISS would be under the jurisdiction of the Probation Officer, New York City, for 300 days commencing November 27, 1954, when he was released from the penitentiary.

T-2, of known reliability, furnished on Sentember 15, 1954 the following information as to

Contacted PRISCILLA HISS on March 7, 1954:

Name Address

Date of birth Wife Employment

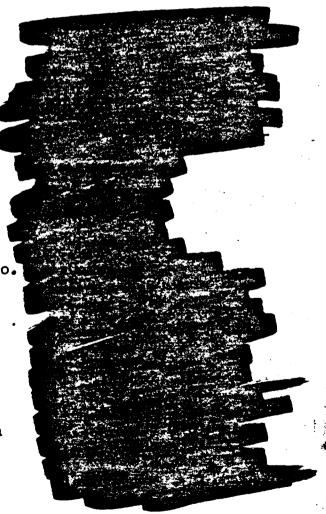
Height
Weight
Race
Eyes
Hair
Complexion
Social Security No.
Education

Married

Daughter

Son

Wife's last known employment





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 This case originated at HEW YORK

G: FEB 28 1955

HEFORT MADE AT

HES YORK

JET 1055 13/54

TITLE

ALGER HISS

DATE WHEN
MADE

11/23/24/12/8,

12/25/25/24/12/8,

GHARACTER OF CASE

INTERNAL SECURITY - R

COUNTE OF Violation of Title 18, USC 1621 (perjury). Sentenced 1/25/50 to five years imprisonment each count, sentences to run consurrently. Following unsuccessful appeal subject surrendered 3/21/51 to USM, SDNY, and committed 3/28/51 to U. S. Penitentiary, Lawisburg, Pennsylvania. Released 11/27/54 on conditional release. Tel, of known reliability, advised subject planned to reside with wife, PRISCILIA, and son, ANTHOUS, at 22 East Eighth Street, HYC, and to write book. On 12/8/54 Te2, of known reliability, advised subject observed aboard NI bound Penn. Reliroed train at Philadelphia, Fennsylvania, Tel sivised subject travelled to Beltimore, Maryland, on 12/7/54 to visit mother and steyed overnight. Subject claims to have tentative offers from Doubleday Doran Publishing Company for book by subject and from American Friends Service Committee, Philadelphia, to act as consultant on U. N. international affairs and prison welfare. Details set forth.

DETAILS: The files of the United States District Court, Southern District of Hew York, reflect that the Bubject was convicted on January 21, 1950 on two counts of Violation of Title 18, United States Code 1621 (perjury).

File: JER

APPROVED AND	SPECIAL AGENT				THE IN THESE SPACES		·	
FORWARDED	M CAAAL	·.			151-1	/	7	ļ
1 - Bureau (101-200 1 - Baltimore (Info 1 - Philadelphia (6 1 - Weshington Piet 3 - New York (105-1	o) (RM) 55-2440) (1 d (Info)	Info) (RM)	(EM)	. C.	JAN 20	JUSTICE 1955 1111 1	RR CORD.	V. 1%

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MY 105-10101

The first of these counts charged that HIBS testified untruthfully on December 15, 1948 before a Grand Jury in the Southern District of New York when HISE desied that he had delivered to WHITTAKER CHANDERS any State Department or anyother government organization decuments or copies thereof. The second count charged that HISS testified untruthfully on December 15, 1948 before the same Grand Jury when he testified that he had not seen WHITTAKER CHAPKERS after January 1, 1937. The indistment charging the shove two Violations was returned before United States District Judge John W. Clarcy, Southern District of New York, on December 15, 1948.

On December 16, 1948 MISS pleaded not guilty to both sounts of the indictment and released on \$5,000 bail.

on key 31, 1949 the first trial of HISS was commenced and ended on July 10, 1949 when the Jury was unable to reach a verdict. Retrial of MISS commenced on Movember 17, 1949 before United States District Judge MERRY W. GODDARD, Southern District of New York, and was concluded on January 20, 1950 when HISS was found guilty on both counts of the indictment.

years imprisonment on each of the two counts in the indictment, sentences to run concurrently. EISS was released on \$10,000 bail pending speal. Pollowing unsuccessful appeal and unanimous denial of a writ of certionari by the Supreme Court of the United States, KISS surrendered to the United States Hershel, Southern District of New York, on Herch 22, 1951 and was committed to the United States Penitentiary, Levisburg, Pennsylvania, on Harch 28, 1951.

On Revember 27, 1954 FRED T. WILKIRSON, Werden, United States Femitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, edvised the Philadelphia Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that HISS was released on that date and left secompanied by his wife, son and two attorneys, Capt TER LAME and ROBERT H. BENJAKIN. HISS was relessed on conditional relesse following the statutory allowance of time off for good behavior and will be under probation supervision until expiration of his Arred be 180 beip? full time sentence on March 21, 1956 less 105 days.

KY 105-10101 on Movember 18, 1956, T-1, of known reliability, advised that he had ascertained from PRISCILLA PIES, wife of the subject, that the subject planned to reside with his wife and his son, ARTHONY, at 22 East Eighth Street; that the EISS family had no present plans for moving to any other location. T-1 also advised that Fire. HISS indicated that her husband had no present plans for employment, however, she did indicate that the subject planned on writing a book but was not certain what the content or subject matter but was not certain what the content or subject matter would be. According to T-1, Mrs. HISS stated that as far as she knew, the subject had not written snything while he was confined to prison.

T-1 advised that he had ascertained that Ars. HIES wes under the care of an aged female paychistrist at Ealtimore, Karyland, and that her son, ANTHONY, was under the care of a psychiatrist in New York and was attending the Dalton School et New York City.

on December 8, 1954, T-2, of known reliebility, edvised that while en route to New York City on a Pennsylvenia Reilroad Train from Weshington, D.C. on December 6, 195h, T-2 had observed Light HISS aboard this train. T-2 advised that he first chaerwed RISS shortly after the train left Philedelphis, Pennsylvenis, and that HISS was seated in the smeking section of a south with his hat and cost removad. According to T-2, HISS was carrying a brief case.

On December 8, 1954, T-1 edvised that on December 7, 1954 HISS had gone to Belsimore, Karyland, with the approval of his probation efficer to visit his aged mother and had remained there overnight returning on December 8, 1954

T-1 advised on December 13, 1954 that HIES had received a tentative offer from the publishing firm of Doubledey Boren, Incorporated, New York City. The nate The nature of this effer was that HIES would receive a salary of approximately \$1,000 per summ for a period of two years, during which time he would write a book concerning his triel and conviction. If the book were successful, there would be a readjustment of the contract, and HISS would receive

Same and the state of

18101 commissions based on the number of sales of the book and would receive an advence on a proposed second book. Tel edvised that HIBS had also indicated that he had received a tentative offer from the American Priends Service Committee, 20 South 12th Street, Philadelphie, Pennsylvania. HISS claimed to have advised this organization on international affeirs over the years and indicated that the tentative offer was to set as a consultant on United Rations matters, international affairs and prison welfare. HISS further indicated, according to T-1, that he might do some work for the Mational Council of Christian Churches because of his friendship with the following individuels:

Dr. WALTER ROSVELL BARRES WALTER W. VAR EIRE Dr. HARRY H. PUSDICH.

According to Tol, HISS plans to be in contact with the following individuals in the edures of the next Ion months:

Rev. DUARE WEEVIL Ward Homesterd haplewood, Kew Jersey whom HISS described as an old family friend who married the KIESES.

J. KELLOGO SETTH Chestertown, heryland.

It is noted that HISS indicated that he plans to wisit SMITH in January, 1955. J. RELLOGG SMITH appeared as a defense witness at both trials of ALGER HISS.

Dr. OTIS RICE, no address given, who is believed by 7-1 to be a prison chaplain of the Episcopel Church and with whom hiss desires to discuss problems of a cheplain.

CHEETER T. LANE Hynok, Hew York Attorney of record for HISS

Dr. VIOLA BERRARD Myeck, New York Not further identified.

received unsolicited gifts since his release totalling \$23
from persons unknown to him including a check of \$10 from
from persons unknown to him including a check of \$13 in NY 105-10101 en individual in Veneruels, South Americs, and \$13 in miscelleneous each. HISS indicated he had borrousd \$100 miscelleneous each. HISS indicated he had borrousd \$100 from an sunt, ARRA HISS; that his mother gave him \$25 and that another relative, LILLIAN HISS, had given him \$25. that another relative, LILLIAN HISS, had given him \$25. Itself and the him \$25. Itself and the heart him \$200... Fell advised that he will law School had sent him \$200... Fell advised that he will Les School had sent him \$200. Fel advised that he will endeavor to obtain further information concerning EIBS finences and sources of income.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION 12 13 15 5

	FEDERAL BUREAU C	OF INVESTIGATION
REPORT I	MADE AV DATE WHEN L/12,21 1955 20;6/9. ISCILLA FANSLER HOBSON HISS, WAS	10.13/5 CHARACTER OF CAME
sync is he Hi	staying on at 22 East 28th Street and because it is conveniently wants his son, TOWY, to consider and expenditures for the Engage and expenditures for the Eng	husbands has made it known that he
1	defense. ZTAILS: On May 20, 1955, T-1 who conducts persons egent for a London publishing ho Ltd., 317 Madison Avenue, acted Ltd., 317 Madison Avenue, acted Aullins and Company Publishers Aullins and Company Publishers 2,000 pounds for a story to be come to approximately \$5,600.00 come to approximately \$5,600.00	a member of a government agency sel investigations stated that an ouse, specifically. Curtis-Eroum, on behalf of ALGER EISS with the in London and received an offer of written by ALGER HISS. This would written by ALGER HISS. This would send would result in a net of ference going toward agent's fees. It is for approximately two years o live for approximately two years agrains with Doubleday-Doran agrains.
	SHEAR MADE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
TO DESTRICT SOUTH AND	S - Bureau (100=376016) (RM) 3 - Hew York (65-15867)	JUL 15 1955 INTERNAL SECURITY DIV.
	PROPERTY OF FEE-THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONT. TO WHICH LOANED.	ENTS A LOAKED TO YOU BY THE FOLKED THE

BY 65-15867

proposes that the story will deal with the "inability of a proposes that the story will don't be jury system as a method person to get a fair trial" or "the jury system as a method of arriving at the truth." HISS stated that he is undecided or arriving at the truth. MIND stated that he is uncertical as to just which of these he will choose; however, he feels sure that it will have to do with these related subjects. This source advised that the majority of hiss's time is taken up with research in the newspaper branch of the New York Library, and as of the date of this interview, May 20, 1955. he was greatly concerned about his financial condition. inquired of HISS if he could justify paying \$138.00 a month for rent in view of the fact that his own income is rather limited. HISS stated that he was maintaining this spartment in spite of his financial difficulties primarily because of his wife's (PRISCILIA) health. He stated that she was physically run-down due to the nervous strain caused by his imprisonment and the subsequent publicity as a result of his release, and he feels that in keeping her in this apartment which is convenient for her business, it would be to his

advantage. The state of the HISS advised T-1 that he had succeeded in placing his son TONY in the Putney School at Putney, Vermont, feels that inesmuch as he is at a very-impressionable age, he would like to have him remember their present apartment as his home. Ee felt that by moving away at this time it would deprive his son of an essential recollection necessary to a boy's total growth. HISS stated that his income for the month of March, including anonymous gifts and his wife's salary, amounted to \$175.00; his outgo was \$366.00. For the month of ipril his earnings amounted to \$190.00, which included \$270.00 (\$300.00 less 10 per cent) for a magazine article which was to appear in the Centerban is the C which was to appear in the September issue of "Focketbook, Magazine" dealing with the Yalta Conference. His wife's, selery amounted to \$160.00 and anonymous gifts totaled \$60.00. for a total of \$490.00. His outgo during the same period was \$382.00 and according to T-1, this is the first time since ALGER HISS's release that he is working "in the black."

in 1939, became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Field Enterprises, Incorporated, in 1944, which corporation is controlled primarily by Marshall Field of Chicago. MARSHALL FIELD is listed as Chairman of the Board of this corporation, according to the records of the Gredit Bureau of Greater and the same New York. West & San State

A Marie Barrier Barra Algebras

THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA SCALE ALLE AND SO SE MAN AND SO SE ED NITS ROCATION IN ST TO BOTH SO STATES THE person to fee a first friends. Entrant Charles and Aller . - - - -On April 12, 1955, T-2, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised SA WILLIAM P. CONLEY of the KY 65-15867 following! This information supplied by T-2 is not to be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

conversation with HISS, ALGER HISS informed him that while he was in the penitentiary he had come into a legacy smounting to £10,000.00 as a result of the death of an aunt on the HIGS side of the family. According to HISS, his wife deposited this amount in a savings account, and in addition, while he was in the penitentiary, two bonds of \$1,000.00 spiece matured; his wife spent one, and the other was likewise deposited to this account. HISS explained that these bonds represented contributions given to him by various sources at the time contributions given to him by various sources at the time of his trial. Concerning the \$10,000.00 legacy, HISS stated that he had two sunts, one of whom died some years back and her estate was left to the other sunts. Upon the death of the second sunts, he received the total walne of their estate the second aunt, he received the total value of their estate. T-1 did not know if this \$10,000.00 legacy constituted & portion of the estate, the remainder being split up smong HISS's immediate family or if he himself received the entire share of the ostate.

HISS further stated that during the first week of June, 1955, he received from the publishing firm in England the sum of \$5,111.00. This constituted the net receipts on the unfinished book mentioned above. HISS went on to state to Tal that since his release from jail he has received various smonymous contributions from various people throughout the country and these he has been unable to return. T-1 stated that these contributions amounted to small \$1.00 and \$2.00 offerings. Except for these, EISS has received no outside aid other than from his brother and sister; however, since

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the receipt in April of the sum of \$300.00 from "Pocketbook Exgezine," he has refused to accept any gratuities from his backhar of states. HY 65-15867 brother or sister. However, HISS did mention that there is one gift he still receives weekly from his sister. This comes in the form of a "thick steak" delivered every Thursday to the HISS apartment from a local butcher shop which is the result of a standing order placed by his sister in Texas.
According to HISS, this is being done by his sister because since his release from jail he has lost eleven pounds brought on by anxiety and worry for the future of his family, and his sister is using this as a means of building him up physically sister is using this as a means of building him up physically sister is using this as a means of building him up physically.
T-1 stated that HISS has informed him all of his clothes are statements relative to his financial status, HISS stated that he has a paid-up \$5,000.00 Mutual Life Insurance policy secondhand and gifts from various friends. and that his present worth at this time runs in the neighborhood of \$17,000.00.

T-2 stated that HISS contemplated visiting various individuals during the summer of 1955 but has been denied:
permission by the Parole Board to visit the following persons
and places. He stated there was an individual by the name
of MOSEPH RIMMERGUAL who is amplicated by Galaci France. of JOSEPH BLUMENTHAL who is employed by Spiral Fress, Incorporated, who has a home in Cornwall, Connecticut. He stated that Mrs. ELUMENTHAL is a member of the same Guaker Kanting of the Mrs. ELUMENTHAL is a member of the same Guaker Kanting of the Mrs. ETTER The other individual is Mr. WILLIAM PRINCE who has a son, JERRY PRINCE, attending the Dalton School along with his son, TONY. HISS stated that JERSY PRINCE is attending a cram course in preparation for his contact that Jersy Canada and Canada an entering the Riverdale School in the fall and as a result HISS has offered to allow JERRY PRINCE to stay at their home during the summer while his parents are in Roxbury, Connecticut. HISS's request to the Parole Board to vist these two places was turned down inasmuch as they are outside the jurisdiction of the Parole District. Rowever, he has received permission to stay at the home of PRISCILLA HISS's ex-sister-in-law, one Mrs. JOHN ALFORD, who has a farm in Chatham, New York (Columbia County). He intends to spend the years of the process o two weeks at this place possibly from July 30 to August 13, 1955, or from July 22 to August 6 or 7, 1955. This home is actually located in East Chatham and is listed under the name Mrs. Julia FAKSLER.

information in the past, advised that the son of ALGER HISS, TONY, had been accepted as a student at the Putney School, Putney, Vermont, and that he would be in attendance at the school as of September, 1955. This same source advised that

ST 65-15867

en individual named FERRY (phonetic), in all probability ELIKORE FERRY, 41 Claremont Avenue, New York, drove the HISS family from New York City to Putney, Vermont, and while there stayed at the home of one CARCL EROWN. This trip was made in a New York registered vehicle, SUB 4514 (55).

known as FLINORE KIRSTEIN, at one time was employed by the Tass News Agency and in 1951 made a trip to England for the purpose of obtaining evidence for the defense of ALGER HISS who was then preparing arguments in an attempt to secure a who was then preparing arguments in an attempt to secure new trial subsequent to his conviction in a District Court, Southern District of New York.

The records of the Motor Vehicle Eureau, New York City, indicate that the car mentioned above is registered to JOSEPH LASH, 245 West 11th Street and is a 1952 rord, color green and tan.

An article in the March 10, 1946, issue of the "New York Journal-American" stated, "One of the Reds named by the Sub-Committee was Lt. JOSEPH LASH, active leader of the 1936-1937 Peace Strike in American colleges and close friend of Krs. ELENORE RODSEVELT, whose application for a commission in Naval Intelligence, reportedly endorsed by commission in Naval Intelligence, reportedly endorsed by Krs. ROOSEVELT, was turned down in 1942 after the Navy found that LASH attended highly secret Young Communist League that LASH attended highly secret Young Communist League that LASH attended highly secret Young Communist League that LASH and worked closely with the Reds to carry out meetings and had worked closely with the Reds to carry out their policies. LASH had a number of important Army positions, their policies. LASH had a number of important Army positions. This article refers to an expose by the "New York Journal-This article refers to an expose by the "New York Journal-American" indicating individuals with Communist affiliations american in high positions in the Army.

The Young Communist League has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

on June 13, 1955, T-1 was again contacted at which time he advised that in a recent conversation with HISS, HISS informed him that his efforts to secure a position as a lecturer at the New School of Social Research, New York City, lecturer at the New School of Social Research, New York City, had been unproductive. At this time he further went on had been unproductive. At this time he further went on regarding HISS, health stating HISS advised him that his loss

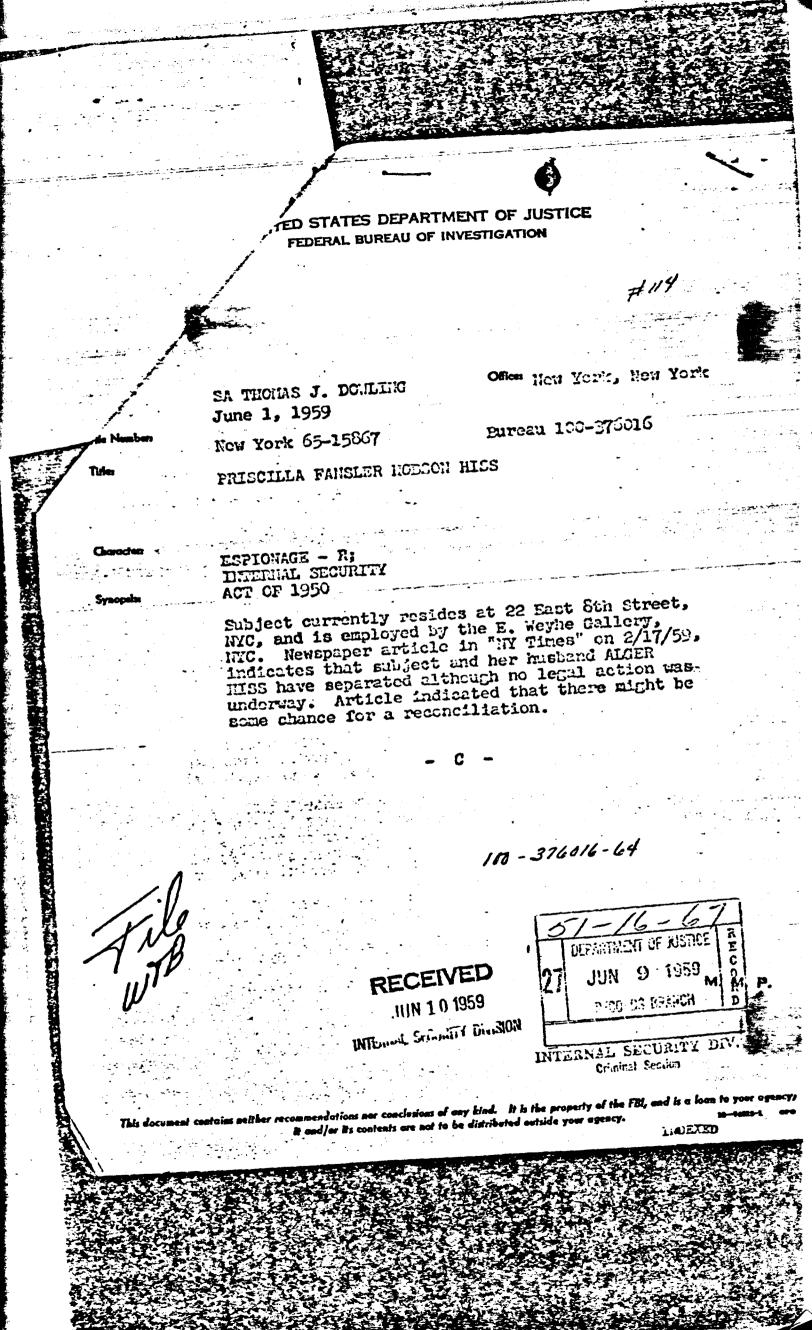
Taga Lang Agan a guid and a saint ad At 18 to be pointed out that This there is the town of the training the series of the training the series of the training the series of the series o THESE ENGRACES AND HOME OF OLS CAROL ENGREENESS ENGREENESS ENGREENESS (SELLENGES) 27 65-25367

in weight and failing health has been brought about by a psychosomatic reaction" caused by worry over finances and et 65-15867 payernaumatic reaction caused by worry over liminute and his wife's health. However, he feels that since the receipt of the moneys for his two articles, his position has been bettered and that his wife's health will show a vest improvement. T-1 continued stating that on June 10, 1955 he received a telephone call from an individual who identified himself as TED TATES. VATES wanted the home telephone number of HISS. inamuch as he was going to ask HISS to appear on the radio show with and Jinzas on the eve of the San Prencisco UN Amiversary celebration. YATES stated that this interview would be conducted in a serious water than the process of the serious would be conducted in a serious water than the process of the serious would be conducted in a serious water than the serious would be conducted in a serious water than the amiversely comparion. IAIDS stated time this interview at be conducted in a serious rein trying to get HISS reactions concerning the present status of the UII in relation to the original intent at its founding in San Prancisco in 1945.

T-I stated that he contacted HISS and that at first PISS showed little interest, however, he subsequently contacted T-1 and advised him that after consulting with his attorney, CHESTER LAME, he was willing to proceed with the progrema According to HISS, he, HISS, and a friend of his whose name T-I did not obtain, who is a member of the imerican Delegation to the UN or an employee of the UN, and a very close friend of HISS, will be on the progrem with TEX MICRARY.

on the air efter having been pre-recorded on the night of June 20th, however, it was HISS! desire that the show go on the night of June 25. Plans are still in the formative stage and as soon as any information is forthcoming, T-1 will advise the New York office.

to the effect that HISS had been fined \$3. in Magistrate's Court, Wew York City, for playing baseball on a restricted area in a public park. On June 9, 1955, Tel advised that HISS had been entertaining his son, TONY and one of TONY'S schoolmates and this playing ball in a restricted area in Washington Square Park. he had been ordered by a police officer to stay off the grass. FISS complied and proceeded to play bell on the adjoining sidewalk. The police officer returned and issued a summons
HISS for playing baseball in a restricted section. HISS subsequently appeared in Magistrate's Court and paid his fine.



FEDERAL EUREAU OF INVESTIG . TICH DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE STATES

NY 65-15857

DETAILS:

on May 19, 1959, MY T-1 Edviced that FRISCILLA HISS resides at 22 East 8th Street, New York City.

on Kay 21, 1959, a telephonic inquiry was made to the E. Weyhe Gallery, New York City, at which time a request was made to speak to Mrs. HISS. Mrs. HISS was not then available, however, it was noted that she would be available when she THE PARK WELL reported for work later in the day.

The New York Times" a metropolitan New York newspaper in its late city edition on February 17, 1959, carried the following articles

"Hiss and Wife Part After 30 Years; No Legal Move Set"

"Alger Hiss and his wif Priscilla, who stood together through his two sensational perjury trials, are now living apart.

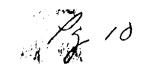
The former State Department officer, now a comb-manufacturing executive, and his wife declined them. to comment yesterday but Hr. Hiss' lawyers said they had been informed "as friends" of the separation two weeks ago. They said no legal action was underway

"The Hisses were married in 1929. They have a ...
17 year old son, and Mrs. Hiss has a 32 year old son. by a first marriage, which ended in divorce. Mrs. Hiss is still occupying their apartment at 22 East 8th Street and some friends said there was a chance for reconciliation.

"Mr. Hiss served forty-four months in prison for answering "never" when asked before a Grand Jury did you or Mrs. Hiss in your presence turn over State Department documents to a confessed commist spy courier. The Federal Government charged that he had turned over such documents in 1938. Mr. Hiss was freed 111, **1**954"

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Inventory Workshoot FD-503 (2-18-77)



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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	Actual	Released	
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

4115

Copy to:

Report of

THOMAS J. DOWLING

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Office New York, New York

Dete: 11/25/60

Field Office File No.: 65-15867

Bureau File No.: 100-376016

Thie

PRISCILLA FANSLER HOBSON HISS

Characters

ESPIONAGE - R INTERNAL SECURITY ACT, 1950

Synopsis:

Subject continues to reside at 22 East 8th
Street, NY, NY. Subject is currently employed
by Pantheon Books, Inc., 333 Avenue of the Americas,
NY 12, NY. Information developed through:
confidential informant re Pantheon Books, Inc.,
set forth.

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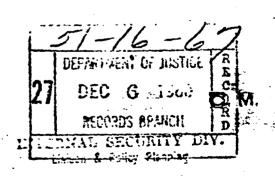
100-376016-68

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RECEIVED

DEC 7 1960

INTERNAL SECURITY DECISION



This document contains neither recommendations now conclusions of the FBL. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned in your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

The Levineral of Interpretation

NY 65-15867

DETAILS:

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Residence

PRISCILLA FANSLER HOESON HISS, according to NY T-1, who furnished the information on September 20, 1960, continues to reside at 22 East 8th Street, New York, New York,

On November 21, 1960, Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed the subject leave her residence at 22 East 8th Street, New York, New York.

Employment

On September 2, 1960, a non-specific telephone inquiry made to the E. Weyhe Gallery at 794 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York, established that the subject is no longer employed by this firm.

On October 21, 1960, Special Agents of the FBI observed the subject depart her residence at 22 East 8th Street, New York, New York, at approximately 9:03 a.m., and proceed via taxicab to 333 Avenue of the Americas, New York City. She entered this address at 9:13 a.m.

observed the subject enter the building located at 333 Avenue of the Americas and enter an elevator. She was observed to leave the elevator at the 10th floor.

It was established that among other firms occupying offices on the 10th floor of 333 Avenue of the Americas, is the firm, Pantheon Books, Incorporated.

a non-specific telephone call made to Pantheon Books, Incorporated, established that the subject had not arrived at the office as of that time, but that she could be reached after 9:30 a.m.

to furnish information concerning business firms operating in the New York City area, furnished information which was current as of June, 1960, concerning Pantheon Books, Incorporated,

NY 65-15867

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A THE SECOND OF

According to this information, the following are the officers of this corporation:

KYRILL SCHABERT

President and Treasurer

KURT WOLFF

Vice President and Editor

HELEN WOLFF

Vice President

JOHN LEWIS

Secretary

The Directors of this corporation were indicated as

follows:

KYRILL SCHABERT
KURT WOLFF
JOHN LEWIS
JAMES W. LANE
BEATRICE LEVAL
NATHAN LEVINE
RAYMOND FRANKEL
ROBERT WEINBERG

According to NY T-2, this corporation was chartered under New York State laws on February 26, 1942, as a new business. The corporation publishes a general line of trade booksen including non-fiction and fiction. In addition, the corporation derives a good portion of its income from its activities whereby it is retained by the Bollinger Foundation as co-publishers.

It was noted by NY T-2 that for the fiscal year ending April 30, 1959, the sales volume of the firm increased considerably over that of the preceding year which was attributed to a best seller being handled by the firm which sold over 600,000 copies during that year. The name of this book was "Dr. Zhivago".

with regard to the officers of the corporation, NY T-2 noted that KYRILL SCHABERT was born in Europe in 1908. He became an officer of the instant corporation at the time of its inception, and prior to that for a period of ten years he had been employed by GUSTAV STAPLER, an economist with offices at 52 Wall Street, New York, New York.

NY 65-15867

According to NY T-2, KURT WOLFF was born in Germany in 1906, and was in the publishing line prior to coming to the United States in 1940. HELEN WOLFF, according to NY T-2, is the wife of KURT WOLFF and assists in the general management of the corporation.

The state of the s

JOHN LEWIS, according to NY T-2, is an attorney by profession and is a member of the law firm of Weill, Gotschal, and Manges, 60 East 42nd Street, New York, New York.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York

Proceedings and the control of the c

Priscilla Fansler Hobson Hiss Title

Espionage - R Character Internal Security Act, 1950 Internal Security Act, 1950

Reference is made to the report of Special and Captioned as above.

Agent Thomas J. Dowling, at New York, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

NY T-2 is an informant, who is in a position to furnish information of a reliable nature concerning business firms and their officers operating in the New York City area.

> DEC 7 1250 INTERNAL SECURITY DESCRIPTION

100-2668-407, is a letterhead memo dated March 10, 1961.

We asserted (b) (7) (D) to protect the identity of an individual that furnished the FBI information with assurance of confidentiality. The deletions appear in the first paragraph tiality. The deletions appear in the first paragraph of page 1 and second full paragraph of page 2. We asserted of page 1 and second full paragraph on page

(b) (7) (C) for the denial of the entire paragraph on page 2 to protect information of a private nature of a third party.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

#116

In Reply, Please Refer to

New York, New York March 10, 1961

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF

Re: Alger Hiss

Lerman a tenant at the above address is renting a portion of her apartment to Alger Hiss in as much as it has come to

of her apartment to Alger Hiss in as much as it has come this attention that Alger Hiss is receiving mail at this address in care of Mrs. Lerman.

It is noted that the reverse telephone directory for Manhattan indicates that Sonia Lerman resides at 282 West Fourth Street, New York, New York.

On February 17, 1961, a Special Agent of the Rederal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) at approximately 8:50 a.m., observed Alger Hiss leaving the address, 282 West Fourth Street. On the same date, Alger Hiss was observed by a Special Agent of the FBI to enter the premises of Davison-Bluth, Incorporated, 158 Fifth Avenue, New York, at approximately 9:30 a.m. It is noted that prior investigation has shown that Alger Hiss is employed by the firm of Davison-Bluth, Incorporated.

It is noted that NY T-1 on August 8, 1944 advised that Sonia Lerman, wife of Louis Lerman, was registered in 1944 in the Greenwich Village Group of the Communist Party, First and Second Assemby District Section, Manhattan, New York. She was registered on March 19, 1944, and held Communist Party number 9084.

With regard to Louis Lerman, the husband of Sonia Lerman, it is noted that NY T-2, NY T-3, NY T-4 and NY T-5 all advised that the catalogues of Jefferson School of Social Science from September, 1946 through the Fall term of 1948, advised that Louis Lerman was a faculty member of that same institution.

NY T-6 on May 13, 1947, advised that a regular meeting of the Thomas Jefferson Section of the Tom Payne Club of the Communist Party of the State of New York

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ESTERNAL CECURITY DELICION

FILE - PCV

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Criminal Section

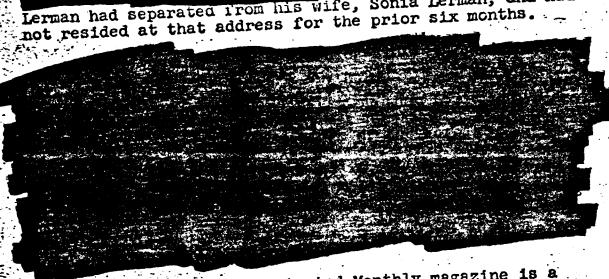
DEB TO STATE

Re: Alger Hiss

located at 201 West 72nd Street, Room 216, a discussion was led by Louis Lerman of the Jefferson School of Social Science. During the discussion, "Marx-Contemporary Artist" Science. During the discussion, "Marx-Contemporary Artist" and at one time Lerman eulogized on "progressive writers" and at one time stated "Just as the Artists of the French Revolution spoke for, favored and defended the Revolution---just as they for, favored and defended the Revolution---just as they fought Napoleon Bonaparte--so do we Communists now defend fought Napoleon Bonaparte--so do we Communists now defend the Government of the USSR." It is noted that the Jefferson School of Social Science is an organization which has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Communist Party, USA, is an organization which has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On November 4, 1957, advised that Mr. Louis Lerman had separated from his wife, Sonia Lerman, and had



The "USSR" Illustrated Monthly magazine is a publication of the Soviet Embassy, Washington, D.C.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

#117

THOMAS J. DOWLING

Rew York, New Yor

10/30/61

Hew York 55-15367

100-376016 Eureau File No.:

PRISCILLA FAMSLER HOBSON

HISS

espionage - R;

INTERNAL SECURITY ACT, 1950

Subject continues to reside at 22 East Eighth Street, NY, KY, and to be employed by John Day and Commany, Incorporated, Publishers, at 210 Midison Avenue,

MY, NY.

DETAILS:

Residence

PRISCILLA FANSLER HISS, on September 22, 1961, was observed by a Special Agent (SA) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), leave her residence at 22 East Eighth Street, New York, New York.

Employment

On April 5, 1951, observation of the subject by a SA of the FEI established that she was employed by the John Day Company, Incorporated, Publishers, at 210 Madison Avenue, New York City.

I'DHALL 10-376016-69

FLOV 9 4091

er conclusions of any kind. It is the property of the FBI, This document contains neither recommen It and/or its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Secret of:

Date

File Number:

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NY 65-15867

On September 22, 1961, observation of the subject ty a SA of the FEI established that the subject continues to be employed by the John Day Company, Incorporated, Publishers, 210 Madison Avenue, New York, New York.

united states government

Memorandum

To : The Attorney General

FROM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: ALGER HISS

INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

DATE: April 3, 1962

John Har Bally and Mark

The Washington "Evening Star" for April 2, 1962, contained an article indicating that the book written by former Vice President Nixon contained statements to the effect that FBI Agents found the typewriter which was the subject of dispute in connection with the perjury trial of Alger Hiss and that the FBI had typed copies of the incriminating documents which had been presented as exhibits to members of the grand jury. The article stated that a spokesman for Mr. Nixon had indicated that these statements were in error.

For your information, the following are the facts in this matter:

Alger Hiss before the House Committee on Un-American
Activities. Hiss at that time denied furnishing inforactivities. Hiss at that time denied furnishing information to Chambers and dared Chambers to state outside
mation to Chambers and dared Chambers to state outside
made such statements on August 27, 1948, and Hiss then filed
an action against Chambers for libel and slander. In pretrial
proceedings on November 17, 1948, Chambers produced typewritten
documents and handwritten notes containing information from the
files of the Department of State which he said he received from
Hiss in 1938 for clandestine passage to the Russians. In
December, 1948, Hiss was indicted for perjury by a Federal
grand jury in New York. A Special Agent assigned to the FBI
Laboratory testified before the grand jury that some of the
Laboratory testified before the grand jury that some of the
typewritten documents which had been presented by Chambers
typewritten documents which had been presented by investigation located in the interim.

This Bureau never had possession of the disputed typewriter. It was recovered from Ira W. Lockey in Washington, D. C., on April 16, 1949, by Hiss attorney.

101-2668

101-2668-430

The Attorney General

The FBI did not know it had been found until May 14, 1949, did not have access to it and did not take any specimens from it in connection with the grand jury proceedings in 1948. Hiss was tried in United States District Court in New York from May 31, to July 8, 1949. After the Government New York from May 31, to July 8, 1949. After the Government rested its case, the Hiss defense introduced the typewriter rested its case, the Hiss defense introduced the typewriter in the possession in the early months of 1938 when it in his possession in the early months of 1938 when Chambers allegedly obtained the documents from Hiss. The Chambers allegedly obtained the documents from Hiss. The Jury disagreed as to a verdict, and a second trial was held from November 17, 1949, to January 21, 1950, after which Hiss was found guilty. Between the two trials the Assistant United States Attorney, Thomas F. Murphy, obtained a court United States Attorney, Thomas F. Murphy, obtained a court typewriter which had been impounded at the end of the first typewriter which had been impounded at the end of this Bureau trial. On October 21, 1949, a Special Agent of this Bureau trial. On October 21, 1949, a Special Agent of this Bureau trial. On October 21, 1949, a Special Agent of this Bureau trial. On October 21, 1949, had been presented by Whittaker with some of the documents which had been presented by Whittaker Chambers and were found to have been prepared on the same typewriter. However, testimony to this effect was not utilized in the second trial.

It is clear that Hiss took advantage of all legal procedures. He appealed his conviction to the United States Court of Appeals, Second Circuit, which denied the appeal Court of Appeals, and on January 3, 1951, denied a petition December 7, 1950, and on January 3, 1951, denied a petition for a rehearing of the appeal. On March 12, 1951, the United States Supreme Court denied a petition for a writ of certiorari. On March 22, 1951, Hiss surrendered to the United States Marshal and was committed.

On January 24, 1952, Hiss' attorneys filed a motion for a new trial on the basis of "newly discovered evidence" which in substance indicated that it was possible to build a replica of a typewriter and that the typewriter introduced by the defense in the first trial was such a replica constructed to falsely incriminate Hiss. This replica constructed to falsely incriminate Hiss. This replica constructed to falsely incriminate Hiss.

The Attorney General

July 22, 1952, and the Court commented that a jury could not reasonably find that Chambers had constructed a duplicate typewriter in the three months between the date of the Congressional hearing in August, 1948, and the production of the documents on November 17, 1948, by Chambers. The Court also noted that the handwritten documents produced by Chambers were admittedly in Hissi handwriting.

a new trial, the late Assistant Director of the FBI Earl J. Connelley, at the request of the United States Attorney, Connelley, at the request of the United States Attorney, prepared an affidavit which was made a part of the Government's answer to the motion and which set forth that the FBI had not had possession of any typewriter believed or considered to be the Woodstock typewriter owned by the Hiss family and had never had any information regarding the existence of any Woodstock typewriter owned by the Hiss family other any Woodstock typewriter owned by the defense during than the one entered into evidence by the defense during the first trial. It was further stated that the FBI had not at any time sought information as to any other Woodstock typewriter.

The United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit on January 30, 1953, denied Hiss' appeal from the denial of the motion for a new trial. On April 27, 1953, the Supreme Court again denied a petition for a writ of certiorari. At the same time a separate order disbarred Hiss from practice before the Supreme Court of the United States. On November 27, 1954, Hiss after serving this sentence less time off for good behavior was released from prison.

1 - Deputy Attorney General

THOMAS J. DOWLING

Office New York, New York

FUC 17 1838 65-15876

TECEIVE! eau File & 100-376016

Field Office File #

PRISCILLA FANSLER HOBSON HISS

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SECURITY CASICE

ESPIONAGE - RUSSIA; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT, 1950

Subject continues to reside at 22 East 8th Street, Subject is currently employed at Harcourt, Brace and NY, NY, World, Inc., 757 3rd Ave., NY, NY.

DETAILS:

Residence

On August 9, 1966, Special Agents (SAS) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), observed PRISCILLA HISS leave the premises located at 22 East Eighth Street, New York, New York, at 9:27 a.m. Prior investigation has established that PRISCILLA HISS maintains a residence at 22 East Eighth Street, New York, New York.

Employment

On August 9, 1966, SAS of the FBI observed PRISCILIA HISS enter the Harcourt, Brace and World, Incorporated, building located at 757 Third Avenue, New York, at 9:39 a.m. Prior investigation has established that PRISCILIA HISS is concluded by established that PRISCILLA HISS is employed by the firm Harcourt, Brace and World, Incorporated, at 757 Third Avenue, New York, New York, in the School Copy Editing Department.

10-376016-76

AUG 30 1956 14

DEPARTMENT OF

101-2668-482, is a letterhead memo dated August 4, 1967, from New York. We asserted (b) (7) (D) for the denial information which can only be made public following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

ED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Field Office File &

105-10101

101-265

ALGER HISS

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INTERNAL SECURITY - R

at 157 Fast 12th Street, New York, New York, and at 262 West 4th Street, New York, New York, and at 262 to be employed by Davison-Bluth, Inc., 30; Infayette Street, Kew York, Reu York.

DETAILS:

A. Rezidence

On Jay 24, 1:67, MY T-1 advised that he continues to see ALGER HISS visit the residence of ISABELLE JUHUSCE. at 157 East 18th Street, New York, New York. NY T-1 noted that Mr. HISS is known at this address as Mr. JOHNSON. He noted further that he does not feel that Mr. HISS resides at this address on exclusive basis as he sometimes may see him only three or four times during a given week.

101-2668-482 AUG 14 CITCENAL SECURITY

105-10101



The information made available by NY T-2 should not be rade public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

B. Employment

Cn the morning of August 2, 1907. Special Agents (SAS) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), observed AIGER HISS enter the premises occupied by Davison-Bluth, Incorporated, 306 Lafayette Street, New York, at 9:40 am. I is noted that previous investigation has established that AIGER HISS is employed by this firm as a salesman.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FE Naurile 101-2668 KYfile 105-10101 Kew York, Kew York August 4, 1367

Title

Alger Hiss

Character

Internal Security = R

is nade to report of Special Agent Thomas J. Dowling, dated and captioned as above at New York.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.



STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Hew York, Hew York March 18, 1968

8361 G S YAM

Alger Hiss Re:

CIVIL SECTION >

INTERNAL' SECURITY DIV. The "New School Bulletin," dated November 1, 1967, Volume 25, No. 4, a publication of the New School for Social Research, contained the following article entitled "A Round of Applause":

*Once the applause subsided and Alger Hiss began delivering his first lecture at The New School the evening of October 5, his audience soon forgot to look upon this man as a former controversial figure in U. S. law courts. No Rather, his presentation concerning the Depression and the roots of the New Deal was that of a scholar and practiced this torian. Indeed, Hiss first went to Washington as far back as 1929 when he was appointed law clerk to Supreme Court Justic Oliver Wendell Holmes.

"In addition to Hiss' personal experience in the Roosevelt Administration, which included positions in the Department of Agriculture, the Justice Department, and the Department of State, he has brought to his lecture series a vast amount of knowledge acquired in recent years while researching and writing a book on the New Deal.

Among the clippings is a special word of praise from the St. Lou 'The New School for Social Research merits a word of approval for scheduling four lectures on the lieu Deal by Alger Hiss, who has generally shunned the public eye since his conviction for perjury in 1950....It has been nearly 2 years since the late Whittaker Chambers, a confessed Russian years since the late Whittaker Chambers, a confessed Russian spy courier, said Mr. Hiss had passed him State Department documents (which he still denies), and Mr. Hiss thinks times documents (which he still denies), and Mr. Hiss thinks times Post-Dispatch: may have changed sufficiently to permit him a somewhat more normal life CiAt, any rate ha has paid the price for the crime which he was convicted and should not be harassed further. This document confidence neither recommendations number of the file. noperation les ionsice

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THRNAL SEASEITY

KAR 25 1968

ESTIMB STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL DURLAU OF INVESTIGATION Washington, D. C. 20535

March 19, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

ALGER HISS INTERNAL SECURITY - R

The records of the Passport Office pertaining to subject were again examined on March 14, 1968, by a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, for information concerning his latest application for passport.

Alger Hiss, 401 West 118th Street, Apartment 41, New York, New York, filed application for passport March 1, 1968, at New York City. He requested the passport be mailed care Davison-Bluth, Incorporated, 295 port based to Subject Harch 1, 1968.

In the application Hiss indicated his intention to depart the port of New York about April 25, 1968, via the "S. S. France" for three weeks visit, pleasure and professional, to England, Belgium, Spain, and perhaps Holland and France.

Subject listed his date of birth as Movember 11, 1904, at Baltimore, Maryland, and identified his parents as Charles Alger Hiss, born 1864, at Baltimore, Maryland, and Mary Lavinia Hughes, born 1867, also at Baltimore, Maryland. Subject was last married December 11, 1929, to Priscilla Subject was last married December 13, 1903, at Evanston, Fansler Hobson who was born October 13, 1903, at Evanston, Illinois. Hiss listed his son, Anthony Hiss, 163 Waverly Illinois. New York City, as the person to notify in event of death or accident.

101-2668-489

Re: ALGER HISS

In the passport application subject was described as follows: height, six feet; eyes, blue; hair, brown; occupation, salesman and author-lecturer.

Passport photograph submitted with this latest application is available.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUS FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1-Secret Service, NYC (RK)

Report of

THOMAS J. DOWLING

Offices

New York, New York

2/25/69

65-15867

Bureau File #: 100-376016

Field Office File \$1

PRISCILLA FANSLER HOBSON HISS

ESPIONAGE-R;

INTERNAL SECURITY ACT,

Subject continues to reside at 22 East 8th Street NY, NY. Subject is currently unemployed.

P#

DETAILS:

A. Residence

On February 6, 1969, C. SWAN, Assistant Superintendent, 22 East 8th Street, New York, New York, advised that PRISCILLA HISS continues to occupy an apartment at this address.

B. Employment

Prior investigation established that as of July, 1968, PRISCILLA HISS was employed at Harcourt, Brace and World, Incorporated, at 757 Third Avenue, New York, New York. World, Incorporated, at non-specific telephone inquiry made of On November 21, 1963, a non-specific telephone inquiry made of Harcourt, Brace and World, Incorporated, established that the subject is no longer associated with this firm. It is noted that on October 30, 1063, PRISCILLA HISS became 65 years of that on October 30, 1063, PRISCILLA HISS became 65 that on October 30, 1963, PRISCILLA HISS became 65 years of age and, therefore, entitled to maximum pension benefits under Social Security.

6 1069 MAR

the property of the FBF and is loan conclusions of the FBI. This document contains neither recommendations Criminal Section

NY 65-15867 8:00 a.m., a "New York Times" with the name HISS printed 8:00 a.m., a "New York Times" with the name HISS printed thereon, was observed in the vestibule at 22 East 8th Street, New York, New York. The mailbox bearing the name HISS New York, New York. The mailbox bearing the name HISS in the vestibule at the same address was noted to have mail contained therein. At 9:30 a.m., January 23, 1969, the newspaper was removed from the vestibule and the mail newspaper was removed from the vestibule and the mail was no longer in the HISS mailbox. During the period of time was no longer in the HISS mailbox. PRISCILLA HISS was not observed from 8:00 a.m. until 9:30 a.m., PRISCILLA HISS was not observed to leave the premises. to leave the premises. 22 East 8th Street, New York City, advised that he coes not believe that PRISCILLA HISS is currently employed. He noted that he has observed her in the building on a number of that he has observed her in the building on a number of occasions during what would normally be regular business

FD-304 (Rev. 3-8-

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

#90

Report of:

THOMAS J. DOWLLING

Officer New York, New York

11/2/52 Field Office File Nos New York 65-15967

Bureau File No.: 100-376016

Title:

PRISCILLA FANSLER HOBSON

espionage_r; DITERIAL SECURITY ACT, 1950

Subject continues to reside at 22 East Eighth Street, NY, NY. Subject is currently employed at Harcourt Prace and World, Inc., Publishers, 750 Third Avenue, MY, MY.

DITAILS:

100-376016-70

Residencet

priscilla Fansled HISS, on October 24, 1952, was observed by Special Agents of the Federal Eureau of Investigation (VII) leaving her residence at 22 East Eighth Street, New York, liew York, at approximately 3:54 a.m.

NO/1 5 1952 INTERIEAL SECURITY DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE NOY 16 1962 H20258 201 1075